THE WEATHER.
Local showers Sunday; Monday partly cloudy, probably showers on the coast, moderate south winds becoming variable.

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SENATE WRANGLE OVER THE TARIFF

Proposed Appropriation to Investigate Law Causes Discussion.

WAS MARKED BY POLITICS

Senator Clay Flays Tariff in Sharp Democratic Speech, While Senator Aldrich Defended the Present Law.

Washington, June 11.—The tariff question again occupied the attention of the Senate throughout today and the discussion was not concluded. The subject came up in connection with the provision on the Sundry civil appropriation bill providing a fund of $250,000 with which to enable the President to investigate the operation of the present tariff law. The discussion was participated in by a large number of Senators and took a wide range, which everybody understood to be largely colored by political conditions.

Senator Clay opened the ball with a sharp Democratic speech charging that the measure was intended to delude the insurgent Republicans into the belief that there was to be another revision of the tariff, which he tried to prove by several Republican Senators with some measure of success. He was supported by Senator Bailey, of Texas. They succeeded in bringing Senator Aldrich into the controversy with the result that he made a defense of the present law.

Senator Clay, of Georgia, said that the Republicans must win or lose in the next election in defending the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill.

"They are compelled to defend it," he said. "It is their bill and the President says it is the best bill that ever was put on the statute books." Senator Gallinger said he agreed with Mr. Clay that in the elections this Fall the Republican party would be compelled to defend the present tariff and stand or fall in the defense.

Mr. Aldrich remarked that he admired the facility with which Mr. Clay undertook to decide the attitude of the Republican Senators toward the tariff.

"I think that the American people are better advised than they are," responded Mr. Clay.

Mr. Aldrich dissented.

"If the Senator will keep his eyes open he will find that I am right" persisted Mr. Clay.

"I not only keep my eyes open, but I keep my ears open," replied Mr. Aldrich. "If the Senator expects the American people to disown the policy of protection he is greatly mistaken. There never has been a time when the public was more devoted to that policy than now as the recent elections have shown."

Mr. Aldrich expressed his conviction that for the present there would be no further revision. He explained why he wanted the proposed investigation into the operation of the tariff.

"I want to show," he said, "how groundless were the charges made last year against the present law. So far as I am concerned the inquiry cannot be too wide, and I am sure that it will justify the votes that were cast for the bill. If the investigation goes on it will bring dismay and defeat to those who have been characterizing the bill in a manner to discredit."

Mr. Clay declared the provision to be purely political.

"Would the Senator from Georgia be in favor of a revision of the tariff if his party should be in power two years or four years hence?" asked Mr. Aldrich.

"I would be if my party was in power and we could have a revision along revenue lines," said Mr. Clay.

Mr. Aldrich asked Mr. Clay whether he thought his party had information enough for a revision.

Mr. Clay suggested that the Democratic party had shown intelligence enough in the past to revise the tariff.

"Yes, to the country's loss" interjected Mr. Aldrich, adding: "I hope we will be spared such an experience in the future."

Mr. Clay said that the Republican party had recently revised the tariff, "to the country's loss, and some of the members of the Republican party hold the same opinion."

"But their number is rapidly diminishing," said Mr. Aldrich.

"My information is that the number is increasing" responded Mr. Clay. He added, however, that he had no wish to discuss party rows.

Mr. Bailey found in the provision to appropriate $250,000 a mere device to obtain a suspension of judgment until after the next election. He said it was not intended to produce an inquiry of such general scope as the "insurgents" had predicted, but merely to carry out the present law; therefore, he intimated, the "insurgents" had been buncoed.

Toward the close of the debate Mr. Heyburn made a spirited appeal to all Republicans to get together, stand loyally by the party and stop the agitation of the tariff, and when Mr. Cummins sought to interrupt him, Mr. Hale who sat directly behind and not six feet from the Idaho Senator, said loud enough to be heard all over the chamber.

"Don't wind him up again."

Mr. Heyburn overheard the remark and, denouncing it as "insolent" said he did not intend to allow it, "and" he added, "I am quite capable of resenting it in any way on earth."

Mr. Hale made no reply except to join in the general laughter.

The fact appearing that various Senators still desired to be heard, Senator Hale reluctantly moved an adjournment without reaching a vote on either Senator Clay's motion to strike out the provision or on the final passage of the Sundry Civil bill. The Senator from Maine expressed deep regret that an appropriation bill should be the occasion for such a political debate.

TELEGRAPH MEN ON SOUTHERN WIN

Granted Increase in Wages and Decrease in Working Hours.

WAS DECIDED BY ARBITRATION

The 2,100 Operators on This System Get Increase Amounting to $88,000—Controversy Began April 20th.

Washington, June 11.—An increase in wages amounting to more than $88,000 a year and a decrease in the working hours, have been granted to the telegraph operators of the Southern Railway by the arbitrators appointed under the Erdman Act, to arbitrate the differences between the railway company and its 2,100 telegraphers.

There are 2,100 telegraphers on the Southern system and the increase in pay consequently amounts to approximately $40 per man per annum. The hours of the one-operator offices were shortened from 13 hours to 10, and where two or more operators are employed the hours were reduced from 9 to 8.

Fifteen days leave of absence with pay were awarded to all operators who have to work as much as five hours a day on Sunday or upon legal holidays. This applies to telephone operators as well as telegraphers.

The board of arbitration was composed of J. S. B. Thompson, of Atlanta, assistant to the President of the Southern Railway; J. J. Dermody, vice president of the Telegraphers' Union, and Prof. William R. France, dean of the law faculty of the George Washington University.

On April 20 when the controversy between the roads and the operators reached an acute stage and they became deadlocked on vital questions of wages and working conditions, Chairman Knapp, of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and Dr. Charles P. Neill, commissioner of labor, the mediators under the Erdman act were requested to interpose in an effort to settle the difficulty and prevent a threatened strike. The mediators brought the parties together on several points and it was agreed to submit the remaining unsettled matters to arbitration. The railroad and the men each appointed a representative on the board of arbitration and as these two representatives were unable to agree upon a third member of the board, according to the law it devolved upon Chairman Knapp and Commissioner Neill to make the third selection which they did in the person of Prof. Vance.

MRS. DOMER WAS ROBBED.

Wife of Vice President of Seaboard Loses Her Jewelry.

Washington, June 11.—Mrs. T. C. Domer, wife of the vice president of the Seaboard Air Line, was robbed of jewelry valued at $1,000 while asleep in a berth in a train from Washington to Jersey City.

The train left Washington about last midnight last night and before retiring Mrs. Domer placed her jewelry in a small bag under her pillow in a lower berth. When she reached Jersey City the bag and jewelry were missing.

The police are looking for two men who occupied the berths across the aisle from Mrs. Domer and who left the train, it is said, at Trenton. The police of Trenton report that the men boarded a train for Washington this afternoon, but they have not yet been located by the Washington police.

CAROLINA GOLFERS TO PLAY.

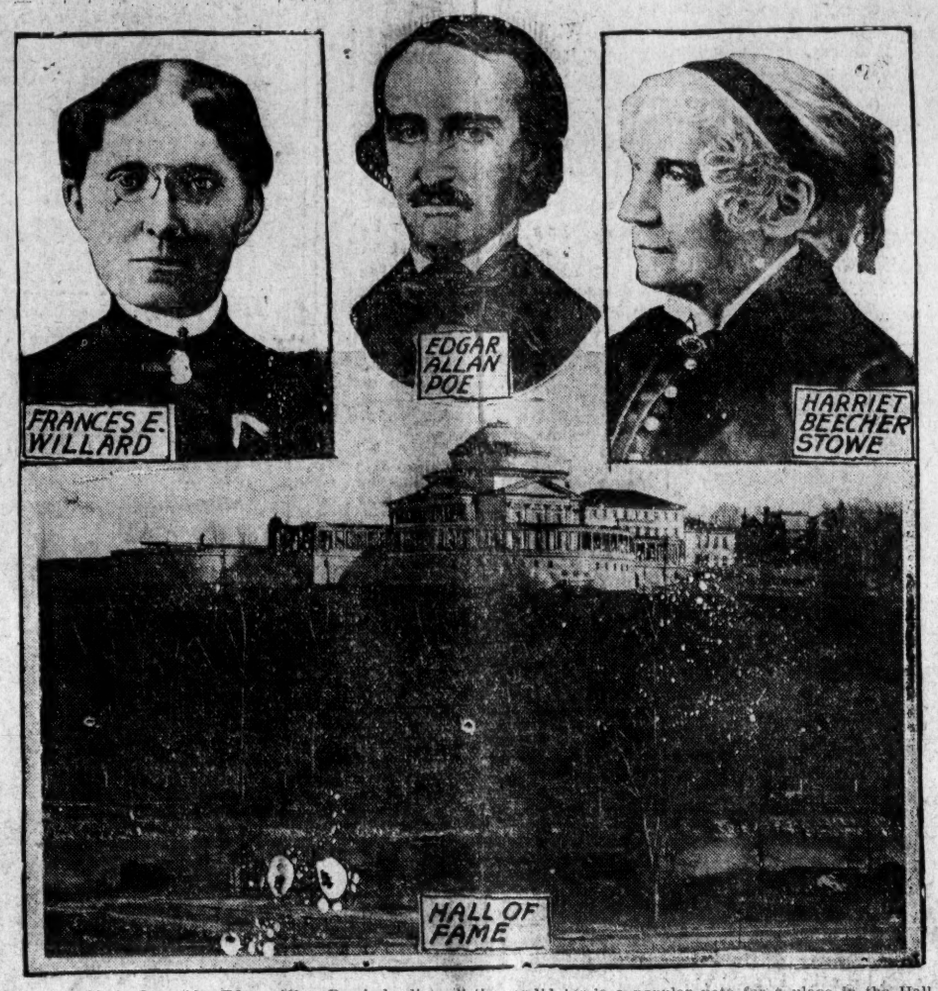
Cape Fear Club Will Participate in Tournament This Week.

Greenville, S. C., June 11.—Teams from seven golf clubs are entered in the first annual tournament of the Carolina Golf Ass'n., which will be played on the links of the Sans Souci Country Club in this city Thursday, Friday and Saturday of next week for the championship of the Carolinas. Much interest is manifested in this first tournament of the association, which is a new organization having been formed only last year at Charleston.

The clubs whose members will participate in the play are: Ridgewood Country Club, Columbia; Country Club, Charleston; Country Club, Georgetown; Sans Souci Country Club, Greenville; Cape Fear Golf Club, Wilmington; Mecklenburg Country Club, Charlotte, and the Kanuga Club, Hendersonville, N. C.

Montgomery, Ala., June 11.—Major J. D. Barron, an associate editor of the Montgomery Advertiser, and at one time Secretary of State of Alabama, died this afternoon after an illness of several months.

Edgar Allen Poe Seems Sure of Place in Hall of Fame



New York, June 11.—Edgar Allan Poe is leading all the candidates in a popular vote for a place in the Hall of Fame. Once every five years is held an election for a Hall of Fame. The third election is now in progress, the 206 names which have been placed in nomination having been forwarded to the 56 electors on April 30. The nominations were transmitted by Chancellor MacCracken, of the New York University. The rules prescribe that the council of the New York University invite nominations from the public. These further provide that "every nomination which has been seconded by a member of the University Senate be submitted to an electorate of 100 eminent citizens selected by the council." There are now four vacancies in the electorate. From the 206 nominations a total of 40 names are to be selected. The general list comprises 143 nominations, from which the electors will choose 26 for admission to the Hall of Fame. The nominations for famous American women who are eligible for this honor comprise 35 names, from which ten names are to be chosen. In addition to these two lists is one more—that of famous American men of foreign birth. From the 28 nominations four names are to be selected. It is recalled that many difficulties beset the electors at the time of the last election, that there were many contentions and disagreements and particularly that a protest arose over the failure of the electors to include the name of Edgar Allen Poe.

SHAW REMARKS ABOUT SOUTH

Stated South Was Ignorant on Political Questions—Southerner Calls Him Down—Flays "Insurgents" in Republican Party.

Chicago, June 11.—Leslie M. Shaw, former Secretary of the Treasury, speaking before members of the Hawkeye Fellowship Club today, scored "insurgents" in the Republican party, declared "stand pat" ideas the only logical principles of government and stigmatized the South as ignorant on political questions.

Mr. Shaw's remarks regarding the South were given an unexpected dramatic twist when a Southern born newspaper man, who was reporting the address so far forgot himself that he shouted: "It isn't so."

"It is true," the former secretary responded as he reiterated his statements.

"The South is the best place in the world in which to make a speech," Mr. Shaw said. Because the people are so ignorant of political questions. It is not their fault, the burden of the great struggle is still upon them. But for all that nowhere is there greater ignorance nor greater eagerness to know."

Mr. Shaw took occasion to make this statement regarding the "insurgents" in the Republican party:

"I have no more respect for those people who style themselves Republicans and are not, than for those Democrats who live in Florida and pretend to be Democrats and are not."

Mr. Shaw had announced that he would speak upon the subject: Evolution in politics." His digressions from the subject, however, became vastly more interesting:

"When I was nominated for governor in Iowa, in 1897" he began, "my canvass cost me exactly $250, and a great Democratic paper said that the machine was broken. No man in my State could be lected without a machine behind him unless he spent $500,000.

"This is evolution in politics.

"In Illinois, not long ago, a resident of the State of Washington entered the senatorial contest and he got 20,000 votes.

"This too, is evolution in politics.

"Despite these things when some of us do not think the direct primary, the highest form of government it is said we have lost faith in the common people.

"We cannot be consistent in politics. We are so selfish, so greedy, that we cannot rise to the plane of citizenship."

HISTORY OF BOND ISSUES

Capt. S. A. Ashe and Prof. Hamilton Named—Orrum Ginning Co., is Chartered—Raleigh Police Get Raise.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., June 11.—Capt. S. A. Ashe, Raleigh, and Dr. J. G. DeR. Hamilton, professor of History in the University, are appointed by the North Carolina Historical Commission as editors for the documentary history of North Carolina bond issues to be published this Fall. They will spend much of the Summer at work on this volume.

Capt. Ashe, the Commissioners say, is appointed because of his training and experience in history writing and personal familiarity with the reconstruction bonds, for the defense of the State's attitude toward which this bond history has been largely planned, and that Dr. Hamilton is especially equipped throughly, having already written a history of reconstruction that familiarized him with the historical service of that period.

The Orrum Ginning Co., of Orrum, Robeson county, is chartered with $25,000 capital by E. C. Nye and others. Another charter is to the Success Novelty Co., Weldon, capital $100,000 for electrical and mechanical engineering and doing supply and contract work. The principal incorporator is T. M. House.

The Raleigh police officers have procured a raise of $5 per month in pay, giving them $70. They are to also be allowed in the future one Sunday off

OUTLINES.

A discussion of the tariff question largely colored by political conditions occupied the entire session of the Senate yesterday——Gifford Pinchot and Charles R. Garfield were tendered a reception by the St. Paul Roosevelt Club last night. The reference of a new party with Roosevelt as a leader, enthused the members——Leslie M. Shaw speaking to a Chicago club stated that the South was ignorant on political questions and was called down by a Southerner——Brodie L. Duke and Miss Wylanta Roschelle were married in Camden, N. J., yesterday——Plans have been completed in New York to receive Col. Roosevelt, who is expected to arrive from England next Saturday——New York markets: Money on call nominal; spot cotton quiet 20 points decline, middling uplands 15.20; flour easier and quiet; wheat spot easy, No. 2, 1.05 nominal to arrive elevator, No. 1 northern 1.11 1-4 nominal f. o. b.; corn easy, No. 2, 66 1-2 elevator domestic basis to arrive; oats dull, mixed nominal; rosin quiet, turpentine easy.

HONORED BY ROOSEVELT CLUB

Reception to Gifford Pinchot and Jas. R. Garfield at St. Paul—Reference to New Party Enthused Members.

St. Paul, Minn., June 11.—Following an informal reception to Gifford Pinchot and James R. Garfield this evening about 500 members and friends of the St. Paul Roosevelt Club filled the large banquetting home of the Ryan Hotel thus fulfilling a long deferred tribute to Messrs. Pinchot and Garfield in recognition of their work in assisting former President Roosevelt in his efforts for conservation of public domain.

Justice E. A. Jaggard, of the Minnesota Supreme Court, was toastmaster. Introducing Judge Jaggard, President Hugh T. Halbert, of the Roosevelt Club, awakened the enthusiasm of the banqueters by a reference to an unnamed new party, some of the leaders of which, he said, were present. He said in part:

"The Roosevelt Club has consistently stood for the conservation of ideals and the conservation of men and against plunder and graft.

"This country has lived on its capital, but at last has awakened to the fact that it will soon exhaust its natural resources by the inequitable distribution of its wealth in direct violation of the law of equal opportunity of its citizens. This condition has brought about the formation of a new party without name, but not without an issue, nor without leaders.

"That party has two wings composed of those called conservatives and those called progressives, but the real division is composed of those who favor the rights of the people as against those who favor a monopoly of the benefits of the public domain.

"That party may be unnamed, but its leaders are Theodore Roosevelt and our honored guests, Gifford Pinchot and James R. Garfield."

Governor Eberhart spoke on the State and conservation.

Mayor Keller spoke on "The City and Conservation"; Mr. Garfield talked on the ultimate results of conservation, and Mr. Pinchot spoke on "Our National Resources and How to Conserve Them."

Tiponville, Tenn., June 11.—Judge Harris, president of the West Tennessee Land Company, of this city, whose life is said to have been sought several times by the Reel Foot Lake Night Riders, was drowned while swimming in the Mississippi river near here this afternoon.

DUKE IS MARRIED THE FOURTH TIME

Fled From Washington to Camden Where Ceremony Was Performed.

WERE MARRIED BY JUSTICE

"Just Say I'm Married," Reply of Wealthy Durham Man to Reporters—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hill Only Witnesses.

Washington, June 11.—Brodie L. Duke and Miss Wylanta Roschelle were married today in Camden, N. J. The ceremony was performed by Justice of the Peace H. F. Garrison, and the witnesses were Mr. and Mrs. Frank Hill.

Frustrated here yesterday in his attempt to take unto himself a fourth wife by unexpected and most unwelcome publicity and by the antipathy of a Presbyterian minister to the marriage of divorced persons, the tobacco magnate of Durham, N. C., and his protege and would-be bride, vanished from this place and were gone until late this afternoon, when they returned to the local hotel where Duke was staying before his disappearance and the name of "Mrs. B. L. Duke, North Carolina" was added to the register.

"Just say I'm married," said Mr. Duke to the newspaper men who beset him upon his arrival.

"When? Where? How?" cried the reporters in eager chorus.

"None of your business," retorted the bridegroom, none too genially and bolted upstairs.

The statement that the pair were married today at 11 A. M. "somewhere in New Jersey" is credited to William Haskell, a friend of the tobacco magnate. This was rendered more specific subsequently when a newspaper man induced its custodian to show the wedding certificate which revealed Camden as the place where the ceremony was performed.

Mrs. Roschelle-Duke, who is a daughter of a Durham merchant, was a student at a private school here conducted by Miss Mary G. Horsley.

Tells of the Wedding.

Camden, N. J., June 11.—After several hours of effort newspaper men succeeded in interviewing Justice of the Peace Garrison at 1 o'clock Sunday morning with reference to the Duke wedding. He admitted performing the marriage. It was learned that Mr. Duke claimed to be a resident of New Jersey and gave his address as 111 New Jersey avenue, Atlantic City. Under the State law a marriage license is unnecessary if one of the contracting parties is a resident of the State.

Mr. Duke and Miss Roschelle crossed the Delaware river from Philadelphia on a ferry boat and a cab man took them to the office of Justice Garrison in the court house, where Mr. Duke asked to be shown to the office of a justice. Upon their arrival at the court house, Miss Roschelle objected to being married in a public place and Justice Garrison obligingly took them to the home of Frank Hill, where the ceremony was performed.

SENATE GIVES UP FIGHT.

Cannon and Sherman Will Have to Maintain Own Autos.

Washington, June 11.—Vice President Sherman and Speaker Cannon must pay the salaries of their chauffeurs and buy thir own gasoline. The Senate today gave up its fight for the two appropriations of $2,500 each for the maintenance of the automobiles of the presiding officers of the two Houses of Congress.

The House refused to agree to the appropriation and three times the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill containing the provision was sent back to conference because of it.

The item was originally struck out of the bill in the lower body after a spirited fight on the floor only to be put back in the measure in the Senate. It has been a bone of contention in conference and to end the controversy, the Senate today receded from its amendment, and adopted the Conference report. The effect of this action is that the Vice President and the Speaker must themselves bear the cost of their maintenance.

LAURINBURG VS. MECHANICS.

Season in Middle Carolina League Begins on Monday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Laurinburg, N. C., June 11.—Laurinburg again defeated the Columbia Mechanics by a score of 8 to 4. Hammond, a local boy, pitched a good game, being backed by superb fielding. He was never in danger. Laurinburg has a fine fielding team and a good batting team and somebody will have to get up before day to win the pennant. The season starts Monday with Sanford-Jonesboro. There will be a big parade of automobiles, speaches and a general big time. "Peachy" Brown and "Dutch" Seifert the heavenly twins, will be the batteries. Score today:

Mechanics	000	011	200	4	7	3
Laurinburg	112	012	010	8	9	0

Batteries—Heigh, Adams and McPherson; Hammond and Seifert.

ROOSEVELT COMES HOME THIS WEEK

New York in Readiness to Receive Famous American Ex-President.

THOUSANDS WILL GREET HIM

Expected to Arrive Next Saturday Morning—Plans Have Been Announced—Will Respond to Welcome of Mayor Gaynor.

New York, June 11.—The committee to arrange a welcome for Colonel Roosevelt on his return next Saturday completed its work today and the five days intervening will be spent in building stands an din receiving the thousands of guests from all parts of the country.

Col. Roosevelt is expected at quarantine next Saturday morning. An early the revenue cutter Androscoggan bearing the mayor's committee of 300, the State governors here for the occasion and other notable guests; the steamer Nassau, bearing the Roosevelt Neighbors' Association of Oyster Bay and 100 or more other steamers will start for quarantine. As soon as the liner Kaiserin Augusta Victoria comes to anchor Col. Roosevelt will be transferred to the Androscoggan. Mrs. Roosevelt and other members of the family will be transferred to the revenue cutter Manhattan.

The transfers made, the Androscoggan, escorted by police boats will take her place at the head of a double column of excursion steamers, private yachts and tugs. The fleet will sail up the west side of the Hudson to a flag stake off West Fifty-Ninth street, turn in view of the crowds and make its way back to the battery. There Col. Roosevelt will land at about 1 o'clock to be received by Mayor Gaynor. A stand seating 600 of the official guests and the mayor's committee will be in readiness. The mayor will speak first and Col. Roosevelt will respond.

When the speaking is finished the land parade will form. The Roosevelt Rough Riders, commanded by Charles E. Hunter, of Oklahoma City, will lead. Following the Rough Riders will come Col. Roosevelt, Mayor Gaynor, Cornelius Vanderbilt, chairman of the committee in a carriage. After them will march 6,000 Spanish-American war veterans as an escort to the committee.

At Fifth Avenue and Central Park the parade will disband and it is expected that Col. Roosevelt will go to a family luncheon at the home of Douglas Robinson, his brother-in-law, where he will have the first chance of the day to meet his three children now in this country. Later in the day he will take a train for Oyster Bay.

SOUTH CAROLINA COTTON MEN.

Heard Speeches and Elected Officers, Met at Hendersonville.

Hendersonville, N. C., June 11.—The Cotton Manufacturers' Association of South Carolina in regular semi-annual session adjourned today at noon, after electing officers and hearing addresses by Commissioner of Agriculture E. J. Watson, of South Carolina, and W. S. Lee, of Charlotte, vice president of the Southern Power Company.

Mr. Watson discussed the operation of the child labor laws of the State. He said there were at present only 361 children under 12 years at work in cotton mills. He endorsed the association's recommendation that children under 12 years of age be prohibited from work under all circumstances. The following officers were elected: E. A. Smyth, of Greenville, president; V. M. Montgomery, Spartanburg, vice president; J. A. Brook, Anderson, treasurer; C. S. Manning, Greenville, secretary.

The executive board is composed of Z. F. Wright, W. J. Bailey, J. M. Geer, J. C. Evins, E. Nicholson and J. D. Hammett.

TAFT AIDS NEWBERN MAN.

Commuted Sentence of Arthur Ipock, Moved to Sympathy.

Washington, June 11.—President Taft today commuted the sentence to one year of Arthur Ipock, of North Carolina, who was convicted at Newbern, N. C., of conducting an illicit distillery and was sentenced October 23, 1909, to 18 months in prison. The President was moved to sympathy by the fact that the man had old persons depending on him and by misfortune in the family.

Lynchburg, Va., June 11.—Congressman Carter Glass, of the sixth Virginia district, was practically re-nominated today for the sixth term The time for filing notice of candidacy at the Democratic primary expired tonight, and the chairman of the district committee announces that there is no opposition to Mr. Glass.

Lynchburg, Va., June 11.—Thomas F. Ryan and C. J. Ryan, of New York, exhibited a number of thoroughbred horses in a local horse show here today, the former taking three firsts and a general prize for the largest aggregate of points in the classes, while C. J. Ryan won one first. Thomas F. Ryan's string were from his Oak Ridge estate in Nelson county.

THE WORLD OF SPORTS

RACING — BASEBALL — BOXING

WILMINGTON TAKES THIRD

Sailors Put Crimp in Wilson's Runaway Race for Pennant Yesterday Afternoon—Score Was Three to Two.

Results Yesterday.
Fayetteville 1; Goldsboro 0.
Wilson 2; Wilmington 3.
Raleigh 2; Rocky Mount 3.

Where they Play Today.
Goldsboro at Wilson.
Wilmington at Rocky Mount.
Fayetteville at Raleigh.

"Good-bye, Wilson; we hate to see you go,
We hate to see you carry back that tale of woe;
But cheer up, Wilson; remember you don't play
This fast flying Sailor crew on every day."

—Sailors' Chanty.

Wilmington put a crimp in the runaway race of Wilson for the East Carolina pennant in the game yesterday afternoon at League Park, winning two out of the series of three on the home grounds by the score of three to two before 1,500 spectators. Rube Howard was on the mound for the Sailor lads and Lane essayed the leading role for the Champs.

The one distasteful feature of the game was the street car service from the grounds after the "show was over" and the crush at the narrow gates provided for the ticket takers by the Tidewater Power Co. Heretofore the crowds have been small and it has been possible to handle them with some degree of safety and convenience but the experience of yesterday proves that these narrow gates are nothing short of a relic of barbarism with any sort of crowd and they should not be permitted longer. The street car service was not only inadequate but inefficient. Train loads of people were stranded on Princess street, between Tenth and Fifteenth, for the longest sort of time and many at the park had to wait until dewey eve before they could get a car at all. But to the game:

Jacobs was first up for Wilson and foul flied to Mills, Guerrant died pitcher to first and Clapp flew to first. Wilmington put over her first two runs in the initial fra'e. Kluttz was safe on bobble of third, Dubbs bunted and got a lift when the first sacker dropped the pellet, Tydeman skied to centre, advancing Kluttz, Mills was out first to second; Carroll took first on short's butterfingering his tap, Kluttz registering; Cooper up and Dubbs scored on wild pitch; Cooper ended by fanning.

In Wilmington's half of the third, Wilmington added another when Dubbs died to left, Tydeman bingled to centre, taking second on wild throw to first and domiciled on Mills' single to right. Carroll singled over short, Cooper flew to centre and Burke drove out to first.

Wilson's first run came in the second when D. McGeehan singled to right, C. McGeehan whiffed, Brady skied to right, the first McGeehan annexing second and later home on Kluttz's fondle of Armstrong's single to centre garden on the throw-in; Westlake died shortfield to first. Another was added in the eighth when Guerrant foul flied to Mills, Clapp singled to centre and stole second, D. McGeehan singled over short, Clapp scoring; C. McGeehan skied to Carroll, Brady was safe on Mills' dropping pop fly, Armstrong out pitcher to first. Westlake, first up in the ninth, drove out a double that looked like a tied score when Lane sacrificed him to third, but Jacobs flew to Cooper and Guerrant flied to centre.

The Tabulated Score.

Wilson.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Jacobs, ss	4	0	0	1	0	2
Guerrant, 3b	5	0	0	2	1	1
Clapp, rf	4	1	1	2	0	0
McGeehan, D., 2b	4	1	2	2	3	0
McGeehan, C., 1b	2	0	0	10	1	1
Brady, cf	4	0	0	3	0	1
Armstrong, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Westlake, c	4	0	3	2	1	0
Lane, p	3	0	1	1	5	1
Totals	34	2	8	24	11	6
Wilmington.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Kluttz, cf	5	1	0	3	0	0
Dubbs, ss	5	1	1	0	4	0
Tydeman, lf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Mills, 1b	4	0	1	15	1	1
Carroll, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Cooper, 3b	4	0	1	1	1	0
Burke, 2b	4	0	1	1	0	0
Gilmore, c	4	0	0	5	2	0
Howard, p	3	0	0	2	0	4
Totals	37	3	9	27	12	1

Score By Innings.

Wilson	010 000 010—2
Wilmington	201 000 00x—3

Summary—Two base hits, Westlake 2, Cooper; left on bases, Wilmington 10, Wilson 8; bases on balls, Howard 3; struck out, Lane 2, Howard 5; wild pitch, Lane; time 2:00; Umpire Davis; attendance 1,500.

CITY LEAGUE GAMES.

Interesting Contests Yesterday Afternoon by Amateurs.

The city league baseball games were more interesting yesterday than any day this season. In the first game the Pirates had the better of the playing in the first four innings, but the Junior Baracas got together in the sixth and from that time on had the game in their hands. In the ninth two clean hits by Blue and Alderman brought in two runs, giving the Baracas the winning score. Both teams were weak on account of some of the boys who gave way to their weakness for league ball. Score 5 to 4. Batteries: Penny, Blue and Wessell, for the Juniors and Yopp and Thompson for the Pirates.

The second game between the Boys' Brigade and the David G. Worth Bible Class team proved even more interesting than the first game and from the start the game was a battle royal. Hits were kept well scattered and the score evenly balanced until the eighth, when a two-bagger by Lewis brought in Fillyaw and a blocked ball in the ninth scored another man ending the game with the Y. M. C. A. boys two in the lead. The score was 5 to 3. Batteries: Lewis and Burnett; Taylor and Lewis. Umpire, Ben Houston; scorer, J. B. Huntington.

The teams stand as follows in the percentage column: Y. M. C. A., 800; Junior Baracas, 600; Boys' Brigade, 400; Pirates, 200.

The Y. M. C. A. Junior team played the Boys' Brigade second team six innings at the Princess street diamond yesterday and showed such fine ability to score that the latter threw up the sponge in the sixth, he score being 9 to 1. A feature of the game was the three-bagger by Boone. Batteries: Jones and Davis; Bornemann and Oldenbottle.

In reading store ads most people are looking for definite information about some particular article—hence merchants should quote prices always.

The messages from the merchants are always interesting—and usually affect the "state of your purse."

LUYSTER QUITE EFFECTIVE

Fayetteville Made it an Even Break With Goldsboro Giants—Sensational Catch Made by Evans.—Well Matched.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Goldsboro, N. C., June 11.—By taking today's exciting contest, Fayetteville made it an even split with the Giants. Luyster pitcher great ball all through. Evans made a sensational catch in the ninth, which looked good for three covers. Both teams were well matched and played great ball.

The Tabulated Score.

Fayetteville.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mullin, cf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Dobson, 1b	4	0	0	15	0	0
Shumaker, lf	4	0	1	1	0	0
O'Halloran, 2b	3	0	0	2	5	0
Donovan, rf	3	1	2	2	0	0
Bunting, 3b	2	0	2	1	2	0
McEuree, ss	3	0	1	2	1	0
Galvin, c	4	0	1	4	2	0
Luyster, p	4	0	0	0	4	0
Totals	29	1	7	27	14	0
Goldsboro.	A	B	R	H	PO	A E
Gates, 3b	4		0	1	2	3 0
Sharne, 2b	4		0	1	4	1 0
Wolfe, cf	4		0	0	1	0 0
Dailey, c	4		0	0	4	4 0
Evans, lf	3		0	1	1	1 0
Crockett, 1b	3		0	0	12	1 1
Whalen, rf	3		0	0	0	0 0
Spalding, ss	3		0	1	2	5 1
Gunderson, p	3		0	0	1	4 0
Totals	30		0	4	27	19 2

Score By Innings.

Fayetteville	000 100 000—1
Goldsboro	000 000 000—0

Summary—Sacrifice hits, Fayetteville 1; hit by pitched ball, Gunderson 2, Lyster 0; bases on balls, Gunderson 3, Lyster 1; struck out, Gunderson 1, Luyster 3; wild pitches 0; two base hits, Evans; three base hits, Donovan; left on bases, Goldsboro 3, Fayetteville 8; passed ball, Fayetteville 1; time 1:27; Umpire Barre; Attendance 650.

ROCKY MOUNT TAKES A GAME

Hit Thorpe Freely But Tightened Up at Critical Stages—Score Was to Two—Jobson Wild.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., June 11.—Despite the fact that ten hits were chalked up against Chief Thorpe, he was tight with men on bases and kept the score down. The team behind him fielded brilliantly in pinches. Jobson was wild and a hit and error followed two two walked men, scored one run in the eighth. The Birds took a rally in the ninth but only two scored.

The Tabulated Score.

Raleigh.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Clemmons, lf	3	0	0	2	0	1
Simmons, 3b	3	0	2	1	3	1
Prim, rf	4	0	0	1	0	0
Hobbs, cf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Phoenix, ss	4	0	1	2	2	0
Richardson, 1b	4	0	1	9	2	0
Keating, 2b	4	1	2	4	1	0
McCormac, c	4	0	1	5	5	1
Jobson, p	4	0	1	1	2	0
Totals	34	2	10	24	16	3
Rocky Mount.	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Gillespie, 3b	3	0	0	2	1	0
Novak, ss	4	0	1	3	4	0
Etein, lf	3	1	2	4	1	0
Schuman, rf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Phelan, 1b	4	0	1	10	0	0
Creegan, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0
Gastmeyer, 2b	2	0	1	2	4	1
Cooney, c	4	0	0	3	5	1
Thorpe, p	2	1	1	1	2	0
Totals	27	3	8	27	17	2

Score By Innings.

Raleigh	000 000 002—2
Rocky Mount	001 110 00x—3

Summary—Sacrifice hits, Gillespie, Creagan, Gastmeyer, Prim; bases on balls, Thorpe 1, Johnson 5; struck out, Thorpe 2, Jobson 4; wild pitches, Thorpe 1; stolen bases, Stein, Thorpe; Clemmons, Simmons, Prim; left on bases, Rocky Mount 9, Raleigh 8; time 2:10; Umpire Henderson; Attendance 800.

CAROLINA GOLF ASSOCIATION

Championship Tournament at Greenville, S. C., This Week.

A feature of the week for golfers will be the Carolina Championship Tournament at Greenville, which begins Thursday and continues through Saturday. Any member of the Cape Fear Golf Club, of this city, is eligible for entry in the tournament, the only requirement being that their names be sent in on cards which may be had from Mr. H. deW. Rapalje, secretary of the local club. These cards must reach Greenville by Tuesday, June 14th. The four players from Wilmington making the best score will compose the team from the Cape Fear Golf Club. It is expected that a number will go from this city. Friends of Mr. R. H. Gwaitney will be pleased to learn that he made a fine record in the Southern Golf Championship Tournaments which were held in Atlanta, Ga., last week. He secured a position in the final eight players and in the qualifying round he was the sixth best. He will enter the events for the championship of the Carolinas at Greenville this week.

NAVY'S FOOTBALL SCHEDULE.

Official List of Games for Coming Season Announced.

Annapolis, Md., June 10.—The official football schedule of the Naval Academy team for the coming season is as follows:

October 1st, St. John's; October 8th, Rutgers; October 15th, Villa Nova; October 22nd, University of Virginia; October 29th, Western Reserve; November 5th, Lehigh; November 12th, Carlisle Indians; November 19th, University of the City of New York; November 26th, United States Military Academy. All of the games will be played at Annapolis except the contest against the Military Academy which will be played at Franklin Field, Philadelphia.

BYRD GOLF CHAMPION.

Won Final Match in Southern Tournament Yesterday.

Atlanta, Ga., June 11.—F. G. Byrd, of Atlanta, is Southern golf champion by virtue of his winning the final match in the ninth annual tournament of the Southern Golf Association on the East Lake course this afternoon from R. G. Bush, Jr., of New Orleans, 8 up and 6 to play. He won the championship cup while the runner up cup goes to Bush.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

EASTERN CAROLINA LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Wilson	13	5	.722
Fayetteville	11	5	.688
Goldsboro	8	9	.471
Wilmington	8	10	.444
Raileigh	6	11	.353
Rocky Mount	6	12	.333

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost	P.C.
Chicago	28	15	.651
New York	28	17	.622
Cincinnati	22	19	.537
Pittsburg	21	20	.512
St. Louis	21	24	.467
Brooklyn	20	25	.444
Philadelphia	17	24	.415
Boston	16	29	.356

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Clubs.	Won.	Lost	P.C.
New York	28	12	.700
Philadelphia	28	13	.683
Detroit	30	18	.625
Boston	22	21	.512
Cleveland	17	20	.459
Washington	20	26	.435
Chicago	15	25	.375
St. Louis	8	33	.195

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Chicago, June 11.—Washington hit Smith and Scott hard today and defeated Chicago 3 to 0. Smith turned his ankle in the sixth and was forced to retire. Manager McAleer, of Washington, who was suspended indefinitely on account of an altercation with Davy Jones at Detroit, Thursday, was reinstated by President Johnson today. Chicago obtained outfielder George Browne from Washington today by the waiver route.

Chicago	000 000 000—0 6 2
Washington	100 001 001—3 11 0

Smith, Scott and Payne; Reisling and Street. Time 1:40, Umpires Connolly and Dineen.

St. Louis, June 11.—Philadelphia had no trouble in defeating St. Louis today by a score of 6 to 2. Plank was hit freely but the local team could not get the runners across the home plate.

St. Louis	100 100 000—2 8 5
Philadelphia	000 103 101—6 10 1

Lake, Waddell and Killifer and Allen; Plank and Lapp. Time 1:59. Umpires Kerin and Sheridan.

Detroit, June 11.—New York reversed the score on Detroit today, winning 4 to 3 in an exciting game. Home runs by Crawford and Wolter, the latter with a man on base, featured. Cobb tripled in the fourth but was thrown out trying to stretch he hit into a home run.

New York	101 020 000—4 8 4
Deroit	010 000 110—3 6 1

Vaughn and Mitchell; Stroud, Willett and Stanage. Time 1:55. Umpires Evans and Egan.

At Cleveland-Boston, rain.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Philadelphia, June 11.—Philadelphia shut out Pittsburg today by 5 to 0. All the runs were scored in the first inning, when Philadelphia made four hits and Pittsburg three errors. McQuillan was very effective except in the second inning when Pittsburg filled the bases on two hits and a base on balls.

Pittsburg	000 000 000—0 7 5
Philadelphia	500 000 00*—5 6 0

Leifield, Leever and Gibson; McQuillan and Dooin. Time 1:38. Umpires Johnstone and Moran.

Other games postponed, rain.

OTHER GAMES.

Carolina League.
At Anderson 3; Charlotte 2.
At Greensboro 0; Spartanburg 2.
Second: Spartanburg 0; Greensboro 3.
At Greenville 5; Winston-Salem 1.

Virginia League.
At Richmond 2; Lynchburg 1. (13 innings).
At Norfolk 0; Danville 1. (10 innings.)
At Roanoke 0; Portsmouth 0. (5 innings rain).

Southern League.
At Atlanta 2; Birmingham 2. (10 innings called agreement catch train.)
At Memphis 0; New Orleans 2.
Second: New Orleans 7; Memphis 5.
At Nashville 2; Mobile 1.
Second: Mobile 6; Nashville 3.
At Chattanooga 2; Montgomery 7.

South Atlantic League.
At Savannah-Macon, rain.
At Jacksonville-Columbia, rain.
At Augusta 2; Columbus 2. (called 8th darkness).

Nursing Motners and Malaria. The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children. 50c.

Why is Sugar Sweet?
It sugar did not dissolve in the mouth you could not taste the sweet. GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC is as strong as the strongest bitter tonic, but you do not taste the bitter because the ingredients do not dissolve in the mouth, but do dissolve readily in the acids of the stomach. Is just as good for Grown People as for Children. The First and Original Tasteless Chill Tonic. The Standard for 30 years, 50c.

The ads will show you whether or not there's a chance today to buy that piece of furniture at your price.

"Funeral March of a Marionette" at Lumina tonight by 16-piece orchestra. **

Read Star Business Locals.

STATE OF OHIO CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

SEAL

A. W. GLEASON,
NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

You Who Employ Men!

YOU know him well. He's the bright employee who would be worth ever so much more to you if his habits were regular. He's the man who has the intellect and brains to be of unlimited service to you. But you are not sure of him. Just when you need him most he falls down. His appetite is stronger than his will.

You *can* remedy this. Send him to the Keeley Institute at Greensboro. A course of treatment at our sanitarium will send him back to you benefited morally, mentally and physically. It will put new life—new ambition into him.

As an investment, it means money to you. It saves the loss of training up a new man. And it gives you back the man you found you could trust. It will be the best investment you have ever made.

Our book gives you all necessary data.

W. H. OSBORN President

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IT is our "quality" guarantee that assures you of perfect satisfaction in every one of these new spring and summer garments. You get full value when you come here—just the same kind of value that you would get in any strictly cash store.

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ITCHING IRRITATION.

Worst Form of Skin Trouble Quickly Cured by Inexpensive Treatment.

When you suffer with any skin trouble, even though the itching seems unbearable, do not think that it is necessary to use some disgusting greasy ointment. Try Hokara, a pure and simple skin food, that is guaranteed to contain no grease or acids and which is so cleanly that it does not soil the linen.

Its power to instantly relieve any irritation of the skin and make it soft white and beautiful is almost miraculous.

Not only are minor skin troubles, like pimples, blackheads, ache, barber's itch, etc., quickly cured, but the worst ulcers or cases of salt rheum or eczema are cleaned and healed by this wonderful skin food.

In order that any one may try Hokara at small expense, J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. are selling a liberal sized jar at 25 cents, and in addition guarantee to refund the money if the treatment does not do all that is claimed for it. Larger size 50 cents.

If the skin trouble is caused by impure blood, or if the bowels are inactive, use Hokara Blood Tablets. They cool and cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels in a natural way.

The "bargain hunter" is no longer the woman who merely haunts the stores. She is the woman who watches the ads and goes to the stores strictly on business.

Foley's Kidney Pills

What They Will Do for You

They will cure your backache, strengthen your kidneys, correct urinary irregularities, build up the worn out tissues, and eliminate the excess uric acid that causes rheumatism. Prevent Bright's Disease and Diabetes, and restore health and strength. Refuse substitutes.

ROBERT R. BELLAMY.

DAVID'S

YOU'LL find that its poor policy to shop around in buying clothes; to go where you see the lowest price quoted. Price doesn't mean much in clothes unless yon know what the quality of the goods is.

If you govern your buying by the price you pay without reference to what you get for it, you'll find some mighty cheap clothes for sale; their cheapness is likely to be more in quality than in price. But you'll find plenty of good clothes, too;

Hart Schaffner & Marx

dont make any other kind. All their fabrics are all-wool; the tailoring is the best possible; the styles are correct to the smallest detail; and we guarantee satisfaction. One trouble with poor clothes is they're always so unsatisfactory, even when you buy them.

Our clothes satisfy; they're profitable to you and to us.

You'll find what you want here in shirts, hats, neckwear and underwear, all by the best makers.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes.

The A. David Company
Clothiers, Tailors and Furnishers.

MEREDITH COLLEGE

Among the Foremost Colleges for Women in the South.

Course in Liberal Arts covering nine departments, and including elective courses in Education and Bible, which count for the A. B. degree—School of Music, including Piano, Pipe Organ, Violin and Voice Culture—School of Art, including Decoration, Designing and Oil Painting—School of Education—Academy which prepares students for college courses—Physical Culture under a trained director. Cost of literary course per year including physician, nurse and ordinary medicines (every item save books and laundry) $210.50; in the Club, $50 to $55 less. Next session begins Sept. 14th, 1910. Address

President R. T. Vann, Raleigh, N. C.

ju 9 tu th sa 1m.

"TWINKLES"

Just as easy!

And this is Wilson.

"Slap! Bang! Here we come again!"

Hudson appeared on the ball lot in Wilson upholstery.

There were very few luminaries except in domestic togs.

Car service from the park was as punk as usual on Saturdays.

Tydeman has opened up again, chalkink up his customary bingle.

Kluttz pulled off a tasty moving catch of Guerrant's skyer in the fifth.

Dubbs played a speedy and most satisfactory game at and around short.

It looked like Wilson had a strangle hold on hope in the ninth, but there was N. D.

Dubbs stabbed prettily and safely for Armstrong's bewhiskered line drive in the fifth.

The Sailors are still decidedly off color in their coaching tactics and picket duty.

Armstrong made a classy cruising catch of Dubbs' foul fly behind the score board.

Did everybody there see No Hit Lane. Of course they did, for everybody was there.

Westlake surely was the king of the Swatfest; tucking away two doubles and a single.

Howard was a little wild in the opening frames, but steadied down as the play waxed hot.

We'll admit things did look billious when Westlake trailed out that two-sacker in the last session.

"No Geraldine; that wasn't the grandstand falling; it was Rube Howard crashing out his second single."

Don't you know there'll be a few grouches substantial enough to make people in Wilson escorting around them sway-backed.

With all of those parted-on-the-side scores the Eastern Carolina is making its usual great record for the number of shut-outs played.

Some little excitement was caused in the earlier innings when the colored bleachery collapsed and dumped the occupants on terra firma.

McGeehan (C.) nabbed Dubbs' foul after a long run almost into the bleacher fence, Mills also copped two or three in the same territory.

Wilmington's hits came as often as conversions at an up-country Bush Meeting, and were segregated at times like a crowd in the Bull Pen at Lumino.

His Umps was decidedly off in balls and strikes. Even Lane exposed his grinders in an outspoken smile when he dubbed legal a throw about two feet wide.

Rube kept his hits scattered like the Prodigal's gold.

It was a pleasure to see Carroll in the fray and to note the good game he played.

Maybe we don't know anything about it, but we certainly fail to see where Gilmore has it over Hudson in making, pegging, heading, hitting or otherwise.

That dopist that prognosticated Wilson would take about two from the Sailors missed his calling. He should have been cast for the leading role in "Slumberland."

On account of their being such a crowd at the game, the grandstand could not begin to take care of the folks, and the colored section had to be resorted to for their accommodation.

Job surely must have been the paternal ancestor of all Wilmingtonians. Nobody outside of a branch of that ancient and patient family would stand for the class of service given by the car company yesterday.

The Raleigh Chirpist in the "Times" seems to be backing us up in that primary sack insinuation. Observe: "And Dobson makes errors. Can it be possible? When the season closes Mills will be heading the League as a first baseman. He can show the "white spots" on most any of them." There now!

It appears to us the Bull Durham sign has been planted in too close. That same sign in its present location is going to cause more than one complication before the season is over. The fans can pay the players just about as much for long hits as the advertising people can dole out. It should come down, or else be towed out to the fence where it belongs. How about it, umpires? Is it not an obstruction on the playing field.

OPPOSE PROF. J. A. HOLMES

Ballinger and Friends Class Him as Foe and Fight His Appointment as Head of Bureau of Mines.

(By Theodore H. Tiller, in Washington Times, June 4th.)

That the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy has been dragged irrelevantly into the selection of the head of the new bureau of mines is the assertion made at the Capitol today by some of those who are urging the President to appoint J. A. Holmes chief technologist of the Geological Survey, to fill that important position.

Sixty-two Senators, including Senator Charles Dick, chairman of the Senate Committee on Mines and Mining, and most ardent advocate of Holmes, have indorsed him. In addition, the chief technologist is understood to have the backing of practically every mining federation in the country.

Opposed is Secretary of the Interior Ballinger; George Otis Smith, chief of the Geological Survey; Representative Tawney, chairman of the House Appropriation Committee; Speaker Cannon, and a few other members of the House.

The President has agreed to withhold the appointment until the two factions can present their claims. It is expected that the decision of the President will be announced immediately after his return to Washington.

Mr. Holmes did not testify in favor of Secretary Ballinger during the recent investigation of the dispute between the Interior Department and the forestry bureau. Neither did Mr. Holmes testify against the Secretary of the Interior. The friends of Mr. Holmes say that he knew of nothing relevant to the inquiry.

Ballinger Classes Him as Foe.

Notwithstanding this, it is well known that the present opposition to the appointment of Mr. Holmes is based upon the assumption that he is inimical to Ballinger and his policy. That he is eminently qualified to fill the position for which he is urged is set forth in the indorsement given him by a practically two-thirds of the Senate membership which has signed the petition for Holmes' selection.

This petition was circulated by Senator Dick, assisted by Senator Dixon, of Montana, representing the mining States. It was signed by both regulars and insurgents.

It is understood that although Speaker Cannon and Representative Tawney prefer the selection of David Ross, their opposition to Holmes is not so unyielding as that of the Secretary of the Interior and the chief of the Geological Survey, which is under that department.

It is pointed out that the Secretary has begun his "weeding out" of the reclamation service. Director Newell is to go, and, it is reported, Chief Engineer Arthur P. Davis, will follow. These men were not among those who came forward and testified for Mr. Ballinger during the investigation of the Pinchot-Ballinger matter. It is claimed that they are "Garfield men."

A Garfield Man.

In the same connection, one of the Senators who has indorsed Mr. Holmes, made the following observation today:

"I can explain the opposition to Holmes in no other way than upon the assumption that he is regarded at the Interior Department as a 'Garfield man', whatever that is. It is a matter of current knowledge now that despite the fact that every mine owner in the country, and every miner, so far as I know, wants Holmes to become the head of the new bureau, that he is being vigorously opposed by Mr. Ballinger and Director George Otis Smith. The opposition of the latter is fully as strong, or stronger, as I understand it, than that of the Secretary himself.

"Some Senators fail to see why the Ballinger-Pinchot matter should be injected into practically everything having to do with the Interior Department nowadays. The bureau of mines will be one of the most important in the government service; it should start out along the right lines and the most eminently qualified man to be found should be placed at its head.

"If Mr. Holmes were not that man, it does not seem that he would have been indorsed by the Senators from the mining States, the mining interests themselves, and every mining journal published."

Holmes is Close Mouthed.

Mr. Holmes himself is having nothing to say about the matter, although aware of the fact that strong influences are at work both for and against him.

In departmental and Congressional circles the fight is regarded as one of the most peculiar and bitterly waged with which the present administration has had to deal. Before President Taft left Washington he agreed to hold the matter in abeyance. Upon the day of his departure, however, came the report that E. W. Parker, connected with the Geological Survey, had been named.

Senator Dick, and other Senators who had been assured that the President would take no action until his return to Washington, immediately communicated with the White House by telephone. They were informed that the report of Parker's selection was untrue, and that the President had reached no decision up to the time he left Washington.

The proposition which confronts the President is whether or not he will appoint a man to a bureau under the Interior Department when the head of that Department is opposed to his selection. On the other hand, the President must take into consideration the attitude of the mining interests, and the fact that more than three-score Senators, and a large number of Representatives, are lined up solidly for Holmes.

Taft's Friends Favor Holmes.

Many of those who are advocating Holmes have stood squarely with the administration on the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy. They have upheld the Secretary and his attitude during that fight, and, if they were on the special investigation committee, would vote in favor of Ballinger, just as the other regular Republican members of the committee are expected to do.

For this reason, there is considerable resentment felt at the Capitol that this conservation muddle should be injected into the administration of the bureau of mines. It is contended that it is a matter of no moment whether Holmes did or did not testify in behalf of Ballinger during the investigation, as did Director Smith, Commissioner Dennett, and other Ballinger subordinates.

The friends of Mr. Holmes say that he knew nothing that might have thrown light on the controversy, one way or the other. One Senator, referring to the characterization of Holmes as a "Garfield man" said today:

Holmes is Loyal.

"I presume that when Garfield was in office, Chief Technologist Holmes was loyal to him. He is doubtless equally as loyal to Mr. Ballinger, now that he heads the Interior Department If I did not believe this, I could not have indorsed him."

The new bureau of mines has been authorized in the sundry civil bill, now before the House. The head of the bureau will receive an annual salary of $6,000, and, it is conceded, that having to do with investigations of mines and mining disasters it wil become one of the most important branches of the Interior Department, its work affecting the saving of both property and human life.

THINK OF

Mexican Mustang Liniment

AND WHAT IT MEANS TO YOU.

Relief from pain that might otherwise cause you hours of agony.

Tired out muscles eased up and made ready for another day's work.

Lameness in the back and shoulders promptly cured and stiff joints limbered up.

Burns, Scalds, Cuts and Mashes rendered painless and quickly healed.

Rheumatism, Lumbago and Sciatica robbed of their anguish and banished forever.

Ulcers, Old Sores and Open Wounds healed promptly and permanently.

The first application of Mexican Mustang Liniment subdues the pain but it continues its work until every quivering nerve is soothed and quieted.

The great penetrating power of this famous remedy enables it to do this quickly and positively.

In all cases of Sprains, Bruises or Lameness, Mexican Mustang Liniment should be rubbed in persistently.

The antiseptic qualities of this old reliable household remedy make it safe and sure.

Prices 25c., 50c., $1.00 per bottle. For sale by all Druggists. LYON MFG. CO. 41 to 45 So. 5th St., BROOKLYN, N.Y.

THE CAMPAIGN IN THE SIXTH DISTRICT.

The old Wilmington Star, always a bright and shining light in the political firmament of North Carolina, in an estimate of the strength of the different Congressional candidates in the Sixth District, concedes to each candidate the full strength or vote of the county in which he lives. This estimate is made from a long established and time honored custom and on the presumption that every man is loyal to his own, as even the candidates make this concession and make only a conditional canvass of such territory these conditions depending upon any strained or changed conditions that may arise during the session of the convention, and this naturally relieves us of any seeming obligations, personal or moral, that we may be under to other counties.

Old Bladen county, for 60-odd years has watched (not with envy or jealousy), the honors conferred upon her sister counties. She now feels that the time has arrived when she should claim recognition at the hands of the Democrats of the Sixth District; the time when she should cry aloud and spare not; when she should be allowed to insert a thumb and extract a plum from the Congressional pie.

To this end she has named a candidate in the person of the Hon. Oscar L. Clark, whom we know to be the peer of anyone whose name has been announced; whom we know to have all the qualifications and characteristics necessary to make us an efficient and able representative.

Mr. Clark is a thoroughly classical scholar, having graduated at one of our best literary colleges. He then embarked in business for himself and in every industry in which he has been engaged has been most eminently successful. A practical and extensive farmer, by his keen perception he has well informed himself as to the needs and remedies required by legislation and government aid in the interest of agriculture. An extensive business man, embracing almost every industry in the South, he has a true insight as to the needs and remedies required in their interests. A member of the last State Senate, he is afmiliar with parliamentary rules and customs; an extensive business man, with pure methods, he commends himself as a man of the greatest integrity and the highest sense of honor. Socially, he is courteous, affable and pleasing and commands respect and esteem from all men; chivalrous, generous, worthy; so unostentatious are his benefactions that his left hand seems to be in total ignorance of the operations of the right; a combination of all the characteristics that make man truly noble, great and good. He is a high toned Christian gentleman

As a boy Oscar Clark grew up behind the plough handles and while, as a young man, he possessed many qualities eminently fitting him for a professional life, he chose as his life work the field of business. As a farmer, a merchant, a large manufacturer of lumber and a banker, he has met with a success that is a source of pride and satisfaction, not only to himself, but to the community in which he lives, and as such successful business man, he has lived his entire life in closest touch and sympathy with the people, knowing and understanding the needs of the great mass of country people as few men do. Such is the man whom Bladen offers for Congress. Now what can we say of the place for which he is offered?

North Carolina is represented at Washington by two able Senators, both of whom are lawyers, by ten Congressmen, eight of whom are lawyers, one of whom is a cotton mill man and the other a railroad man. Be it far from the writer of this article to say aught against any of these, our able representatives at Washington, but would it not seem just and proper that the great business and agricultural interests, so ably represented in the person of Oscar Clark, should have at least one man from their own ranks in the Legislative Body of our nation, and is there any one in the district who can truthfully and conscientiously say that Oscar Clark, of Bladen, would not add materially to the strength of North Carolina's delegation? Is there not, in fact, a crying need for just such an addition to North Carolina's representation?

**

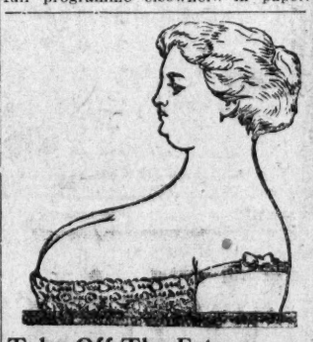
C. V. HINES.

Scared Into Sound Health.

Mr. B. F. Kelly, Springfield, Ill., writes: "A year ago I began to be troubled with my kidneys and bladder, which grew worse until I became alarmed at my condition. I suffered also with dull heavy headaches and the action of my bladder was annoying and painful. I read of Foley's Kidney Pills and after taking them a few weeks the headaches left me, the action of my bladder was again normal, and I was free of all distress." Robt. R. Bellamy.

At Lumina Today.

Concerts afternoon and night by 16-piece orchestra. Selections from "Bohemian Girl". Paquita waltzes, "Orpheus" overture and others at afternoon concert. "Poet and Peasant", "Il Trovatore," "The Glow Worm," and others at the night concert. See full programme elsewhere in paper.



Take Off The Fat Where It Shows

Most women suffer much humiliation because of great quantities of fat, so located that, no matter how they dress, everybody sees that they are abnormal. This is the day of the slender figure, and fat women are simply not tolerated either in business or social affairs. Women may not know it, but men when they see a fat woman pass them on the street make all manner of sympathetic remarks about her. They do not mean to be unkind or to seem unmanly, but it is natural for a man to dislike fat on a woman. Where fat shows the most there is where it must be removed, and as quickly as possible. The hot weather dresses seem to be made for the fat woman's misery and the slender woman's delight. They expose all the charms of woman and her ugliness as well. Exercise and diet will not remove fat. This has been proved. The famous Marmola Prescription which has met with such phenomenal success and has so many of our society women as its sponsors, is now being sold in tablet form to meet the demand of the public for this style of treatment. These little tablets go into your system just like food. They stop the stomach and digestive apparatus from producing fat and reduce the fat upon the body at the rate of from 12 to 15 ounces a day. They are harmless and can be carried in your purse and taken even after you have indulged in a hearty meal away from home. They are sold at all drug stores at 75 cents a case, or if you prefer you may write the Marmola Company, 606 Farmer Bldg., Detroit Mich.

"A Square Deal in Every Can."

Jackson Square Coffee

In making good coffee,
One essential you find,
To secure good results,
You must have a good kind.

Now 25 cents and 35 cents per pound. Your Grocer sells it.

Importers Coffee Co., Ltd.
"QUALITY HOUSE of New Orleans."

The Edison Amberola

surpasses in beauty of tone, grace and design and eleganee of finish any Phonograph on the market today. It is conceded by the best critics to represent the highest development of sound reproducing instruments. We would like to have you investigate that statement, if only to satisfy your curiosity.

The Amberola is on view in our store at all times. Drop in and hear a free concert at any time. We also carry a full line of other styles of Edison Phonographs and complete stock of Edison records.

J. W. Robinson & Co.
205 Princess St.

ju 5 tf

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.

4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.

DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

Whisper, Lady

Have you seen our new Pumps? They are winners.

With the drop shank, it fits under the arch, hugs the heel, has no strap and does not slip. The latest achievement in pumps. Tans, gunmetals, and cravenettes, $4.00.

A pleasure to show you.

HEWLETT & PRICE
Save Our Register Checks.

BATHING SUITS

Spaulding's Bathing Suits are the best. We have them all sizes, colors and prices.

Water Wings and Seaside Buckets for the children.

Kodaks and Kodak supplies. Brownie Cameras and Films.

Base Ball Goods, Lawn Tennis and Croquet Sets. Porch Screens and Hammocks.

C. W. YATES & CO.

ju 12 tf

Brick! Lime! Cement!

Weatherproof Compo Roofing. "Ivory" Gypsum Cement Plaster. Higginson White Cement for mortar. "Boone" Gypsum Cement plaster. Alpha Portland Cement. Large stock, quick delivery.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

These time tables are corrected to June 5th, 1910, but their correctness nor the arrivals and departures are not guaranteed, the figures being given as the best available information as to schedules of this company and its connections.

48	42-86	48-86	a via Petersburg. *Daily	89-49	83-41	49
*8:40am	*7:00pm	*8:40am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	6 15pm	9 45am	6 15pm
11 37am	10 05pm	11 37am	Ar. ..... Goldsboro ..... Lv.	2 59pm	6 40am	2 59pm
12:36pm	11:05pm	12:36pm	Ar. ..... Wilson ..... Lv.	1 52pm	5 49am	1 52pm
1 18pm	11 45pm	1 18pm	Ar. ..... Rocky Mount ..... Lv.	12:58pm	5:05am	12:58pm
.....	2:15pm	4:55pm	Ar. ..... Weldon ..... Lv.	11:30am	3:25am	.....
.....	4:00am	7:05pm	Ar. ..... Petersburg ..... Lv.	9:13am	1:40am	.....
5:50pm	a8:00am	.....	Ar. ..... Norfolk ..... Lv.	.....	a8:00pm	*8:15am
.....	4 40am	8 00pm	Ar. ..... Richmond ..... Lv.	8:15am	1:06am	.....
.....	8 00am	11 50pm	Ar. ..... Washington ..... Lv.	4:20am	9:40pm	.....
.....	9:53am	1:20 am	Ar. ..... Baltimore ..... Lv.	2 46am	8 20pm	.....
.....	11:53am	3:40am	Ar. ..... West Philadelphia ..... Lv.	12 19am	5 44pm	.....
.....	2:15pm	6:30am	Ar. ..... NEW YORK ..... Lv.	*9 25pm	*2 25pm	.....

42-86 and 83-41 carries Pullman buffet sleeping car between Wilmington and Washington connecting with New York trains with Pullman service.

48 and 49 carries Pullman Buffet parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.

55-89	51-83	*Daily	82-50	80-54	
.....	*3:15pm	*5:35am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	12:55am	1:40pm	.....
.....	7:25pm	9:20am	Ar. ..... Florence ..... Lv.	9:05pm	9:30am	.....
.....	11:20pm	1:35pm	Ar. ..... Charleston ..... Lv.	5:55pm	5:20am	.....
.....	2:40am	6:45pm	Ar. ..... Savannah ..... Lv.	1:20pm	12:15am	.....
.....	11 55am	2 20am	Ar. ..... Albany ..... Lv.	1 25am	1 55pm	.....
.....	9:40am	1:45am	Ar. ..... Thomasville ..... Lv.	2 35am	2 05pm	.....
.....	5 50pm	8 50am	Ar. ..... Montgomery ..... Lv.	6 50pm	6 05am	.....
.....	7:15am	.....	Ar. ..... JACKSONVILLE ..... Lv.	9:15am	7:55pm	.....
.....	2:05pm	.....	Ar. ..... Sanford, Fla. ..... Lv.	2 10am	2 55pm	.....
.....	7:00pm	.....	Ar. ..... TAMPA ..... Lv.	9 00pm	10 30am	.....
.....	8:55pm	.....	Ar. ST. PETERSBURG Lv.	.....	6:45am	.....
.....	10:20pm	.....	Ar. FORT MYERS Lv.	*3:00pm	*6:45am	.....

55-89 and 82-50 Pullman service. 51-83 and 80-54 Pullman service south of Florence. *Sleeper on No. 50 may be occupied in Wilmington until 7:00 A. M.

55	51	*Daily.	32-50	54
*3:15pm	*5:35am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	12:55am	1:40pm
7:25pm	9:20am	..... Florence ..... Lv.	9:05pm	9:30am
9:20pm	11:20am	Ar. ..... Sumter ..... Lv.	5:55pm	7:40am
11:10pm	12:55pm	Ar. ..... COLUMBIA ..... Lv.	4:10pm	*6:00am
.....	.....	Ar. ..... AUGUSTA ..... Lv.	2:30pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... ATLANTA ..... Lv.	7 30am	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Macon ..... Lv.	8 55am	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Chattanooga ..... Lv.	3:00am	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Nashville ..... Lv.	9 30pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Memphis ..... Lv.	1 00pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... Louisville ..... Lv.	2 45pm	.....
.....	.....	Ar. ..... CINCINNATI ..... Lv.	*10 55am	.....

55 and 50 Pullman sleepers between Wilmington and Columbia which may be occupied at terminals until 7:00 A. M.

57	51-97	55	*Daily ‡Daily except Sundy.	54	98-50	58
*6:25pm	*5:35am	*3:35pm	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	1:40pm	12:55am	8:30am
8:10pm	7:30am	5:00pm	Ar. ..... CHADBOURN ..... Lv.	*11:40am	*11:02pm	6:45am
11:10pm	11:50am	.....	Lv. ..... CHADBOURN ..... Ar.	.....	5:00pm	6:40am
12:45am	1:30pm	.....	Ar. ..... CONWAY ..... Lv.	.....	‡3:30pm	*5:15am

53	*Daily.	52
*8:45am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	8 05pm
11 45am	Ar. ..... Fayetteville ..... Lv.	4 50pm
12 10pm	Lv. ..... Fayetteville ..... Ar.	4 45pm
1 40pm	Ar. ..... SANFORD, N. C. ..... Lv.	*3 30pm

68	62	64	‡Daily except Sun. xSun. only	60	63	65
x6:45pm	13:25pm	15:50am	Lv. ..... WILMINGTON ..... Ar.	10:15am	12:50pm	6:50pm
8:30pm	5:17pm	7:48am	Ar. ..... Jacksonville, N. C. ... Lv.	8:22am	10:55am	4:51pm
9:55pm	6:44pm	9:10am	Ar. ..... Nor & Son. Jct. ..... Lv.	7:05am	9:35am	3:35pm
10:00pm	6:50pm	9:15am	Ar. ..... NEWBERN, N. C. ... Lv.	‡7:00am	9:30am	3:30pm

For folders, Reservations, rates of fares, etc apply to the undersigned.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
PHONE 160.

TO THE BEACH
SUBURBAN SCHEDULE
In Effect May 28, 1910.
WEEK DAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Sts. East Bound.	Leave The Beach. West Bound.
6:30 a. m.	6:15 a. m.
	7:15 a. m.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
12:00 p. m.	

Freight
Leave Ninth and Orange streets 6:00 a. m., 10:00 a. m., 4:00 p. m., and 7:00 p. m.
Freight depot open from 5:30 to 6.00 a. m., and from 8:00 a. m. until 7:00 p. m. Freight received at Ninth and Orange streets only.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Sts. East Bound.	Leave The Beach. West Bound.
7:00 a. m.	7:15 a. m.
8:30 a. m.	7:45 a. m.
	9:15 a. m.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
11:00 p. m.	11:45 p. m.
12:00 p. m.	

Freight.
Leave Ninth and Orange streets at 11:00 a. m.
Freight depot open from 10:00 to 11:00 a. m.

N. & W. Norfolk & Western Ry.
Quickest and Best Line West and North west.
Block System, Rock Ballast 85-lb Rail.
Schedule in Effect May 15, 1910.

Lv. Norfolk	8:15 a m	8:00 p m
Lv. Petersburg	10:50 a m	10:40 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	6:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:25 p m	2:30 a m
r. Cincinnati	7:30 a m	6:25 p m
r. Columbus	6:45 a m	7:05 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.
Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.
Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.
W. B. BEVILL, Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE
HOPKINS & DAVIS
For that choice, juicy Beef, Veal, Spring Lamb, Mutton, Pork and Hams and Bacon, whole or sliced. Green Vegetables. Come or phone your orders.
FRONT STREET MARKET.
STALLS No. 1, 2 and 3 north side, and No. 1, 3 and 4 south side.
Phones 141 and 128.
Ju 11 tf

Steamer Wilmington
SUMMER SCHEDULE.
In Effect From June 1st, 1910.
Leave Wilmington Daily Except Saturday and Sunday for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9 A. M. and for Carolina Beach at 2:30 P. M. Last Boat leaves Beach at 6 P. M.
SATURDAY.
Leave Wilmington at 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M., for Carolina Beach and Southport.
SUNDAY.
Leave Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport at 9:15 A. M. and 2:30 P. M., and for Carolina Beach at 7:30. Last Boat leaves Beach at 8:45 P. M.
FREIGHT.
Will be received for the 9 o'clock Boat Only. No dogs allowed at Carolina Beach. Ma 31-tf.

Boarders Wanted
Good Board can be had at second cottage north of Lumina by day, week or month at reasonable rates.
ju 5-tf. MRS. A. A. NATHAN.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE
Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 3.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective May 15, 1910.
NO. 45—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and intermediate points to Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for Raleigh and points North.
NO. 39—3:45 P. M.—For Charlotte, connecting at Hamlet with through trains for Atlanta, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:45 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8:05 P. M., arriving Charlotte 10:50 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington
NO. 40—12:20 P. M.—From Charlotte.
NO. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and intermediate points.
No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 53 for Atlanta.
No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham and Memphis. No. 84 for Washington and New York and No. 32 for Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.
Parlor Car service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 3:45 P. M., and No. 40 arriving at Wilmington at 12:20 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON, Union Ticket Agent. Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent. Phone No. 3.
H. S. LEARD, Div. Passenger Agent., Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. BRYAN, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.
ma 19 tf

Clyde Steamship Company
to
NEW YORK
and
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Friday, June 10th.
S. S. "Carib".....Friday, June 17th.
WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
S. S. "Carib".....Saturday, June 11th.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Saturday, June 18th.
WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
S. S. "Navahoe".....Monday, June 13th.
S. S. "Carib".....Monday, June 20th.
Both steamers have good passenger accommodations.
Through bills of lading and lowest brough rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.
For Freight apply to
M. G. SMALLBONES, Supt. Wilmington, N. C.
H. M. MAYNARD, Freight Traffic Manager.
W. B. RAYMOND, V. P. & G. M.

Blue prints of all kinds are made by Southern Map Co., phone 813, So. Bldg.

FORECLOSURE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage made by J. R. Turrentine, Jr., and wife to the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association and registered in Book 58, Page 74, et seq. of the Records of New Hanover County, the undersigned will sell to the highest bidder at public auction for cash on Saturday, June 25th 1910 at 12 o'clock M., at the Court House door in the city of Wilmington, N. C., the following lot of land in said city: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Fifth street, 99 feet south of southern line of Walnut street, runs thence south with said line of Fifth street 33 feet, thence east parallel with Walnut street, 165 feet, thence north parallel with Fifth street, 33 feet; thence west 165 feet to the beginning, being part of west one-half lot 2, Block 208.
WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,
By John D. Bellamy, Attorney.
ma 25 30d

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
[WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY [Inc.]
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

The MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for time actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith

Sunday, June 12th, 1910.

The Sugar Trust is in a bad way but it need not be alarmed. The Standard Oil Company got "busted" several times and is still able to laugh in its sleeve at trust busters.

The Washington Post remarks: "The Democratic party may find that disgust is a mighty shifty issue." The signs of the times would indicate that disgust is "paramount". We might make the platform brief and let disgust get in its work.

Dr. Cook continues to believe that he can convince us that he discovered the North Pole. We are confident that he hopes to succeed because of the frequent successes of the Republican party in fooling the people. Bad precedents make bold men rashly presumptuous in giving us an exhibition of their nerve.

Because President Taft snubbed Representative Harrison, of New York and refused to admit him to his presence, it may be sufficient provocation for the newspapers to print the Congressman's picture. The snub that made Harrison famous was delivered close on to Friday, which any woman could have told him was no lucky day for taking risks.

"What are the United States?" inquires a contemporary. They are a federation of subsidiary governments which constitute a Nation that clings to the fetish that the higher we tax ourselves for the benefit of the few the richer everybody gets. The nation referred to is in the hands of those who actually believe that prosperity is derived from taxation.

The esteemed Washington Post, ever careful in weighing the facts and reaching conclusions, expresses the fear that when Colonel Roosevelt reaches New York next Saturday he will not be prepared to speak of the Taft administration, having not "had time to grasp the meaning and importance of current events." That won't make any difference with the Colonel. He is never more interesting than when he goes off half-cocked.

What right have we to boast of our business qualifications and industrial prowess, when the captains of industry constantly hold out their paws for assistance from the people to enable them to compete with the manufacturers of other countries? The constant cry for help (protection) ought to stop, else we have nothing to brag about. Anybody ought to make a success when they are Nationally assisted.

Some people object to the primary election because of the abuses practiced in that method of making nominations. We go to the primary because of the abuses so much more easy to practice under the convention plan, not to mention the fact that it is so vastly less representative than the primary plan. Correct the abuses of either plan. Swat the abusers and sit down on them with a flattening thud. Those who corrupt the primary ought to get it in the neck with a red-hot poker.

Acting as President, it was not the proper caper for President Taft to snub Congressman Burton Harrison, but resolving himself into his individuality as William H. Taft, Mr. Taft was venting a personal prerogative that no one can deny him. It was all brought about by the fact that President Taft had stood by Ballinger, while Harrison had indulged in criticism to that effect. This causes us to reflect that we Presidents and gentlemen should be careful how we "stand for" certain persons, for it may cause us to have to resent amadversions upon our dignity.

SAVING THE STATE.

The American Tobacco Company is getting a good deal of praise for having subscribed for $1,000,000 of North Carolina's 40 year 4 per cent. bonds at a time when Governor Kitchin was hard-pushed to place all of the State's new issue amounting to $3,430,000. Mr. Duke, who is the head of that great and rich corporation, is a native of North Carolina and no doubt he had a patriotic motive in making such a liberal subscription. At the same time it was sound business judgment in an emergency to protect the State's credit, for the American Tobacco Company does a tremendous business in the State both as a buyer of leaf tobacco and as a seller of the manufactured product.

There were several good business reason why Mr. Duke's Company and others should purchase North Carolina bonds, not the least of which is that it was a good investment. The bonds bear 4 per cent. interest and sold at par, and while some contention has been made that 4 per cent. interest is a low rate, we wish to state that we do not consider it so. North Carolina's splendid credit places this State in the low interest class, because the old North State is as good as gold when she stands back of an obligation that is honest and one that is of her own making. Those 4 per cents are also exempted from taxation, which makes them good assets, and, as a matter of fact, we think the purchasers who got them at par are in luck and to be congratulated.

However, we shall look on Mr. Duke's purchase as having been inspired by State pride and we hope it was. We believe, in fact, that his love for North Carolina was the main reason for his company's action, and we say all honor to him, to the banks and to all other Carolinians who purchased bonds with a view to stand by their State's credit. So much for that part of it, and something else for another view of it. For instance, the Winston-Salem Journal, in commenting upon the praiseworthy act of the American Tobacco Company, makes it the occasion for taking a crack at the "Inconsistency of the Press." Says our esteemed Twin City contemporary:

"Not long since the press of North Carolina was denouncing in scathing terms the alleged 'tobacco trust.' Today the self same papers are praising the American Tobacco Company for coming to the rescue of the State when in financial trouble. The United States Supreme Court will likely hand down an opinion in the American Tobacco Company case in the fall, and then watch the newspapers of North Carolina, which previously used such scathing terms against a corporation in restraint of trade. Undoubtedly, the American Tobacco Company saved the credit of North Carolina at this time, without the necessity of having the General Assembly meet in extraordinary session, but if the State has been actuated in the past to hold that this company is a trust and its profits are illegiimate, has not North Carolina compromised a serious question, when the evidence of truth of the charges against the trust are as strong as ever? There are corporations in the State of North Carolina doing business in violation of the Sherman 'anti-trust' act, which are in the same class as the larger corporations of the country. The State is to be congratulated upon receiving a bid for $1,000,000 of bonds at this time, but the press can ill afford in the future to denounce the source from which the bid was received, after its praise of the last few days."

Doubtless the editorial of the esteemed Journal is timely, but our recollection is that its indictment of the press is not quite borne out by the facts. It would have been more correct to lay it to some of the press for "denouncing in scathing terms the alleged tobacco trust." We believe the press generally was conservative and fair in its comments but some of our brother quill drivers were "scathing" and bitter sometimes—perhaps too much so, and at times when it was unnecessary. That is for each editor to decide for himself, but we believe that editors should speak out, if what they say is not an onslaught inspired by prejudice or malice.

We have come down to the point of saying that editors should always be fair and just and be sure of their grounds. However, it is no sign that because a fellow is good now he has not been a sinner some time in the past. Today may call for knocking. Tomorrow may call for praise. We think the good deeds of the American Tobacco company are deserving of all praise, but we do not take it that its expenditure of $1,000,000 for bonds should be considered as a purchase of immunity. As long as a man does good be liberal with praise but when he does wrong he need not expect praise. In fact he will be surprised if he gets it. "Be just and fear not."

The American Tobacco Company may not be guilty of all the allegations made against it. It has recently done a good thing and we point to it with pride. Let us praise when it deserves but condemn what is wrongful and hurtful. The exercise of good judgment, free from malice, prejudice and smart alecism, should control a newspaper at all times.

Some people show signs of wanting to vote again on a problem that was settled in a way contrary to their liking. All minorities are anxious in every instance to get another showing. The fellow who gets licked is the one who is never satisfied till he gets another fighting chance.

LEST WE FORGET.

A writ of injunction should be served upon Col. Roosevelt restraining him from going on claiming that he is for a square deal. The courts have ruled against him on that score.

While President he insisted on dragging editors from New York and Indianapolis to Washington to be tried in a court of his own selection instead of permitting them to have the square deal which the constitution and laws guarantee them—viz: to have their day in court in a tribunal with the proper jurisdiction. The courts in Indiana and New York had jurisdiction in the trial of a cause where the alleged offense was committed, but it took a ruling from the courts to convince the President that it did not lie in his power to drag an accused party from any quarter of the Republic to the seat of the Federal government when it was their right to face their accusers in a court having jurisdiction within the district in which the cause of acton originated.

The courts decided in effect that neither President Roosevelt nor any other man could drag a defendant from Maine, or from Texas, or from Florida, or from California, or from any other State, to be tried at Washington under the Roosevelt eye. It was a decsion guaranteeing the defendants the true and unfeigned square deal—a square deal which the President was doing his best to see that they did not get, but it actually devolved upon the courts to secure for the publishers of the Indianapolis News and of the New York World the square deal for which the former President labors under the delusion that he stands for. Nevertheless, he yet thinks he stands for the square deal in face of the adverse court decisions when he tried his best to commit the most enormous possible breach of the square deal principle.

Col. Roosevelt in his speaches in Europe continued to harp upon the square deal, and we are contentious and refractory because we do not like to see him or any other man claiming honor and credit for something that the courts took away from him. We like to see any man maintain a degree of consistency that can be respected, so me "pass" when the Colonel prates about the square deal.

Why, if any court in America had decided along the line of President Roosevelt's contentions, it would have established the most serious and dangerous precedent that ever threatened the liberty of the American people. But for the decisions of the courts established under the constitution, any President could have dragged a man across the continent for the purpose of having the screws set to him under the very dome of the American capitol. It would have brought the Nation's capital into contempt as being the seat of a centralized and despotic power. No greater danger ever menaced individual liberty in this Union than that which President Roosevelt instigated when he contended that a defendant could be hailed to a centralized jurisdiction at Washington.

The thought of it ought to make the American people shudder. It was a narrow escape which the Federal courts in Indianapolis and New York provided for the free people of the Republic. Liberty had a close shave!

No "square deal" rot for us. This bill of indictment is brought in "lest we forget"—"lest we forget."

The Bible contains words of wisdom involving every phase of life. Within its lids are words of comfort and solace, nowhere else to be found, for the sorrowing, the distressed, the troubled and the perplexed. To get wisdom and guard against folly, it is a good idea to read the Book of Books and Sunday is a good day to read it.

Dr. F. W. Lang, of Scranton, Pa., physician and amateur alchemist, has given out an authoritative statement that he has discovered a process for transmuting base metals into silver. He should know that our credulity has not yet recovered from the Dr. Cook shock.

The laugh is on President Taft for getting his back up at Congressman Harrison. It was a broad hint to the New York Congressman that the President had backed up against the door of admittance.

Fighting continues in Nicaragua in spite of the fact that peaches and watermelons are ripe. No man should run the risk of getting killed till the season has passed.

There probably is great similarity between the opinions of Senator Tillman and Representative Harrison concerning the brutality of White House etiquette.

Don't misrepresent Col. Wm. J. Bryan. If you don't make him mad as old Tucker he may decide to let somebody run in his place in 1912.

The flattening potentiality of the steam roller appears to have gained recognition at the White House.

Evangelism of the world and religious bigotry cannot make much headway in the same direction.

Louisiana has put a tax on the oyster. It seems to be decreed that the oyster must be downed.

CURRENT COMMENT.

As of every college commencement, it may be said of the press convention at Wrightsville this year that the addresses were "well up to the usual standard."—Charlotte Observer.

It is expected that soon after his return Col. Roosevelt, as he prefers to be called, will let loose his pent-up views on American politics and with old-time vigor and frankness discuss things as he sees them.—Washington Post.

Mr. B. N. Duke has made another gift of one hundred thousand dollars to Trinity College. This carries the benefactions of the Duke family to the college far above the million dollar mark. As a result of such benefactions Trinity is one of the best equipped colleges in the entire country and its endowment is surpassed by that of only one educational institution in the South.—Winston-Salem Senitnel.

The Wayne county alumnae of the State Normal and Industrial College have pledged themselves to raise $1,000 within the next two years to assist Wayne girls in attending the college. Next to Guilford, Wayne was more largely represented last year than any other county in the State, and its alumnae roll will total over one hundred in the eighteen years since the foundation. Wayne's example should prove not only encouraging to the alumnae the State over but infectious as well.—Charlotte Observer.

A report from the North Carolina endurance run reads thus: "North Carolina beats Virginia two to one on roads. Virginia was recognized when the border line was crossed by the condition of its highways. 'This 's Virginia,' dismally remarked one of the passengers in the first contesting car. 'I know it by the roads.' And 't was Virginia." And this despite the fact that, while North Carolina "beats Virginia two to one on roads," Virginia beats North Carolina three to one on automobiles.—Richmond Virginian.

Theodore Roosevelt today begins the last stage of his remarkable journey. A week from tomorrow the conquering hero will be welcomed home with an emphasis of numbers and noises beside which the greetings that marked his progress through Europe will not compare.

Naturally, public expectation centers in the Colonel's verdict on the Taft administration, now that it has weathered the adversities that atend the first year of a new regime and is spreading canvas for a full headway under clearing skies. But will the Colonel have had time to grasp the meaning and importance of current events, the most momentous happenings of any during his absence? Will the Colonel have had opportunity to analyze recent election results showing that insurgency is less formidable at the polls than on paper; that, in fact, the Republican organization is nowhere in revolt against the policies of the administration? Congress, never a pliant tool in the Colonel's hands, still is putting its own interpretation on the Chicago platform pledges before giving them the force of law.—Washington Post.

The ancient worthy whose imprecation took the form of a desire that his enemy would write a book would doubtless, if he came back to earth just now prefer composing a letter as a more certain and more powerful trouble-breeder. Few seeds of future embarrassment known in this day and generation are more prolific than the habit of sending ill-judged or untimely epistles to a bosm friend or total stranger. * * A recent experience of Representative John M. Morehead of the fifth North Carolina district. Earnestly desiring the election of Mr. S. S. McNinch to Congress, Mr. Morehead sent letters advocating that gentleman's candidacy to various mill-owners throughout the eighth district. Several of his correspondents hold contrary views, and answered him in a vein of most biting sarcasm, furnishing the local press at the same time with copies of the correspondence. Furthermore not a few papers are suggesting with very great truth that Mr. Morehead exceeded the bounds of propriety in mailing such letters under his official frank.

In the melodrama of a generation ago, the stereotyped postscript to all written communications was: "Burn this as soon as read." It appears as if a better rule nowadays would be: "Burn this before posting."—Charlotte Observer.

DEATH IN ROBESON.

Mrs. Caroline Bullard Passes Away—Results of the Storm.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Lumberton, N. C., June 11.—Mrs. Caroline Bullard, one of the oldest and most highly esteemed ladies of this place, died last night shortly before 9 o'clock. She had been sick only two days and her death was a great shock to her family and friends. Mrs. Bullard was about 75 years old and was married 53 years ago to Mr. J. T. Bullard, who with two sons, Messrs. William and George, and one daughter, Mrs. E. E. Shooter, survives her. Mrs. Bullard was a native of this county, having been born and reared about 12 miles from here and it is not thought that she was ever outside of the county.

One brother, Mr. W. H. Barnes, also survives her. She was one of the most quiet, unassuming genuine Christian women, who ever lived in this section. The funeral will be conducted from the residence tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock. Rev. C. H. Durham, pastor of the First Baptist church, officiating. The interment will be in the North Lumberton cemetery.

Reports received today indicate that considerable damage was done by wind and rain in different sections of the county yesterday evening. At the residence of Mr. L. R. Hamer, near Raynham, the large shade trees were blown down and a tenement house near-by was completely wrecked, but the colored occupants escaped unhurt which is considered miraculous. At Back Swamp, a store house is reported blown from its foundation.

Selections from "Bohemian Girl" at the afternoon concert at Lumina today. **

New mattings, special prices at Polvogt's. **

I. SHRIER'S

SPECIAL SALE

NOW ON

Domestic All-wool Fabrics are now going at $13.50 Per Two-Piece Suit

Values $18.00 to $25.00

THESE suits are from the regular stock of the present season, and every garment will be made up to measure in the usual perfect manner. Every inch is pure wool, and the styles are the very latest for Summer wear.

Imported All-wool Fabrics are now going at $19.00 Per Two-Piece Suit

Values $25.00 to $45.00

NOWHERE can you find such beautiful all-wool fabrics as are now being sold at the above prices. Compare and be astonished at what they would cost you but for the fact that we got a bargain from the mills on their surplus stock. Every fabric is the newest in weave and color, and the price is not more than others would charge for domestic woolens.

Owing to the close margin these goods are sold on, these prices are strictly cash to everybody.

I. SHRIER

The Reliable Tailor & Men's Furnisher

N. E. Corner Front and Princess Sts.

White Goods Sale!

Monday at Rehder's Popular Department Store--A Money-Saving Opportunity.

15c White Cambric 36 inches wide de, fine quality Monday the yard 9½c

15c White Cambric 36 inches widein short lengths 2 to 10 yard pieces. Monday the yard 11½c

36 inch wide White Linene 15c Value. Monday the yard 9½c

30 inch wide White Striped Muslin 10c Value. Monday the yard 6½c

27 inch Japonika Silks, a variety of color. Monday 23c

36 inch wide Stripe Linen Suiting Monday 23c

27 inch Rajah Linen Plain and Striped. Monday the yard 23c

25c White Mercerized Batiste 38 inches wide Monday 18½c

Fancy Parasols $1.50 to $2.00 Kind, the assortment Monday $1.19

White Shirt Waists made of fine Lawn with Embroidered yoke long sleeves $1.50 Value 98c

Store Closes Friday at 1 o'clock

J. H. Rehder & Co. THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Give us your fruit Jars order now

MRS. SAGE GIVES $15,000

For Educational Work of Audubon Society in South.

New York, June 11.—Mrs. Russell Sage today gave $15,000 to the National Association of Audubon Societies for its work in the South. Earlier in the week she gave $500 to the association. The $15,000 is to be used in educational work in Georgia, Florida, Alabama, North Carolina and South Carolina, along the general lines of work of the association whose object is to protect wild birds and animals.

The $500 was given to start a special "robin protective fund", which the association is raising in an effort to protect the robin from extermination in the country.

According to T. Gilbert Pearson, secretary of the association, the fondness of some Southerners for robin is reducing the number of birds of this species to an alarming extent.

New millinery just received at Polvogt's, see the Wrightsville sailor. **

SUPERIOR COURT ADJOURNS

Sensational Clash Between Judge Cooke and Geo. Rountree, Esq. Verdict in Gregg Case Set Aside as to Mr. Woolvin.

In course of argument of counsel yesterday morning in Superior Court on the motion lodged at Friday's session of court to set aside the verdict in the case of Mrs. Susan M. Gregg, administratrix, against the city of Wilmington and Mr. James F. Woolvin, there was a sensational tilt between Judge Cooke and George Rountree, Esq., of counsel for plaintiff.

Judge Cooke, in discussing the case, made a statement to the effect that he did not think the jury was governed by the testimony and the charge of the court in reaching its verdict; that he did not charge corruption nor that the jury intentionally made a mistake, but that the jury was governed by impulses not in accord with the testimony and the law when eliminating Mr. Woolvin from the case. When Judge Cooke had said this, George Rountree, Esq., heatedly exclaimed, "You have practically killed our plaintiff." and, continuing, stated that he thought the court had gone out of its way in making such comments on the jury's verdict, even though it had not charged any intent on the jury's part. Counsel was interrupted by Judge Cooke and sternly commanded to take his seat, which was done, but no explanation or apology was offered by Mr. Rountree. Judge Cooke said that he felt that he had been treated with much indignity by counsel during the progress of the trial, and so stated from the bench. With the exception of Mr. Rountree, who picked up his hat and umbrella and left the court room, counsel arose and stated that such was not their intention and expressed regret that the court should think so.

Judge Cooke reiterated his statement of the afternoon before that Mr. Gregg came to his death through the negligence of somebody.

As intimated by Judge Cooke Friday afternoon, when the motion was first made and argued, the verdict as to $7,000 damages against the city was allowed to stand, but was set aside as to Mr. Woolvin. The jury found that Mr. Woolvin was not guilty of contributory negligence and the answer to this issue was set aside by Judge Cooke, which brings Mr. Woolvin back in the case. Both the city of Wilmington and Mr. Woolvin will take an appeal to the Supreme Court.

An agreement was reached in the case of Harper against Winner and a judgment will be signed later. The plaintiff in the case of J. S. Brooks against the Waccamaw Lumber Company was allowed time in which to file an amended complaint. This is the case that was non-suited in Federal Court a few weeks ago. The plaintiff is now suing for $1,999.99 for alleged injuries received while working at a lathe machine. The case of John W. Holmes against L. H. Love, et al., was set for the first at the next term.

Court adjourned sine die yesterday morning, after being in session since May 31st.

ANOTHER TRAIN ON A. & Y.

Dr. Geo. F. Lucas Had Satisfactory Interview With Mr. Kenly.

Dr. Geo. F. Lucas, of Currie, was in the city yesterday and had a most satisfactory interview with Mr. John R. Kenly, vice president of the Atlantic Coast Line railway, with reference to the additional passenger train service on the A. & Y. railroad, for which efforts have been put forth for the past several weeks both by the Chamber of Commerce of Wilmington and residents along the line of the railroad. Dr. Lucas presented a most effective argument to Mr. Kenly as to the need of the service and received assurance that an additional train would be put on in the next ten days. The train will be from Sanford to Wilmington and will arrive probably about 9 or 10 o'clock in the morning, returning in the evening. This will be a great accommodation to the traveling public along the A. & Y. and should serve to greatly increase the passenger traffic to the beach from Fayetteville and other central points along the line to say nothing of the opportunity given business men along the road to spend the day in Wilmington and return the same evening.

INFORMATION WANTED.

I notice the Atlantic Coast Line is repairing their "Dummy Line" track and putting it in first class condition, and in doing so they have taken up the old Belgian Blocks and pilled them up from one to three feet high near the track, while there is ample and safe passage way for all vehicles, pedestrians and locomotive engines and the blocks are as safe as can be unless set in mortar or cement, but suppose some careless individual should lean against, sit on them and they tumble down and do him some injury? Who would be to blame for damage, city or the A. C. L.? Take the case, gentlemen of the jury.

WHARF RAT.

Death of Little Daughter.

Friends of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. DeCover will tenderly sympathize with them in the death of their three-months-old daughter, Theresa DeCover, which occurred at the family residence, No. 111 South Seventh street, early yesterday morning. The little one was a twin-sister of the one who died a few weeks ago. The funeral was held from the family residence at 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon, conducted by Rev. Father Dennen, and the interment was in Bellevue cemetery.

United Wireless Stock.

Attention of investors is called to the announcement of Mr. J. Bailey Farmer, sales agent in North Carolina for the United Wireless Telegraph Co. A very attractive proposition is now being made to the public and the advertisement commends itself to the reading of those who desire to investigate this form of investment.

Ladies colored lawn dresses $1.50 to $5.00 at the C. W. Polvogt Company. **

GETTING READY FOR DOCTORS

Plans Making for Entertainment of 57th Annual Convention of State Medical Society—Tentative Programme Arranged.

The local committee in charge of arrangements for the entertainment of the delegates and visitors to the 57th annual meeting of the North Carolina Medical Society, at Wrightsville Beach, June 21st to 23rd, inclusive, is making elaborate preparations for the convention and all will be given a royal good time. The tentative programme was announced yesterday.

The opening session will be held Tuesday morning, June 21st, in the assembly hall of the Tarrymoore Hotel. Prayer will be offered by Rev. Wm. H. Milton, D. D., rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, following which there will be addresses of welcome and responses. Hon. John D. Bellamy will deliver one of the addresses of welcome, but the other speakers have not yet been selected. The greater part of the remainder of the day will be taken up with business sessions. In the evening the visitors will be entertained by the Tidewater Power Company at a souvenir dance at Lumina. Following a business session Wednesday morning, the visitors will come to the city at noon on special suburban cars and go for a trip down the Cape Fear river on the steamer Wilmington. Luncheon will be served on the boat. The closing sessions of the convention will be held Thursday.

The State Board of Medical examiners will meet at the beach June 14th and will probably continue in session until June 21st or 22nd, when announcemeet of the successful applicants for license will be made. There will probably be about 135 applicants this year.

The Board of Examiners of Trained Nurses of North Carolina will meet at the Seashore Hotel, on the morning of June 21st and continue in session for three days. The members of the board are Dr. C. A. Julian, Thomasville; Dr. Oscar McMullin, Elizabeth City; Miss Cleone Hobbs, R. N., president, Greensboro; Miss Maria P. Allen, R. N., Morganton; Miss Anne Ferguson, R. N., secretary-treasurer, Statesville, N. C.

The North Carolina Bankers' Association will convene in annual session at the beach on the morning of June 22nd for a three-days session and some of the most prominent financiers of the State as well as from other States will be here.

For both conventions and meetings of the examining boards there will probably be at the beach something like 1,000 or 1,200 visitors. Usually the conventions of the medical men and bankers are attended by about 300 each and this year it is expected that each convention will bring at least 400 visitors. Added to this the applicants for license as trained nurses and those who compose the body, will make in the neighborhood of 1,000 or 1,200 visitors.

The members of the Board of Medical Examiners, which meets at the beach Tuesday of this week, are: President, Dr. John C. Rodman, Washington; secretary, Dr. Benj. K. Hogg, Oxford; Dr. Lewis B. McBrayer, Asheville; Dr. Wm. M. McKenzie, Salisbury; Dr. Henry H. Dodson, Greensboro; Dr. John Bynum, Winston; Dr. J. L. Nicholson, Richlands.

CONCERTS AT LUMINA.

Two Attractive Programmes Today by Kneisel's Orchestra.

Attention is called to the excellent programmes arranged for the concerts at Lumina today. The Lumina orchestra is recognized as a very superior organization, and one that would do credit to a much larger place than Wrightsville Beach. The programmes are as follows:

Afternoon.

March—"Kaiser Frederic" ....

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, etc

Miss Daisy Champlin leaves for New York this morning to purchase goods for the millinery department of the C. W. Polvogt Company.

* * *

Mrs. Paul Carrington Smith, nee Miss Virginia Smith, of Norfolk, will arrive this morning to visit Miss Bessie Gore, No. 420 South Front street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Walsh, of Sanford, Fla., are visiting in the city, the guests of Mr. Walsh's parents, 713 Princess street.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. McClamroch, of Greensboro, are visiting Mrs. E. B. King, 110 Grace street.

* * *

Miss Vera Purvis arrived in the city last evening to spend several days as the guest of Miss Bessie Hurst at her home on Market street.

* * *

Mr. W. C. McGirt and bride, nee Miss Lillian Andrews, have returned from a very pleasant bridal tour in Northern cities.

* * *

Miss Frances Wingate, of Washington, D. C., is the attractive guest of Miss Anna Wootten, on South Third street, for several days, and later will be a guest for some time of Mrs. W. A. Davis, on Nun street.

* * *

Attractive invitations have been received by friends in the city as follows: "Mrs. Jennie R. Allen requests the honor of your presence at the marriage of her daughter, Mary Wooten to Mr. John Watrus Beckwith, on the afternoon of Wednesday, the twenty second of June, at five o'clock, 906 Chesnut street, Wilmington, North Carolina. At home after the first of July, South Jacksonville, Florida."

* * *

BRILLIANT WEDDING
NEAR ROANOKE, VA

Roanoke, Va., June 6.—Prominently listed among the most important events of the present social season in this section was the marriage of Miss Lillian Martin Perry, daughter of Mr and Mrs. J. S. Perry and Lieutenant Robert Octavius Edwards, of Fort Caswell, N. C., which occurred Monday night, June 6th, at 8 o'clock in St Paul's Episcopal church, Salem.

The floral treatment accorded the church was in pink and green. A drapery of smilax in front of altar formed a curtain in the background of which were masses of palms. The chancel was also delicately draped with smilax, all of which was intermingled with large pink peonies. The pews reserved for the special guests were tied with streamers of pink tule and huge buches of pink peonies. The aisles were enclosed with white ribbon through which the bridal party passed on entering the church.

The bridal party entered the church to the sweet strains of the Bridal Chorus from Lohengrin. During the ceremony, "O, Thou Sublime" and "Sweet Evening Star" from Tannhauser was softly played. On leaving the church the emotion-stirring strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march was played.

The ushers, Mr. Lyle McClung and Mr. Frank Wiley, of Salem, ushered the guests to their seats.

Promptly at the appointed hour the two groomsmen, Mr. John Murchison, of Wilmington, N. C., and Mr. John Moffett, of Salem, Va., both attired in the conventional black evening suits, and wearing lilies of the valley in the button hole of their coats, passed up the centre aisle followed by the two bridesmaids, Miss Rachel Turner, of Shepherdstown, W. Va., and Miss Sarah Bushnell, of Salem, both of them daintily garbed in white messaline, short sleeves and en train, carrying bunches of pink Maryland roses tied with long streamers of pink tule The two groomsmen and two bridesmaids on reaching the altar passed to opposite sides. The first groomsman, Mr. Hunter Perry, of Atlanta, Ga., brother of the bride, dressed like the groomsmen, passed up the aisle, followed by the matron of honor, Mrs. Graham Clayton, of Virginia College, who was most beautifully gowned in a handsome white lace imported over pink messaline, en train, and carried a large bouquet of pink Maryland roses tied with the long pink tule streamers.

The maid of honor, Miss Edith Walters, of Covington, Ky., entered dressed in a white messaline draped with a graceful white net tunic en train, low necked and short sleeves, also carrying the pink Maryland roses with pink tulle streamers.

Miss Jean Gregory, of Huntington, W. Va., the dainty little flower girl, dressed in a creation of hand made lace over pink messaline, carried a basket of Baltimore belles, which she scattered up the aisle as the bride entered on the arm of her father. The bride was most exquisitely gowned in a handsome white duchess satin en train, and short sleeves which was fashioned on rarely beautiful lines, with an over-waist of silk Egyptian net hand embroidered with crystals. She wore a long bridal veil of handsome lace fastened with pearl ornaments and festooned with lilies of the valley. She carried an immense shower bouquet of lilies of the valley tied with white ribbons all lending itself most harmoniously to the completion of an attractively handsome appearance.

The groom, Lieut. Robert Octavious Edwards, entered from the vestry with his best man, Mr. Henry Jones, of Norfolk, Va., also dressed in conventional black evening suits and wearing lilies of the valley. The groom received the bride at the altar and at the conclusion of the beautiful Episcopal ring service performed by Rev. J. S. Meredith, pastor of the church, the bridal party left the church in reverse order.

The bride, who is the daughter of Mr. J. S. Perry, one of the most successful business men in this section, is a most charming and beautiful young lady. She is a dainty blond and possesses a character as beautiful as her person. She is beloved by a large circle of friends who extend to her their best wishes in her new home. She was educated at Hollin's Institute where her popularity was shown in the fact that she was chosen the May Queen of their annual May Day Festivities.

Lieut. Edwards is the son of Mrs. R. O. Edwards, of Charlotte, N. C., and of late Mr. R. O. Edwards, who was a prominent business man of Weldon, N. C. Lieut. Edwards graduated at the V. M. I., '08, from which class he was given the appointment in the U. S. A., of a Second Lieut., Coast Artillery Corps, He was promoted in less than a year to First Lieut. He is stationed at Fort Caswell, N. C.

After the ceremony at the church an informal reception was given at the bride's home, "Monterey", followed by an elegant dinner served in courses. The house was decorated with the army colors, red twined with green. The decorations were lavish with many colored lights. An orchestra dispensed music during the evening from the upper balcony.

The bride's presents were numerous, varied and most magnificent, among which was a diamond necklace from her mother and father, a brooch of pearls and diamonds from the groom, a chest of silver from Mr. and Mrs. Paul Garret, sister of the groom, a silver service, tray and a chest of linen from Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Hatton, aunt of the bride, and a piano from Mr. Hunter Perry, the bride's brother.

An elegant dinner was served the guests at the reception, after which the bride and groom left on the midnight train for a Northern tour. The bride's traveling dress was an apricot chiffon broadcloth tailored suit. They will be at home at Fort Caswell.

* * *

Winston, June 9.—This afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the home of the bride's uncle, Mr. Robert Dalton, in West End, Miss Bertha Dalton became the bride of Mr. Isaac Clark Wright, of Clinton. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. E. Abernethy, pastor of Centenary M. E. Church, in the presence of the relatives and most intimate friends of the contracting parties. Miss Melissa Phillips, of Dalton, cousin of the bride, was maid of honor and Prof. Robert Wright, of Greenville, N. C., brother of the groom, best man. A number of relatives were here to attend the marriage. Prof. Wright, of Greenville; Mrs. Wright, of Clinton; Misses Selena and Annie Parks Hutchinson and Master Charles Dalton, Jr., of Charlotte; Miss Lillie Lash and Miss Melissa Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Thomas, of Ansonia, Va.; Misses Frances, Annie, Kate and Nannie Jones, of Walnut Grove; Mrs. A. L. Jones, of Walnut Cove, being among the out of town guests. After an informal reception, Mr. and Mrs. Wright left for Greensboro and from here they will go to the eastern part of the State.

* * *

Chadbourn, N. C., June 8.—A delightful social event was the "At Home" given by Mrs. J. A. Brown on last Friday afternoon in honor of her charming house guests Mrs. N. A. Sinclair and Mrs. N. H. Smith, of Fayetteville, and Mrs. Luola Muse, of Cameron. Mrs. Brown was assisted in her duties by her guests of honor, who received in the parlor, and by Miss May De Wooten who presided over the punch bowl in the hall. The first floor of this beautiful home was thrown en suite and decorated with potted plants, lilies and sun flowers, carrying out an effective color scheme of white and gold. The enjoyable entertainment features were delightful piano music and choice readings. In an unique game the prize, a lovely hand-painted picture, was won by Mrs. N. H. Smith and presented to her by Mrs. Sinclair in her usual sparkling manner. Mrs. Muse and Mrs. Sinclair led the way to the dining room where a scene of superb loveliness greeted the eye; here the color scheme was pronounced, where the numerous electric lights and candelabra, softly shaded in yellow, shed mellow rays, in perfect harmony with the table decorations of nasturtiums, lilies and favors, which were miniature sun flowers. A two course luncheon closed an evening of rare pleasure. The members of Mrs. Brown's house party have been the recipients of many social attentions while in our town, and have been thoroughly enjoyed in our social circles.

BROOKLYN BAPTIST CHURCH

Special Sermons Will Be Preached by the Pastor Today.

Rev. C. F. Whitlock, the pastor, will preach this morning at Brooklyn Baptist Church the second of his series of sermons on what the Baptist stand for and the subject will be "Individual Faith Before Church Ordinances." At night he will preach the second of a series on the prodigal son in the parable and the special topic will be "The Young Man Going From Home." These sermons will be of special interest to young men and will be presented in a practical and interesting way. Good music and special singing. All are invited.

Ice Cream Time.

To make the richest and daintiest ice cream, use Blue Ribbon, pure fruit Lemon and Vanilla Extracts.

To Drive Out Malaria And Build Up The System

Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children 50c.

DIED.

CLOWE—At the family home in this city, Saturday, June 11th, CHARLES BERKHART CLOWE, aged 10 months, son of Harry Z., and Lillian J. Clowe.

Funeral from residence, 713 Chesnut street, at 4:30 P. M. Sunday June 12th. Friends and acquaintances of the family respectfully invited to attend.

DIED.

BELCHER—At the home of Mr. G. W. Branch, No. 212 1-2 North Tenth street, at 10:10 P. M., Saturday, June 11th, MRS. CHARLOTTE V. BELCHER, wife of the late Thomas Belcher, at the age of 69 years.

Funeral from the late residence this (Sunday) afternoon at 5 o'clock; interment in Bellevue cemetery. Friends and acquaintances respectfully invited to attend.

PYTHIAN GROWTH IN STATE

State Deputy Grand Chancellor Nutt Announces That 10,000 Mark Has Been Reached—Grand Lodge Meeting.

The gratifying announcement was made last night from the office in this city of State Deputy Grand Chancellor Jas. D. Nutt, of the Knights of Pythias, that the membership of the order in this State had reached the 10,000 mark for which the fraternity has been striving for some time. This will entitled the Grand Lodge of North Carolina, which meets in Charlotte Tuesday of this week for a three days' session, to a third Supreme Representative. Pythians throughout the State will learn with pleasurable interest of the great growth of the order the past year: this increase in membership being due, of course, in a large measure to the untiring efforts of the State Deputy Grand Chancellor.

The Wilmington lodges will be well represented at the Grand Lodge meeting in Charlotte. The following the the representatives from the local lodges: Mr. J. G. Kelly, Stonewall; C. McD. Jones, Clarendon; S. Behrends, Germania; L. B. Rogers, Jefferson; Archie Fryar, Delgado. In addition the following are among those who will attend: Capt. Thos. D. Meares, Supreme Master of Exchequer; Col. Walker Taylor, chairman of the judiciary committee; State Grand Chancellor Jas. D. Nutt; District Deputy Grand Chancellor Thos. D. Meares, Jr.; Past Grand Chancellor John Haar, of Germania lodge, and otthers.

The Grand Lodge will be called to order Tuesday evening, June 14th, at 8 o'clock by Mr. Geo. L. Hackney, of Asheville, Grand Chancellor. The visitors will be welcomed to Charlotte by Prof. J. G. Baird, of Charlotte, and the response will be made by Mr. C. C. McLean, of Greensboro. This will be followed by a reception and dance at Lakewood Park at 9 o'clock. Wednesday two business sessions will be held and from 4:30 to 6 P. M. a reception will be given the visitors at the Manufacturers' Club. At 8 P. M. will take place the ceremonial session of Suez Temple, No. 93, D. O. K. K. The closing sessions of the Grand Lodge will be held Thursday.

From the advanced report of Grand Chancellor Hackney is taken the following very complimentary reference to State Deputy Grand Chancellor Jas. D. Nutt: "If I had been denied the services of the State Deputy Grand Chancellor this year, it would be a very poor report I would be making at this time. The office is now indispensable. It may be the present and only incumbent of the office is responsible for this state of affairs. The proposition to establish the office a few years since met with considerable opposition. A proposition to dispense with it now would receive no support whatever. The question now is, how much longer we will be able to do with a single State Deputy. Many times during the year I have wished there were two. Dr. Nutt is particularly and peculiarly fitted for the work. He is a good mixer. Amiable, genial, jolly and a 'hail fellow well met.' He makes friends wherever he goes. He knows the work thoroughly. In fact he is now regarded as an authority on the secret work of our order. He is a hard worker, energetic and full of enthusiasm. Best of all, he loves the order from the top of his head to the sole of his feet. The order is to be congratulated on having such a man on whom it can lay its hands. Dr. Nutt has been of incalculable benefit to me. He has been present at the institution of most of the lodges, and has been especially helpful in dealing with lodges that had become practically defunct. In numbers of cases these lodges have been given a new start, and are today doing splendid work."

CHILDREN'S DAY AT GRACE.

Interesting Exercises in the Morning. Rev. J. C. Wooten at Night.

Children's Day at Grace M. E. church will be marked by special exercises at the time for the regular service at 11 A. M. An interesting programme has been arranged for this annual observance, in which the children of the various classes of the Sunday school will take part.

In the evening, Rev. J. C. Wooten, professor of Biblical Literature at Trinity College, will conduct the services and will make an address at the morning service. He will occupy the pulpit of Grace church during the absence of the pastor, Rev. T. A. Smoot, who has sailed for a trip abroad as previously noted.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Z. Clowe Bereaved.

Friends will tenderly sympathize with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Z. Clowe in the death of their infant son Charles Berkart Clowe, aged 10 months, which occurred yesterday The funeral will be conducted from the residence, No. 713 Chesnut street, at 4:30 o'clock this afternoon.

Today at Lumina.

Two fine concerts by 16-piece orchestra. **

TIZ—For Tender Feet

A new, scientific medical toilet tablet which

Draws Out All Inflammation and Soreness.

This remarkable foot bath remedy is **Superior to Powder, Plaster or Salve** and is guaranteed to cure Corns, Callouses, Bunions, Frostbites, Chilblains, Ingrowing Nails, Tired, Aching Swollen, Nervous, Sweaty, Bad Smelling Feet.

Smaller Shoes Can Be Worn by using TIZ, because it puts and keeps the feet in perfect condition.

TIZ is for sale at all druggists, 25 cents per box or direct if you wish from Walter Luther Dodge & Co., Chicago, Ill.

LOCAL DOTS.

—General Secretary Edwin Kettle, of the Y. M. C. A., will fill the pulpit at Trinity M. E. church this morning at 11 o'clock and tonight the pulpit will be filled by Mr. E. G. Mintz.

—At Southside Baptist Church Children's Day exercises will take the place of the regular Sunday School services at 3 P. M. The programme will be interesting and the public is invited to attend.

—Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal Church, will have charge of the Jacoby Personal Work Class for the next four weeks. The class will meet every Tuesday from 1:05 to 1:30 P. M. at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A.

—Mr. Julian L. Smith, of Charlotte, Field Secretary of the State Committee of the Y. M. C. A. for the Carolines, who has been here for several days, will address the boys' meeting at the Y. M. C. A. this morning at 10 o'clock on "Boys."

—"Through the Darkness," an entrancing drama of the pathos and love of an actor in real and stage life, will be shown at the Bijou tomorrow as the feature picture. It contains domestic sentiments and opens to the public the real and inner life of men and women who live, as well as act, human ideals.

—In the Recorder's court yesterday morning H. Kelly, formerly a member of the Sailor baseball crew, was given a hearing on the charge of assault with deadly weapon on Thomas Brown, colored, who was struck on the head with a rock at an early hour yesterday morning. There was no evidence that the rock was thrown by Kelly and the case was dismissed. The negro was not seriously hurt, but he had to go to the hospital for repairs.

FIREMEN'S MEMORIAL DAY

Graves of Deceased Members Will be Decorated Today.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the North Carolina Firemen's Association in convention in this city in 1908 that the second Sunday in June be observed as "Firemen's Memorial Day," the firemen throughout North Carolina will observe today with appropriate exercises and by placing flowers upon the graves of departed members. At a meeting of the local firemen Thursday night Chief Chas. Schnibben appointed a committee of four to go to Oakdale and Bellevue cemeteries Sunday morning and decorate the graves of the fire members who have answered the roll call. The following compose the committee: Capt. W. P. Monroe, W. A. Canady, T. B. Jackson and L. Freimuth. The following local firemen have passed away: J. E. Jeffries, who died Sept. 1, 1903; B. R. Russell, died Dec. 15, 1906; John Mohr, Oct. 9, 1909, and Mr. W. C. Von-Glahn, May 13, 1908. The last named was secretary of the State Firemen's Association at the time of his death, also a member of the Firemen's Relief Board. The flags at the different fire stations will be at half mast today. Owing to the fact that Wilmington has a paid department the members cannot assemble as a body and hold exercises as will be done by volunteer departments throughout the State.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. F. W. Corn, of Bolton, was here yesterday on a business trip.

—Prof. M. C. S. Noble is in the city to spend a few days and is being pleasantly greeted by his many friends.

—Wm. J. Bellamy, Esq., has returned to the city from Southport, where he successfully defended his client, J. W. Brady, in one of the famous Green Swamp cases.

—Mr. J. H. Rehder, of the big department store of J. H. Rehder & Co., has returned from Northern markets where he purchased goods for his big establishment in this city.

—The Star had the pleasure yesterday evening of a call from Mr. John D. Gold, the popular editor of the Wilson Times. With his family, he is spending a while at the beach, following the press convention.

—Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Wells will leave Monday morning for Ocean View, Va., where they will spend ten days. While they are away Mr. Harold Pate, a well known soloist, will sing the illustrated songs at the Bijou theatre.

—Rev. W. L. Rexford, pastor of Bladen Street Methodist Church, has returned from Durham, where he attended the commencement exercises of Trinity College, and will fill his pulpit at 11 A. M. today. Tonight at 8 o'clock there will be children's day exercises, an attractive programme for which has been arranged.

CURES PIMPLES EASY.

Simple Remedy That Clears Skin Quickly of All Eruptions.

For several weeks past J. Hicks Bunting Co. have done the biggest business it ever had in any one article in selling Hokara, the skin food that has won so many friends in Wilmington.

It has been found to be an absolute cure not only for all minor skin troubles, such as pimples, blackheads, herpes, ache, scaly scalp, complexion blemishes, itching feet, piles, etc., but for the worst sores, ulcers, or even chronic eczema and salt rheum. There has yet to be found any form of wound on disease affecting the skin or mucous membrane that Hokara does not heal, and its action is so instantaneous that those who try it are simply delighted with it right from the start.

In spite of its unusual curative powers, the price is trifling. To convince every one of its merits, they will sell a liberal-sized jar for 25 cents. And remember that if you do not think it does what it claims, you get your money back. You certainly can afford to try it on this plan.

If the skin trouble is caused by impure blood or if the bowels are inactive, use Hokara Blood Tablets. They cool and cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels in a natural way.

What you may have been calling the "good fortune in business affairs" of someone you know may be simply the courage to advertise.

The cost of a Business Local is a small fee to pay for securing a good tenant.

North Carolina Four Per Cent Bonds.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

THIS BANK WAS AWARDED

$150,000.00

of the New 4 Per Cent North Carolina Four Per Cent Bonds and will receive them July 1st. No other Bank purchased so large an amount.

As a Depository of the State of North Carolina, we are Prepared to Cash Old Bonds due July 1st, 1910, and those who hold such Bonds are requested to present or forward them to us. If new Bonds are desired, we are prepared to furnish them.

The New Bonds run for Forty Years, are Free of Tax, and Bear Four Per Cent Interest, Payable Semi-Annually.

By corresponding with us we can arrange to take out insurance here for the safe delivery to us by registered mail of any of the old Bonds at a cost of only 15c per $1,000.00 for insurance.

If interested, write, or see us at once, as the Old Bonds cease to draw interest after Jnly 1st, 1910.

Capital, - -	$200,000.00
Net Surplus. -	140,000.00
Assets, - -	2,000,000.00

CHAS. N. EVANS, President. D. L. GORE, Vice-President.
J. W. SIMPSON, Cashier. HUGH MacRAE, Vice-President.

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Why not buy a lot today
In Winter Park Gardens?
No time so good as now
To secure your own home.
Electric cars to your door,
Run on a convenient schedule.
Prices low and terms easy.
Avail yourself of this chance.
Reserve a lot for inspection.
Keep an hour open to
Go and see the property
And many homes already built.
Remember the price—only $150.
Discount of 10 per cent. for cash
Entitles you to lot 66x165 feet.
No undesirable lots in layout.
Suburban cars take you to it.
Call at our office at once,
Or phone 841 for full information.

WINTER PARK GARDENS

516 SOUTHERN BUILDING

ORDER

FRUIT JARS

From Us Now

DON'T DELAY.

Mason's 1-pt. Jars
Mason's 1-qt. Jart
Mason's 2-qt. Jars

Jelly Glasses—only six dozen to a case.
Rubbers, all grades, Jar Tops.
Full stock, prompt shipments and right prices.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

Robert Louis Stevenson's Advice:

"Earn a Little and Spend a Little Less."

4% Interest on Savings Accounts or Certificates of Deposit.

Atlantic Trust and Banking Co.

CHAS. N. EVANS.....President
B. H. J. AHRENS.....Vice President
MILTON CALDER.....Cashier

ANNOUNCEMENT

Messrs. Foltz & Kendrick

Wish to announce that they have taken possession of the

U. C. Ellis Studio

They have placed it in a perfectly Sanitary Condition, and are prepared to make the Finest Class of Portrait Work ever shown in Wilmington.

FINANCIAL and COMMERCIAL

REACTION ON COTTON MARKET

Unusually Dull for Staple During Day's Trading—Opened Steady With Disappointing Cables—Effect of Mills Closing.

New York, June 11.—The cotton market had a further reaction during today's trading as a result of continued realizing for over Sunday and some selling based upon the prospects for clearing weather. The close was barely steady at a net decline of 11 to 17 points. The opening was steady at a decline of 6 to 9 points in response to disappointing cables.

At first there was a considerable demand from sellers of yesterday, who seemed willing to take very moderate profits in view of the strong statistical position and further complaints of wet weather and low temperatures in the Southern belt but after rallying to within 6 points of Friday's close on the old crop, and to within 3 to 4 points of that level on the new the market again weakened. Offerings became rather more general in the late trading and local bears showed more courage in selling as a result of the favorable Western belt forecast and unfavorable reports from manufacturing circles. Last prices were at practically the lowest point of the day. The closing of big Fall River mills for alternate weeks has had a tendency to emphasize unfavorable domestic conditions and lead to expectations of a falling off in trade requirements.

Receipts of cotton at the ports today 3,600 bales against 4,573 last week and 3,482 last year. For the week 30,000 bales against 27,519 last week and 35,785 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans 913 bales against 546 last year and at Houston 150 bales against 453 last year.

Cotton: Spot quiet 20 points decline; middling uplands 15.20; do gulf 15.45; no sales.

Futures opened steady and closed barely steady.

Month.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
June	15.10			15.09
July	15.30	15.31	15.18	15.19
August	14.70	14.75	14.61	14.62
September	13.25	13.30	13.19	13.18
October	12.47	12.53	12.45	12.45
November			12.41	12.34
December	12.32	12.35	12.26	12.27
January	12.28	12.28	12.23	12.23
February				
March	12.28			12.25

Port Movement.

Galveston—Quiet, 15; net receipts 979; gross receipts 976; sales 200; stock 46,848; constwise 698.

New Orleans—Quiet, 15; net receipts 913; gross receipts 320; sales 320; stock 1,300; Great Britain 72,944; continent 400.

Mobile—Nominal, 14 3-4; net receipts 1; gross receipts 1; stock 4,127; coastwise 62.

Savannah—Quiet, 14 7-8; net receipts 1,032; gross receipts 1,032; stock 24,844; constwise 52.

Charleston—Net receipts 2; gross receipts 2; stock 4,552.

Wilmington—Steady; stock 8,400.

Norfolk—Firm, 15; net receipts 303; gross receipts 303; sales 31; stock 11,070; constwise 258.

Baltimore—Nominal, 15 3-8; stock 6,568.

New York—Quiet, 15.20; net receipts 254; gross receipts 834; stock 174,762; Great Britain 21,537; France 1,996; continent 7,262.

Boston—Quiet, 15.20; net receipts 49; gross receipts 840; stock 5,561.

Philadelphia—Steady, 15.45; net receipts 100; gross receipts 234; stock 1,155; continent 149.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 3,600; Great Britain 34,537; France 1,990; Continent 7,811; stock 367,579.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 3,640; Great Britain 34,537; France 1,996; Continent 7,811.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 7,084,275; Great Britain 2,214,724; France 800,463; Continent 2,486,817; Japan 90,361; Mexico 13,824.

Interior Movement.

Houston—Quiet, 15; net receipts 150; gross receipts 150; shipments 537; stock 22,042.

Augusta—Steady, 15 1-8; net receipts 15; gross receipts 15; shipments 267; sales 42; stock 18,668.

Memphis—Steady, 15; net receipts 34; gross receipts 166; shipments 744; sales 500; stock 41,697.

St. Louis—Quiet, 15; net receipts 265; gross receipts 920; shipments 715; sales 95; stock 24,557.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 211; gross receipts 211; sales 156; sales 400; stock 11,313.

Little Rock—Quiet, 14 1-4; net receipts 70; gross receipts 70; shipments 170; stock 21,689.

Louisville—Firm, 15 1-8.

Total today—Net receipts 745; gross receipts 1,538; shipments 2,589; sales 1,037; stock 140,866.

EFFECT OF SHORT COVERING.

Demand for Cotton Reduced on Market—Selling From South.

(Special Star Telegram.)

New York, June 11.—Cables this morning were hardly up to a parity while the wet weather appeared to be moving off the belt. The market here showed plainly the effect of the short covering which has been such a feature during the past week the demand being much reduced and prices easing off slowly through the session on a moderate amount of selling from the South. If we have now a spell of warm clear weather following these rains, we are likely to have some further easiness in the Fall options positions now that the Wall Street short interest has been eliminated. The closing of a large Eastern mill has had little effect on the market except that it called attention again to the unsatisfactory condition of the domestic goods trade, in meantime, however, Manchester appears to be doing a satisfactory business and so long as the European mills continue to consume cotton at their present rate, supplies are such that the long interest here in the old crop options holds a commanding position.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, June 11.—Money on call nominal. Time loans very soft and dull; 60 days 3 to 3 1-4 per cent., and 90 days 3 1-4 to 3 1-2; six months 4 to 4 1-8. Prime mercantile paper 4 3-4 to 5 1-4 per cent. Sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.8430 to 4.8440 for 60 day bills and at 4.8685 for demand. Commercial bills 4.83 1-2 to 4.84. Bar silver 53 1-4. Mexican dollars 44.

A Dreadful Wound

from a knife, gun, tin can, rusty nail, fireworks, or of any other nature, demands prompt treatment with Bucklen's Arnica Salve to prevent blood poison or gangrene. It's the quickest, surest healer for all such wounds as also for Burns, Boils, Sores, Skin Eruptions, Eczema, Chapped Hands, Corns or Piles. 25c. at Robert R. Bellamy's.

MARINE

CLEARED.

Str. Carib, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Smith's Bridge, J. A. Munn.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Alm. (Nor.) 1,025 tons, Olsen, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Rauma (Nor.) 1,953 tons, Hilt, F. A. Fetter, Agent.

Holmeside (Br.) 2,464 tons, Perry, F. A. Fetter, Agent.

Schooners.

A. B. Barteaux (Br.) 398 tons, Barteaux, C. D. Maffitt.

Alice Holbrook, 643 tons, Ellis, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., June 11, 1910.

W. & W. Railroad—5 casks spirits turpentine, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

W., C. & A. Railroad—4 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—11 casks spirits turpentine.

Str. Alice—1 barrels tar, 25 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—16 casks spirits turpentine, 1 barrel tar, 35 barrels crude turpentine.

NEW YORK PRODUCE.

New York, June 11.—Flour quiet; spring patents 5.15 to 5.35; winter patents 4.75 to 5.10.

Rye Flour—Quiet.

Corn Meal—Steady.

Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2, 1.05 nominal cif to arrive elevator; No. 1 northern 1.11 1-4 nominal f. o. b. Options closed 7-8 to 1 1-2c net decline. July 1.00 3-8; September 96 1-2; December 96 3-4.

Corn—Easy; No. 2, 66 1-2 elevator domestic basis to arrive cif. Options closed 1-2 to 3-4 net lower. July 67 3-4; September 67 1-4; December 64 3-8.

Oats—Dull; mixed nominal.

Lard—Steady.

Tallow—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw steady.

Coffee—Futures closed steady net unchanged to 5 points higher. Spot steady. Rio No. 7, 8 1-8 to 8 1-4; Santos No. 4, 9 3-8. Mild quiet; Cordova 9 1-2 to 12 1-4.

Cheese—Steady, unchanged.

There was a moderate commission trade in cotton seed oil this morning with prices practically unchanged. July 7.98 to 7.99; September 7.87 to 7.89; October 7.30 to 7.32; December 6.46 to 6.49. Prime crude nominal; prime summer yellow 7.98 to 8.02; prime winter yellow 8.25 to 8.50; prime summer white 8.30 to 8.69.

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, June 11.—Bids on an export basis were the best reported today for the new crop of wheat. Accordingly Oklahoma points could ship their wheat here. Moreover July wheat at Baltimore was offered today at 2c below Chicago, July.

Confronted by such facts wheat here sold at the lowest of the week and closed almost at the bottom. Other leading staples all closed lower. Corn 3-4 to 1 1-8c lower. Oats 3-8 to 1-2 to 5-8c to 3-4 and provisions 5 to 12 1-2.

Cash close wheat—No. 2 red 1.02 to 1.03; No. 3 red 95 to 1.01; No. 2 hard 95 to 99; No. 3 hard 90 to 96; No. 1 northern 1.08 to 1.05; No. 2 northern 1.00 to 1.03; No. 3 spring 95 to 1.01.

Corn—No. 2, 58 1-2 to 59; No. 2 white 64; No. 2 yellow 58 3-4 to 59 1-2; No. 3, 58 3-4 to 58 1-2; No. 3 white 62 to 62 3-4; No. 3 yellow 58 1-4 to 59; No. 4, 54 to 55 3-4; No. 4 white 54 to 59; No. 4 yellow 54 to 57.

Oats—No. 2 white 38 3-4 to 39 1-2; No. 3, 36 1-2; No. 3 white 37 to 37 3-4; No. 4, white 36 to 37 1-2; standard 38 1-2 to 39.

Wheat—	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
July	94½	94½	92⅝	92¾
Sept	90⅝	90¾	89⅜	89⅝
Dec.	90¼	90¼	89⅛	89¼
Corn—				
July	58⅞	58⅞	58¼	58¼
Sept	59⅛	49¼	58⅜	58½
Dec.	57⅛	57⅛	56⅛	56⅛
Corn—				
July	36⅝	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛
Sept	35¼	35¼	34⅞	34⅝
Dec.	35⅝	35⅝	35	35⅛

Mess Pork, per bbl.

July	22 45	22 52½	22 45	22 50
Sept	21 85	21 87½	21 82½	21 82½

Lard, per 100 lbs.—

July	12 35	12 35	12 30	12 30
Sept	12 27½	12 27½	12 20	12 25

Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—

July	12 80	12 82½	12 72½	12 82½
Sept	12 35	12 35	12 30	12 32½

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, June 11.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady 55 3-4 cents.

ROSIN—Market, steady $4.00.

TAR—Market, firm, $2.25 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market, firm $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.25 for dip and $5.25 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 37, rosin $2.65, tar $1.70, crude turpentine $1.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine	16
Rosin	(—)
Tar	1
Crude turpentine	35

Receipts, same day last year 58 casks spirits turpentine; 177 barrels rosin, 42 barrels tar; 56 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nothing doing. Quotations corresponding day last year 8 9-16 cents.

Receipts—(—) bales, same day last year (—) bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith June 11th.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina, No. 1 $1.20 to $1.25 per bushel; Spanish $1.40 and $1.50; Virginias $1.00 and $1.10.

CORN—Firm 85 cents per bushel.

N. C. HAMS—Dull; hams 19 to 20; shoulders and sides 16 cts.

EGGS—20 cents.

CHICKENS—Spring 18 and 30; grown 50 scarce.

BEESEWAX—Firm at 26 to 27c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2 to 5c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 80c. per bushel for yams.

HIDES—Dr. flint 14c; green 8c per pound

WOOL—Burr 16c; free of burr 22c.

GEESE—Out of Season.

PORK—Out of Season.

SHEEP—Grown $1.00 to $2.50.

LAMBS—Good demand $1.50 to $3.00.

PEAS—White black eyes $2.25 and $2.50; lady fingers $2.75; clay and cow peas $1.75, dull.

IRISH POTATOES—New crop 50c per bushel, dull.

A Woman's Great Idea

is how to make herself attractive. But without health, it is hard for her to be lovely in face, form or temper. A weak, sickly woman will be nervous and irritable. Constipation and Kidney poisons show in pimples, blotches, skin eruptions and a wretched complexion. But Electric Bitters always prove a godsend to women who want health, beauty and friends. They regulate Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, purify the blood; give strong nerves, bright eyes, pure breath, smooth, velvety skin, lovely complexion, good health. Try them. 50c. at Robert R Bellamy's.

DULL DAY ON STOCK MARKET

Downward Movement of Prices Continue—Effect of Railroad Bill on the Market—No Explanation for Depression.

New York, June 11.—The downward movement of prices today was carried over from yesterday's stock market and had no explanation. The talk of doubt of the maintenance of the St. Paul dividend, of a probable reduction of the Chicago & Alton dividend and of the unfavorable copper trade positions was supposed to account for the discouraged views of the prospect attributed to the capitalists most largely interested in those properties.

Yet Amalgamated Copper, St. Paul and Chicago & Alton were rather notably exempt from the day's prevailing weakness and inclined to rally from the sharp declines suffered yesterday, the general heaviness of the market being taken advantage of, apparently to buy these stocks. The progress of the railroad bill through the conference committee of the two Houses of Congress is a subject of much attention and apparently with repressive effect on the demand for stocks.

The sustained level of gross earnings of railroads is regarded as evidence of maintenance of business activity. The Financial Chronicle reports an increase in gross earnings in May of 48 railroads, comprising over one-third of the total mileage, of $8,772,771, or 16.98 per cent. over last year, a month which had shown increased gross earnings over the preceding year of about 15 per cent. A marked contraction in the cotton movement, a movement of grain of about the same as the previous year and a diminished coal traffic point to the fact that the gain is in general trade.

American Sugar and Western Union were weakened by the government prosecution of these companies. The bank statement reported the expected gain in cash but the actual loan item of the clearing house institutions remains but slightly affected by the stock market liquidation, the decrease for the week barely reaching the million dollar figure. Bonds were heavy. Total sales par value $1,079,000. United States 2s registered have advanced 1-8, and the 3s have declined 1-4 per cent. in the bid price on call during the week. Total sales for the day 271,600 shares.

N. Y. Bonds.

U. S. ref. 2s, registered	100 3-4
U. S. ref 2s coupon	100 5-8
U. S. 3s, registered	101 3-4
U. S. 3s, coupon	101 3-4
U. S. 4s, registered	114 3-4
U. S. 4s coupon	114 1-2
Allis Chalmers 1st 5s	76
American Agricultural 5s	101 1-8
American Tel. & Tel cv 4s	99 5-8
American Tobacco 4s	79
American Tobacco 6s	103 3-4
Armour & Co. 4 1-2s	91 3-8
Atchison gen. 4s	98 5-8
Atchison cv. 4s	107
Atchison cv. 5s	107
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	93 3-4
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98 3-4
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	90 7-8
Baltimore & Ohio S. W. 3 1-2s	89 1-4
Brooklyn Transit cv. 4s	83 3-4
Central of Georgia 5s	104 3-4
Central Leather 5s	99
Central R. R. of N. J. gen 5s	121 1-4
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	101 3-8
Chesapeake & Ohio ref. 5s	93 3-8
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	70 1-2
Chicago, B. & Q. Joint 4s	94 3-4
Chicago, B. & Q. gen 4s	97 1-2
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. gen. 3 1-2s	91 1-2
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col. 4s	75 1-2
Chicago, R. I. & P. Ry. rfg 4s	87 3-8
Colorado Industrial 5s	76 1-2
Colorado Midland 4s	71 1-4
Colo. & Southern ref & ext. 4s	90 3-4
Delaware & Hudson cv. 4s	97 1-4
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	93 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande ref 5s	91 1-4
Distillers 5s	69
Erie prior lien 4s	81 7-8
Erie Gen. 4s	71
Erie cv 4s series "A"	67
Erie cv. 4s series "D"	64
Central Electric cv. 5s	136 1-2
Illinois Central 1st ref 4s	99 1-4
Interborough Met. 4 1-2s	79
Inter Merc. Marine 4 1-2s	63 1-2
Japan 4s	90
Japan 4 1-2s	94 3-8
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	72 1-2
Lake Shore Deb. 4s (1931)	92 1-8
Louisville & Nash. Un. 4s	97 1-2
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	98
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	87 1-4
Missouri Pacific 4s	77 3-4
National Rys of Mexico 4 1-2s	94 1-8
New York Central gen. 3 1-2s	89
New York Central deb. 4s	92 7-8
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford cv. 6s	132
Norfolk & Western 1st con. 4s	98 3-4
Norfolk & Western cv. 4s	100 1-2
Northern Pacific 4s	100 5-8
Northern Pacific 3s	70 1-2
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	93 1-4
Pena. cv. 3 1-2s. (1915)	95 3-8
Penn. Con. 4s	102
Reading Gen. 4s	98 1-8
St. Louis & San Fran. fg 4s	80 3-4
St. Louis & San Fran. gen. 5s	87
St. Louis S'western con. 4s	76 1-2
St. Louis S'western 1st gold 4s	90
Seaboard Air Line 5s	72 1-2
Southern Pacific col. 4s	90 3-4
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	90 3-8
Southern Pacific R. R. 1st ref 4s	94
Southern Railway 5s	104 1-8
Southern Railway gen. 4s	76 3-4
Union Pacific 4s	100 5-8
Union Pacific cv. 4s	104
Union Pacific 1st and ref 4s	96
U. S. Rubber 6s	102 1-2
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	103
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s	98 7-8
Wabash 1st 5s	109 1-4
Wabash 1st and ext. 4s	90 1-4
Western Md., 4s	83 7-8
Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s	88
Wisconsin Central 4s	90 1-2

Closing Stock List.

Allis Chalmers pfd	32
Amalgamated Copper	62 5-8
American Agricultural	42 1-4
American Beet Sugar	33
American Can	9
American Car & Foundry	53 1-2
American Cotton Oil	61
American Hide & Leather pfd	33 3-4
American Ice Securities	23
American Linseed	12 1-2
American Locomotive	41 3-4
American Smelting & Refng	74 1-2
Ameri. Smelting & Refng pfd	102 1-2
Ameri. Steel Foundries	51
American Sugar Refining	116 1-2
American Tel. & Tel	134
American Tobacco pfd	95 1-2
American Woolen	31 1-2
Anaconda Mining Co.	39
Atchison	103 1-2
Atchison pfd	101
Atlantic Coast Line	118
Baltimore & Ohio	111
Bethleham Steel	25
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	76 7-8
Canadian Pacific	194 1-8
Central Leather	30 5-8
Central Leather pfd	106
Central of New Jersey	200
Chesapeake & Ohio	79 3-8
Chicago Great Western	25 1-4
Chicago Great Western pfd	46 1-2
Chicago & Northwestern	144
Chicago, Mil & St. Paul	127
Ch. C. C. & St. Louis	78 1-2
Colorado Fuel & Iron	33 3-4
Colorado & Southern	57
Consolidated Gas	133
Corn Products	14 1-2
Delaware & Hudson	163
Denver & Rio Grande	33 7-8
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	78 1-8
Distillers' Securities	29 1-8
Erie	28 1-2
Erie 1st pfd	43 1-2
Erie 2nd pfd	32
General Electric	143 1-2
Great Northern pfd	129 1-2
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	58
Illinois Central	135
Interborough Met	18 1-4
Interborough Met pfd	50 1-2
Inter Harvester	97 5-8
Inter Marine pfd	16 3-4
International Paper	11
International Pump	45 1-4
Iowa Central	18 1-4
Kansas City Southern	31 3-8
Kansas City Southern pfd	64 1-2
Laclede Gas	100 3-4
Louisville & Nashville	142 1-2
Minneapolis & St. Louis	32
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	135
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	37 1-2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd	66 7-8
Missouri Pacific	66
National Biscuit	105
National Lead	72 1-4
Nat'l Rys of Mexico 2nd pfd	98 1-2
New York Central	115
New York, Ontario & Western	43 1-2
Norfolk & Western	90 5-8
North American	68 1-2
Northern Pacific	124 1-4
Pacific Mail	24 1-8
Pennsylvania	130 1-2
People's Gas	105 1-4
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	96 1-2
Pittsburg Coal	18 1-4
Pressed Steel Car	34
Pullman Palace Car	150
Railway Steel Spring	36
Reading	151
Republic Steel	30?
Republic Steel pfd	94
Rock Island Co.	28 3-4
Rock Island Co. pfd	84
St. Louis & San Fran. 2nd pfd	29 3-4
St. Louis Southwestern	29 1-2
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	73
Sloss Sheffield Steel & Iron	67
Southern Pacific	120 1-4
Southern Railway	24 3-4
Southern Railway pfd	58
Tennessee Copper	24 1-2
Texas & Pacific	20 3-8
Toledo, St. Louis & West	25
Toledo, St. Louis & West pfd	58
Union Pacific	169 3-4
Union Pacific pfd	92
United States Realty	71
United States Rubber	38
United States Steel	76 3-4
United States Steel pfd	145 3-8
Utah Copper	43 1-4
Virginia Carolina Cmerical	59 1-4
Wabash	18 3-4
Wabash pfd	41 3-4
Western Maryland	43 3-4
Westinghouse Electric	59 1-2
Western Union	61
Wheeling & Lake Erie	3 1-2

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Spot Dull Eight Points Lower—Sales and Futures.

Liverpool, June 11.—Spot cotton dull; prices 8 points lower; American middling fair 8.59; good middling 8.29; middling 8.15; low middling 8.05; good ordinary 7.79; ordinary 7.54. The sales of the day were 5,000 bales, of which 300 are for speculation and export and included 4,700 American. Receipts 9,000 bales, including 6,000 American.

Futures opened steady and closed quiet. June 7.81; June and July 7.73; July and August 7.64 1-2; August and September 7.36; September and October 6.88; October and November 6.65; November and December 6.55 1-2; December and January 6.51 1-2; January and February 6.50; February and March 6.49; March and April 6.48 1-2; April and May 6.48; May and June 6.47 1-2.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, June 11.—Rosin quiet, turpentine easy.

Savannah, Ga., June 11.—Turpentine firm 55 3-4; sales 633; receipts 414; shipments 1,606; stocks 6,380. Rosin firm; sales 2,134; receipts 2,180; shipments 2,240; stock 49,188. Quote: A, B, C, 4.40 to 4.50; D, 4.40 to 4.70; E, 5.00 to 5.05; F, 5.10 to 5.17 1-2; G, 5.10 to 5.20; H, 5.22 1-2; I, 5.25; K, 5.27 1-2; M, 5.30; N, 5.40; WG, 5.70 to 5.95; WW, 6.25.

Charleston, S. C., June 11.—Turpentine firm at 54 3-4. Rosin firm. Quote: A, B, C, 4.40 to 4.50; D, 4.55 to 4.60; E, 4.97 1-2 to 5.00; F, 5.10; G, 5.07 1-2; H, 5.15; I, 5.25; K, 5.30; M, 5.40; N, 5.55 to 5.80; WG, 6.00 to 6.10; WW, 6.35.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, June 11.—The cotton goods market was quiet and steady for the day. Yorns rule steady and firm on contracts but easy on spots. Linens are slow and burlaps weak. Trading for the day was light.

MAXTON NEWS NOTES.

Plant of Elba Manufacturing Co.—Work on New Bank.

Maxton, N. C., June 11.—A new era of prosperity seems to have struck Maxton and vicinity, and the sound of the hammer and saw of the carpenter and builder is heard at whatever point of the compass one might be in this progressive Southern community.

Several large buildings are in course of construction in various stages of completion, chief among which is the cotton seed oil mill of the Elba Manufacturing Company. This plant has a 200 foot front, entirely built of brick, and the construction work is under the personal charge of Mr. M. W. Woodside, superintendent of the Charlotte mill. The very latest machinery is being put in by a large force of skilled workmen, who are rushing the work in order to complete it in 30 days. The cost of the plant is in the neighborhood of $200,000. The intention is, at present, to commence the production of cotton seed oil on September 1st. The offices and chief stockholders are as follows: President and general manager, T. J. Davis; treasurer, J. R. Van Ness; secretary, O. B. Robinson; all of whom are Charlotte citizens. Mr. E. C. Todd, of this place, will be superintendent.

The new Bank of Maxton building is also going skyward at a very rapid rate, and when completed will be a splendid business building and a valued ornament to this ever growing city. Mr. D. A. Agnew has the contract and it is expected to be completed in 60 days.

Maxton is soon to have another new bank building. The Bank of Robeson. It has been decided to build it on the "Y," and the plans and specifications are being prepared.

Concreting of sidewalks is the order of the day, and soon Maxton, although a small city comparatively, will compare favorably with many larger cities in this respect.

Senator O. L. Clark, of Clarkton, was a visitor to Maxton last Saturday evening——Capt. J. A. Harrison, of Florida, arrived here last week and is attending to business matters, as well as visiting with relatives——The Misses Bamford and Thomas, of Northern Maine, spent the week in Maxton. These typical Northern ladies have been touring the South, having come from their Northern home by boat to Wilmington some months ago. They have visited extensively in the South, and start by rail tomorrow for the North. Their next stop will be at Petersburg, Va. They intend to take in all the sights of interest in Virginia and other States on their way home. They expressed themselves as well pleased with both the scenery and the hospitality for which the South is generally far-famed.

The woods near here were fired on Friday last, and much valuable timber belonging to Mr. H. C. Alford, was lost. Reports state that an Atlantic Coast Line engine was he incendiary.

What a Summer Cold May Do.

A Summer cold if neglected, is just as apt to develop into bronchitis or pneumonia as at any other season. Do not neglect it. Take Foley's Honey and Tar promptly. It loosens the cough, soothes and heals the inflamed air passages, and expels the cold from the system. Robt R. Belamy.

At Lumina Today.

Concerts afternoon and night by 16-piece orchestra. Selections from "Bohemian Girl". Paquita waltzes, "Orpheus" overture and others at afternoon concert. "Poet and Peasant", "Il Trovatore," "The Glow Worm," and others at the night concert. See full programme elsewhere in paper.

Wood's Late Seed Potatoes

are selected seed potatoes carried in cold storage, so as to supply them unsprouted and in the best condition for summer planting.

The best time to plant Late Potatoes is in June or early in July, to make the largest yielding crops for winter use or market.

Write for **"Wood's Crop Special,"** giving prices and seasonable information about Late Potatoes and other Seeds for Summer Planting.

T. W. Wood & Sons,
Seedsmen, - Richmond, Va.

FIELD PEAS

200 Bushels Mixed Field Peas
25 Boxes Nice Lemons.
50 Boxes Little Brothers Lunch and Soda Biscuit. If the consumer gets hold of a package of these biscuit he will certainly have no other.
10,000 Muckalee 5c. Cigars. The best smoker on the market. Try one.

Let us book your salt orders—shipment any time during the year. Prices guaranteed. Nothing to lose and a good deal to gain. If prices advance you get at the prevailing price and if they decline you are protected

Send us your orders.

D. L. GORE CO.
Whole Grocers and Importers.
jn 4 tf

:: Clothing and Shoes ::

Our line of Hamberger Bros., Clothing is Complete.

If you Wish to Save Money and go well dressed, then you should see our line by all means.

Our line of Oxfords this spring is by far the prettiest line we have ever shown.

Ladies Ankle Strap Pumps, one and two eyelet Ties, Patent Leather Suede, and tan.

"Man's Urifit" Oxfords for men

Ask to see the "New Yorker, it's a corker."

J. W. H. Fuchs.
Sole Agent for Holeproof Hosiery.
128 to 138 S. Front St. Wilmington, N. C.

Good Old Summertime Calls For GAYLORD'S

Summer Novelties such as

Schram Automatic fruit Jars—large mouth, easy to seal, easy to open, quarts 75c, 1-2 gal. 98c doz.
Mason Jars with Porcelain lined tops, quarts 65c and 1-2 gal. 85c doz.
Standard croquet sets, $1.00 and $1.50.
Porch Screens 98c, $1.25, $1.65 in Tan and Green.
Canvass and Woven Hammocks in all colors 88c to $5.00.
Mosquito Canopies in 4 different styles ranging in price from $1.19 to $2.78.

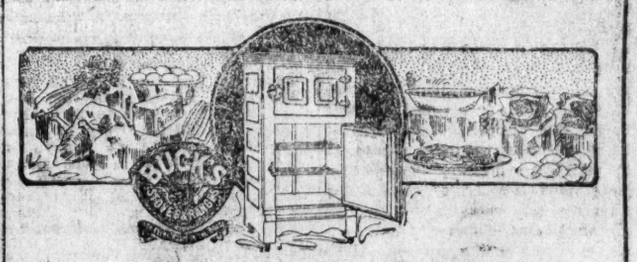
New Hats at Novel Prices

We have just secured a great Bargain in the most "Up-to-Date" styles in Panamas, Neopolatins, Tuscans and Chips and during this week will run same at following prices:
$3.00 and $4.00 Panamas with velvet Binding, assorted colors $1.25
$5.00 and $6.00 Burnt Leghorn Effects for $1.98.
$3.50 and $4.00 Burnt Rough straw with silk-velvet binding $1.48
Large Tuscan Shapes, the standard $3.50 class. This week $1.75.
Children's fine quality "Java" of $1.50 and $2.00 value for 98c.
Neopolitans, Big Shapes, the $4.00 and $5.00 qualities will be sold for $2.98.
All Trimmed Hats will be sold this week in keeping with the above prices.
We can save you 25 per cent. on Ladies and Misses Oxford-ties, Slippers and Pumps, also on Men's and Boys Low Quarter Shoes. Our styles and qualities are of the best and our Prices LESS than any one else in the city. Take a look and see for yourself.

Summer Dress Goods

In this line we have the largest stock in the State and our Prices are both satisfactory and reasonable.
New Stock of Beautiful White Dimmities worth 15c and 18c running this week for 10c and 12 1-2c.
New lot of Fancy Jabots 10c.
Latest things in Hair Turbans 15c.
Special Sale of Matting. Lot of Remnants on hand.

GAYLORD'S
210, 212, 214 N. FRONT ST.
jn 12 tf



The COLUMBIA Refrigerator

If there is one thing more than another that a person should choose with care it is their refrigerator.

Your health is, to a certain extent, dependent upon it; for in it, for keeping, is placed the food you eat—your refrigerator must preserve.

The Columbia is the best by actual test—in it things keep perfectly—no taint—all parts easily removed for cleaning—we have them with both galvanized iron and white enamel linings. Prices $8.50 up. Water coolers all sizes.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

The Seashore Hotel

The ideal resting place in the South. finest bathing and fishing beach in the world. No mosquitoes. No flies. Through electric trains every 20 minutes connecting with A. C. L. and S. A. L. trains at Wilmington; 200 rooms, 120 en suite with private bath. Steel pier 740 feet out over the Atlantic. Two Orchestras with 21 skilled musicians. European cafe in connection with hotel. Now open. Booklets and rates sent on request.

E. L. HINTON, Mgr., — Wrightsville Beach, N. C.
ma 21 1m

CYPRESS SHINGLES

The largest stock in the city. King's Windsor Hard Wall Plaster, Atlas and Lehigh Portland Cement, Lime, Calcine Plaster, Wood, Coal Etc.

W. B. THORPE & CO., Inc.
Phone 789.

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., June 12, 1910.

Meterological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Saturday, June 11th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 76 degrees; 8 P. M. 77 degrees; maximum 84 degrees; minimum 72 degrees; mean 78 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .01; for the month to date 1.81.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Friday 6 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Local Showers Sunday; Monday partly cloudy, probably showers on the coast, moderate south winds becoming variable.

Port Calendar—June 12.

Sun Rises.....5:00 A. M
Sun Sets.....7:24 P. M.
Day's Length.....14 hrs. 24 min
High water at Southport 12:10 P. M
High water at Wilmington 3:10 A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Farley & Co.—Credit.
I Shrier—Special Sale.
United Wireless—Notice.
Peterson & Rulfs—Baseball.
Wanted—20 Carts and Drivers.
A. D. Brown—Linen Department.
Winter Park Gardens—Why Not.
Ludden & Bates S. M. H.—Notice.
Gaylord—Good Old Summer Time.
C. W. Yates & Co.—Bathing Suits.
American National Bank—Business.
Dr. F. L. Hunt—Dental Examiners.
Peterson & Rulfs—There is No Use.
Carolina Yacht Club—Annual Regatta.
Southern National Bank—North Carolina Bonds.

Business Locals.

To Europe—Tours.
Mrs. Sykes—Puffs, Etc.
Wanted—Filing Cabinet.
A. D. Wessell—For Sale.
Martin O'Brien—For Rent.
E. T. Malpass—Gray Motors.
Wanted—To Borrow Money.
Wanted—Board and Room.
Wanted—Male Stenographer.
Mrs. A. A. Nathan—Boarders.
New Boarding House—To Let.
F. A. Bissinger—Sale or Rent.
Rochester Auto School—Learn.
Union Cigar Co.—$100 Monthly.
Wanted—Stenographic Position.
Wanted—Three or Four Rooms.
R. R. C.—Moonlight Excursion.
For Rent—Store on Dock Street.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Ladies' Suits.
For Sale—Maxwell Touring Car.
City Livery Co.—Kentucky Horse.
J. G. Wright & Son—Nice Cottage.
William Osborne—Mountain Board.
J. G. Wright & Son—In The Heart.
James Owen Reilly—Beach Cottage.
California Cider & Ex. Co.—Wanted.
City Livery Co.—Horse and Phaeton.
Ocean View Co.—Lumina Restaurant.
Atlanta Specialty Mfg. Co.—Salesmen.
J. G. Wright & Son—Now is The Time.
Wanted—Position in Shipping Department.
Bradstreet System—Ambitious Young Men.

THE NEWS AT LUMBERTON, N. C.

Commercial and Indusrial Club Banquet—Dog Law Passed—Aftermath of the Storm—Notes and Comments.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C, June 11.—All arrangements have been completed for the banquet which is to be given next Thursday night under the auspices of the Commercial and Industrial Club. As has been stated heretofore this banquet will be participated in by all our citizens, whether they are members of the club or not, and everyone having the interest of Lumberton at heart will leave nothing undone on his part that will in any way add anything toward making the undertaking a success. Able speakers will be present to discuss different subjects in which all this section is greatly interested and an evening of much pleasure and profit is promised those who attend. Following is the order in which the addresses will be heard:

"What Lumberton Offers to the Citizens of Bladen County," Mr. S. McIntyre.

"What efforts should be made and what inducements should be offered to the citizens of Bladen county to patronize the business institutions of Lumberton," Mr. R. D. Caldwell.

"The Virginia & Carolina Southern Railroad and the relations between Lumberton and Elizabethtown," Mr. A. W. McLane.

"Kingsdale Lumber Company and its possibilities," Mr. F. Sitterding.

"Raleigh & Charleston Railway and what it would like to do for Lumberton," Mr. L. A. Boyd.

"Seaboard Air Line Railway's interest in the future development of Lumberton," Mr. R. I. Cheatham.

Toastmaster—Col. N. A. McLean.

The reputation of these speakers is a sufficient guarantee that there is something rich in store for those who are so fortunate as to be present.

At the request of the owners of the lot, the billboard on Main street, opposite the court house, has been removed. Lumberon now has the distinction of being the only town or city we have seen with no bill boards on its main thoroughfare. The removal of the board has brought other things to view which should be removed at once. No use to wait until the ladies of the Civic Asssociation get behind the thing—just as well move before they start as afterwards. We have an idea some lady will get busy cleaning up just south of the Waverly Hotel between now and the 16th, the day set apart for the banquet to be given under the auspices of the Commercial and Industrial Club. If the distinguished visitors expected on that occasion are allowed to see some things down towards the railway station they may think awfully hard, if they don't say thing.

The town officials are to be congratulated for the enactment of the new dog law. From now on every dog's life in Lumberton means $2 to the town, and from July 1st to October 1st this year every dog must wear a muzzle if he sticks his head out of the yard. If found outside of his yard without collar and muzzle he will be a dead dog. After this year they must wear muzzles from April 1st to October 1st.

It is painful in the extreme to hear people knocking railroad lawyer. Why not give the railroads the same privilege we would ask for ourselves? Every person who needs legal advice goes for what he considers the best to be had. It really seems that some people would not allow any corporation to employ a lawyer, but if they get a finger mashed or get the least little jolt while about a railroad, cotton mill, saw mill, or anything else with or without wheels to it, a lawyer is sought as soon as a physician is consulted and in some cases the lawyer is first.

It is up to the manufacturers to enlarge the size of umbrellas. We are reliably informed that a young lady was denied the privilege of attending church last Sunday because she could not secure an umbrella large enough to protect her hat from the rain which was fast beginning to sprinkle at the time of going to church. After trying possibly half a dozen, all of which proved to be too small, she decided not to go. Umbrellas must be made larger or hats made smaller.

The oat crop which is now being gathered in this section, is said to be a good average crop. There has been a marked improvement in all kinds of crops during the past few days.

Dr. T. D. Kitchin having decided to leave Lumberton, has sold his interest in the Lumberton Drug Co. to Mr. Lacy McKenzie, who has for some time been a salesman for the company. Mr. McKenzie is a son of Treasurer McKenzie and has many friends who wish him great success.

Messrs. J. A. and W. P. McAllister, who have been spending several days in Richmond, are expected home the first of the week.

The grist mill which has just been put in at the plant of the Lumberton Novelty Works is now in operation, and is said to be turning out an exceptionally fine grade of meal. This mill will be a great convenience to the farmers in this section who can bring their corn to mill and do their trading while it is being ground.

Contractor A. A. Ivey closed the contract yesterday with Prof. R. E. Sentelle for the construction of a 6-room cottage in North Lumberton near where Rev. E. M. Hoyle is having erected a two-story dwelling.

Prof. Sentelle's work is to be completed by September 15th.

Engineer Dougherty had the misfortune of losing a valuable milch cow Thursday night, the cause of her death being unknown.

The Bell 'phone people are now busly engaged in making preparations for changing the plant. The gentlemen in charge of the work are among the cleverest who have hit this section.

Mr. Rudolph Carlyle's latest musical production entitled "Pansy," is making a great hit with music lovers here, and we are told the demand for it is growing larger all the time.

Mr. J. Ed Tyson, of Wisharts township, was in town yesterday, and proceeded to tell the boys how little they knew about raising cabbage. Mr. Tyson is said to have stated that he had grown cabbage weighing as much as 30 pounds, the leaves of which measured four feet across. He stated further that they were grown during the year 1883 or 1884, he could not say positively which. Knowing Mr. Tyson as we do, we are bound to believe his statement. Mr. Tyson refers doubtless to the files of the Robesonian published at that time.

Ol Johnson, the negro arrested several days ago, charged with violating the fish laws, was tried before Justice A. P. Caldwell Thursday afternoon and discharged. That does not mean that there will be any let-up in the efforts to punish violators of the law, but there was not sufficient evidence to hold Johnson. The officials as well as many citizens are determined to make it warm for those who insist on breaking the law.

As a result of the wind and rain storm which visited Lumberton last night, the street force is busy this morning cleaning the streets of limbs of trees which were well strewn in some parts of town. A good many trees were blown down as well as some fencing. The telephone people are also busy straightning out tangled wires. The rainfall was 1.67, but in some places indications are that the rain was much heavier. Heavy rains are reported from different sections in the county, but no reports of wind.

While Messrs. Geo. B. and Sandy McLeod, R. C. Lawrence and J. W. Carter were returning from Fairmont yesterday evening in an automobile a bad place in the road caused the car to come near being wrecked. Control of the car was lost and it was stopped only when it struck an object sufficiently strong to resist it. Mr. George McLeod was thrown several feet from the car, Mr. Carter received a bad bruise on one of his knees, but Mr. Laurence and Mr. Sandy McLeod escaped with a good shake up. Help was secured and the car was soon gotten up all right without being damaged. The party lost about an hour's time reaching town about 7 o'clock.

Early risers were surprised this morning to see a white man walking around in the store of Mr. J. P. McNeill before it had been opened. The matter was soon explained, however. Charlie West, residing three miles from town, had spent the night in the store. While it was raining yesterday morning Charlie was in the store waiting for the rain to hold up so he could go home. He fell asleep and Mr. McNeill did not have the heart to turn him out in the rain so he just locked him up for the night. It is said Charlie was anxious to get out early this morning as he wanted water.

Mr. C. B. Redmond offered for sale yesterday the first watermelons seen here this season. They came from Florida and the price was 50 cents each.

Mr. Frank McLeod, who went to Richmond this week for treatment, is reported to be getting along nicely.

Two or three weeks ago Robert McCam, a negro down at Fairmont, was charged with whipping his wife, and when an officer went to arrest him he overpowered the officer, took his pistol from him and told him to run, which he did without controversy. McCain was arrested in Latta, S. C., one day this week and is now in Lumberton jail. When searched after being arrested he was relieved of two razors, two pocket knives, a large number of cartridges, and other things too numerous to mention. McCain had a pal who got away with the guns. His name is Jet Bethea and the officers are determined to have him if he stays in this country.

Mrs. Dr. Rogers and children, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Caldwell, returned to their home in South Carolina this morning——

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Sharpe returned from Wilmington this morning where they attended the Press Convention ——Mr. and Mrs. Mike Caldwell expect to leave in the morning for Latta, S. C., to visit Mrs. Caldwell's parents.

Messrs Geo. M. Whitfield and W. O. Thompson will leave Tuesday morning for Charlotte to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge, K. of P., which meets in that city Tuesday night at 8:30. Mr. Whitfield represents Unity Lodge No. 202 and Mr. Thompson will represent Lumberton Lodge No. 35.

Mr. J. F. Head left for Wilmington this morning to spend Sunday with his family which is spending some time at the beach.

ATLANTIC CITY CHOSEN.

Place of Meeting for Shield of Honor Officers.

Richmond, Va., June 10.—Atlantic City was chosen as the meeting place for the next session of the Supreme Lodge, Shield of Honor, which has been in session in this city since Tuesday morning. The convention closed shortly after noon today.

The following is a complete list of officers chosen this morning all of whom were duly installed: Past Supreme master, J. C. LeGrand Cole, Baltimore, Md.; Supreme Master, Charles E. Seigmund, Baltimore, Md.; Junior Supreme Master, Jonas H. Dettre, Philadelphia, Pa.; Supreme Secretary, William T. Henry, Baltimore, Md.; Supreme Treasurer, William H. H. Sultzer, Baltimore, Md.; Supreme Chaplain, Fred Clement, Wilmington, Del.; Supreme Conductor, Thomas H. Doyle, Wheeling, W. Va.; Supreme Medical Examiner, George S. Silljacks, M. D., Baltimore, Md.; Supreme Inside Guardian, Stewart Cornelius, Hempstead, N. Y.; Supreme Outside Guardian, D. W. Vannaman, Camden, N. J.; Supreme Finance Committee, William J. Cunningham, Baltimore, Md.; Louis E. Stiltz, Philadelphia, Pa.; Harry C. Smith, Balt'more, Md.; Charles T. Martin, Wilmington, Del.; W. F. Edwards, Baltimore, Md.

Special sale of ladies' linen suits at the C. W. Polvogt Company. **

Ladies' wash suits at reduced prices this week at Polvogt's. **

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

SALESMEN WANTED — Sell grocers, druggists and confectioners; $125 monthly and expenses. California Cider & Extract Co., 190 Leffingwell, St. Louis, Mo. ju 12 1t*

FOR RENT—Residence No. 307, residence No. 309 North Front street, with all modern improvements. Apply to Martin O'Brien. ju 12 2t*

FOR SALE OR RENT 40 acre farm or small house on Masonboro Sound, six room house, good spring of water. Grove of trees around house. $10.00 per month. Apply to F. A. Bissinger, Masonic Temple. ju 12 1t

BOARDERS WANTED—Good board can be had at second cottage north of Lumina by day, week or month at reasonable rates. Mrs. A. A. Nathan. ju 12 tf

LUMINA RESTAURANT on Wrightsville Beach, now open day and night. Service first class, city prices. Sea food a specialty. Shadeland Dairy ice cream fresh daily. Ocean View Co., proprietors. ju 12 1m.

FOR SALE—One Maxwell touring car as good as new. Will sell very low. Will leave city shortly. Lock Box 385. ju 12 1t*

BOARD IN MOUNTAINS—In country, but near station. Good water healthful location. Nice table fare. Rates moderate. Address Mrs. William Osborne, Horseshoe, N. C. ju 12 1t*

TOUR TO EUROPE—Eight weeks, economical, instructive, conducted by Prof. Barozzi. Italy, Switzerland, Germany (Passion Play,) Brussels World's Fair, France England. Wanted to complete party. Particulars P. O. Box 515, Wilmington, N. C. ju 12 2t*

$100 MONTHLY and $5 daily epenses to men introducing and taking orders for high grade line of cigars. Experience unnecessary. Union Cigar Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. ju 12 1t*

MEN—Learn automobile business. Wages $25 weekly. We teach by mail. Make $10 weekly while learning. Rochester Auto School, 402 Rochester, N. Y. ju 12 1t*

SOFT DRINK SALESMEN wanted to work the country stores in North Carolina $150.00 weekly and traveling expenses. Atlanta Specialty Co., Atlanta, Ga. ju 12 1t*

AMBITIOUS YOUNG men to become traveling salesmen. Experience unnecessary. Write for particulars. Bradstreet System, Rochester, N. Y. ju 12 3t*

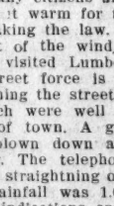
FOR RENT—The new store on Dock street, in Seamen's Friend Society Building; modern fixtures. Apply Thos. F. Wood, Secretary, Box 247, City.

WANTED—20 carts with drivers who can load. Good wages to right parties. Each cart with a shovel. Also five laborers. Apply Wilmington Golf Grounds. ju 11 1t*

Real French Drip Coffee can not be made unless the coffee itself is prepared, blended and roasted according to the famous French method. Use

LUZIANNE COFFEE

For French Drip Coffee



For all-around family use

THE REILY TAYLOR CO
NEW ORLEANS, U.S.A.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

COTTAGE AT WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, for rent. Located near the Atlantic Yacht Club. Has six rooms and is furnished. Price $175.00 for season. James Owen Reilly, Insurance and Real Estate. ju 12 3t

NOW IS THE TIME to buy real estate. Let us tell you why. We have several good investments that we can recommend, it will pay you to see us about this and now is the time to do it. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate. ju 12 1t

A NICE COTTAGE home for sale in good locality. East side of Fifth street, between Castle and Queen streets. A pretty, six room and passage place. Let us show it to you and how easy we can make it for you to own your own home. J. G. Wright & Son, agents. ju 12 1t.

IN THE HEART of the work district, within from two to three blocks of Wilmington's greatest industries. An investment that we can recommend. Let us tell you about it. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate. ju 12 1t

MRS. SYKES IS MAKING the latest thing in head dress, turbans covered with puffs, switches, puffs, etc. Same price. 16 North Ninth. 'Phone 1070. ju 12 1t*

WANTED—Competent male stenographer, apply in own handwriting. State experience and salary expected. Address "Comet," care Star. ju 12 1t*

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION—Delightful trip planned by Brotherhood of Railway Clerks for Thursday, June 16th, on the steamer Wilmington. Good time assured all. Refreshments will be served. Fare 25 cents. ju 12 tf

TABLE BOARD at reasonable rates can be had at the new boarding house, 410 North Front street. Give us a call. ju 12 1t*

HORSE AND PHAETON — Seven years old Virginia bred horse and Columbus buggy. Any lady can drive him; stands without hitching. Extra good saddler. Turnout worth new $450. Must be sold, price $325. City Livery Company. ju 12 3t

KENTUCKY HORSE, fine roadster, and gentleman's driving wagon with English canopy top, is going to be sold quick. A bargain at $350. City Livery Company. ju 12 3t

WANTED—To borrow money on good real estate in the country. Make your money work for you. Address "S. S." 901 North Third street. ju 12 1t*

STENOGRAPHIC position for Summer months is desired by young lady. Good references. 'Phone 1244. ju 12 1t*

LADIES' SUITS—We offer our stock of ladies' wash suits and dresses at reduced prices. The C. W. Polvogt Co. ju 12 14 2t

BOARD AND ROOM wanted for man and wife and three daughters. Address P. O. Box 629, at once. ju 12 1t*

I WOULD be glad to have position in shipping department. Wilmington jobber. Some experience, hard worker, good references. Address "Worker," care of Morning Star. ju 12 1t*

WANTED AT ONCE—A three or four drawer vertical filing cabinet, letter size, second hand, and in good order. P. O. Box 808. ju 12 1t

WANTED—Three or four furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Modern conveniences. Answer "G" care Star office. ju 12 1t*

FOR SALE—Gray motors 3.6 & 12 h. p. See agent for descriptions and prices. E. T. Malpass, 114 South Front street. ju 12 1t*

FOR SALE—The desirable house, No. 113 North Seventh street, with cistern water and other modern improvements, partly repainted, papered and kalsomined. Rent reduced. A. D. Wessell, or H. F. Wilder. ju 12 1t*

WANTED—Fifteen men to work in woods. Apply Evergreen Lumber Company, Evergreen, N. C. ju 11 3t

WANTED—Boiler and engine 25 or 30 h. p. Also saw mill complete in good running order. State Price and where can be seen. Address Box 104, City. ju 11 2t*

WATERMELONS and cantalopes today. Also nice peaches, bananas, pineapples, strawberries, black berries, huckle berries. Boiled ham and bacon. Dressed chickens always on hand. Young or old. J. W. Batson, 'phone 72. ju 11 tf

NOTICE—All persons having claims against me are requested to file same immediately with A. J. Marshall, Attorney. L. J. Mason, East Wilmington. ju 10 1t*

FOR SALE—Complete saw mill outfit one... Consists of 1 50 and 1 35 H. P. return tubiar boilers, with brick, 1, 10x12 Eclipse Engine, 1, 10x20 Watertown engine, 1, 8x8 Ames Engine, 1 Sargeant saw mill complete, saws, pulleys, shafting, belting, etc. 1 Perkins shingle mill, all ready to run Hickson Lumber Company, Lynchburg, Va. ju 10 1w

FOR SALE—One large milch cow in good condition; will give 12 quarts of milk per day with feed. Easy to milk, price $50. Apply W. H. Malpass, Rocky Point, N. C. ju 9 3t thu sa su.

NOTARY PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER: Expert typewriting and stenographic work. Multigraph circulars, imitation typewritten letters, forms, etc., startlingly cheap. Notary public also. Messrs Harriss, 114 Princess street. Phone 708. ap 28 tu thu su tf

ROOSEVELT'S marvelous career and African trip. Authentic, low priced book. Liberal terms. Outfit free. Remarkably easy seller. Many agents making $10.00 per day. Act quickly. Universal House, 1012 Arch st., Philadelphia. ma 31 ju 2 5 7 9 12 6t

FOR SALE—Five shares of Carolina Ice Company's stock; 10 shares of United Wireless Telegraph stock; 50 shares of Collins Wireless Telephone. P. O. Box 664, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 12 2t

FOR SALE—A few choice barred Plymouth Rock Cockerels at $1.50 to $2.00 each, also eggs for hatching at $1.50 per 15. Stock guaranteed as good as any in the State. O. F. Wolf & Son., Bolton, N. C. ju 9 sun 6 m.

WANTED—Traveling salesman. Salary and expenses. Big demand for our goods. Answer quick as territory is limited. Sales Manager, N. 207 South Commercial street, St. Louis, Mo. ju 9 eo su 2t

TAILORING—A large line of fashionable Spring and Summer suitings and trouserings on exhibition at Leger Meyer's. Merchant Tailoring at modest prices. Smith ulding, second floor. ap 24 su tf

WANTED—By married couple, without children, room and board in private family. Close in. Address "B" care of this office. ju 10 fri sa 2t*

FOR SALE—Beautiful country home modern, convenient to car line only five cents car fare. Call quick. M. C. Darby & Co., Real Estate, 114 1-2 Princess street. ju 9 4t

ARE YOU GOING on your vacation? See Uncle Charley for a good leather suit case, a good trunk, 108 Market street. Just a whisper from Front street. ap 28 tf

THE GILBERT HOUSE — Combines home comforts with hotel conveniences. Front and Princess streets, junction of all car lines. Electric lights and hot water. Table equals the best and rates reasonable. Transient $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Special rates to regular and table boarders. ma 20 tf.

DR. CHARLES T. HARPER—Practice limited to kidney, genito-urinary and rectal diseases. Offices 507-508 Southern Building, phone 1,160. ma 25 tf

IF IT IS GOOD workmanship and cleanliness that you are looking for, you can nd both at The Orton sanitary barber hop. Six white barbers. Would appreciate a trial. ap 26 tf

SPECIALTIES—All sorts of fish and clam fritters; our regular dinners are growing in popularity every day; at the car junction, Front and Princess streets, Junction Restaurant. Phone 1598. ma 18 tf

DO YOU WANT to make money, if so ship C. D. Gilbert your produce of all kinds, wool, tallow, hides and beeswax. You can always find him at 212 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. ju 5 tf

FOR RENT—Cottage at Front and Church streets, 503 Front; has five rooms, passage, bath and electric lights. Apply at 501 South Front or to J. E. Hall. ma 26 tf

FOR SALE—Gasoline boat, 6 1-2x26 1-2, complete with 12 h. p. twin cylinder, marine engine, with reverse gear, built by Pierce Motor Co., practically new, A1 condition. Also large flat-boat. Both can be seen at Kinston, N. C. Bargain, Box 4, Lynchburg, Va. ju 10 1w

ANNOUNCEMENT—Messrs. Foltz & Kendrick wish to announce that they have taken possession of the U. C. Ellis Studio. They have placed it in a perfectly sanitary condition, and are prepared to make the finest class of portrait work ever shown in Wilmington. ap 24 tf

WHEN YOU SELECT

An Article

from our stock whether it is for personal use or for the home, there's a feeling of absolute dependability goes with each purchase.

We are showing many moderately priced pieces of Jewelry—things necessary for daily wear. While not expensive they're still dependable.

Call and see them!

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street.

NOTICE.

To those holding Coupons as part purchase on new pianos, that were secured and won in our recent Famous 51 Puzzle Contest:

Owing to numerous and repeated requests for extension of time from those holding our coupons, who have not as yet had an opportunity to get them cashed on piano purchases, owing to the short limit of time before expiration of the coupons, we have for this reason made special arrangements to have all coupons not as yet traded in, extended for a period of thirty days.

LUDDEN & BATES,
SOUTHERN MUSIC HOUSE.
219 N. Front Street.
ju 12-15-2t.

ANNUAL MEETING.

The regular annual meeting of the North Carolina State Board of Dental Examiners will be held at Wrightsville, N. C., beginning at 9 A. M., July 11, 1910, for the examination of applicants who wish to practice dentistry in North Carolina. Practical work will be required in both Operative and Prosthetic Dentistry. The applicant must furnish engines, instruments, and material and must insert at least one gold filling each; they must also bring ready for soldering with hard solder, bridge containing at least four teeth, soldering to be done in the presence of the Board. In written examinations they are required to make an average of 80 per cent. Patients and the chairs furnished by the Board. All applicants must be graduates from reputable dental colleges and before registration and examinations are required to pay a fee of $10.00 and present diplomas for inspection.

DR. F. L. HUNT.
Secretary of Board.
ju 12-22-jl-5.

Annual Regatta.

The first regatta of the Carolina Yacht Club will be sailed over the club's course Saturday, June 18th, at 5 P. M. All captains must enter their yachts in writing not later than 24 hours before the race if they desire to compete for the Jones-Walters trophy. By order of the Regatta Committee.

CLAYTON GILES, JR., Chairman.
ju 12—1t.

GUANO FOR TOP DRESSING

397 Bags Nitrate Soda.
219 Bags Muriate Potash.
111 Bags Sulphate Potash.
287 Bags 4—10—4 Guano.
191 Bags 8—5—7 Guano.
117 Bags 6—5—7 Guano.
210 Bags 8—3—10 Guano.
360 Bags 8—4—4 Guano.
217 Bags 8—3—3 Guano.
487 Bags C. S. Meal.
461 Bags 16 Per Cent. Acid.
311 Bags Kainit.

W. B. COOPER
Importer and Jobber.
ju 7 tf

Business Comes to Us Every Day

We find it hard to account for some of the patronage that comes to us from day to day. We sometimes enquire, and it develops that this or that friend or patron has spoken in our behalf. We certainly appreciate all these kind courtesies, and take this occasion to thank our friends for their many kind words of approval and commendation. It will be our effort to continue to merit them.

American National Bank
113 N. Front St., Wilmington, N. C.
ju 12 tf

Base-Ball

WHITE CANVAS AND TENNIS OXFORDS AT

PETERSON & RULFS
Next to Murchison Bank.
ju 12 tf

NOTICE—To all holders of record of the Preferred Stock of
The United Wireless Telegraph Co.

Until June 15th, 1910, you are entitled to equal number of shares of the Common Stock of the Company at $20 per share. Both Preferred and Common Stock will be withdrawn from the market June 15th.

Preferred Stock now.....$50.00
Common Stock (to preferred stock-holders only).....$20.00

J. B. FARMER,
Sales Agent for North Carolina,
20 Garrell Bldg., Wilmington, N. C. Phone 466
ju 4 10t

A. D. Brown

Linen Department.

Irish and Scotch Satin Table Damask, Dinner Napkins, Pure Linen Huckaback Towels, Turkish Bath Towels, Silence Cloth, Plain and Hemstitched Cotton Sheets and Pillow Cases.

Wash Dress Goods.

Flaxons, Ginghams and Percales, Linens, Ramie and Congo Cloth, Crashe, Cotton Foulard and Gallitia.

Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Department—Tailored Suits, Wash Suits, Separate Skirts, Muslin Underwear, Dressing Sacques and kimonas, Tailored and Lingure Shirt Waists.

Agents for Black Cat Hosiery, American Lady Corsets and Butterick Patterns.

Out of town orders will receive prompt attention.

A. D. Brown

North Carolina Maturing Bonds

may be presented July first to this bank for payment or for exchange into new bonds. Prepared this Bank will also be to sell new bonds to those wishing to invest.

THE MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK
OF WILMINGTON
ju 9 tf

SULPHUR---HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND

LIQUID, LARGE $1.00, SMALL 50c. Effective for Eczema, Itch, Ringworm, Poison Oak, Insect Stings, etc. All skin Eruptions and Scalp Ailments. You need not go to the Sulphur Springs, this gives you a perfect Sulphur Bath and Invigorating Tonic Drink.

TABLETS For Bottle (50 tablets) 50c. Results are surprising, for UNIC ACID Corrective, Purifying the Blood, Toning the Stomach, and in the treatment and prevention of INDIGESTION, Dyspepsia, Lumbago, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Gout, Nephritis Colic, Stone in the Kidney and Bladder, and most Kidney, Liver and Stomach Ailments.

OINTMENT. LARGE JAR, 50c. SMALL 25c. A MAGIC WONDER for Hemorrhoids, Piles (term Swellings, Inflamed or Chafed Parts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, etc. Splendid for the Complexion, Keeps the skin soft and removes Pimples, Blemishes, Blackheads, etc. All for Sale by Druggists. Manf'd by HANCOCK LIQUID SULPHUR CO., Baltimore, Md.

If your Dealer can't supply you, send to Hall or Ruckel, prepaid. Write for booklet on Sulphur.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

FOUNDED A.D. 1867

PAGES 9 TO 12

VOL. LXXXVI—NO. 17. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 12, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,31

JOURNALISM---RELIGION
BY REV. HIGHT C. MOORE

One of the most elevating and most profound of the many fine addresses delivered during the sessions of the North Carolina Press Association just ended, was that on Thursday, by Rev. Hight C. Moore, the talented editor of the Biblical Recorder, Raleigh, N. C. Rev. Mr. Moore, in addressing the Association, said:

"Journalism and Religion: These great words are not strangers to each other; long ago they met, fell in love, and were married; happy and faithful has been their union; and today we rejoice in the better world they have made. And the journalism of which I speak primarily is not that of the religious but of the secular press.

The newspaper has within its field the whole realm of our thought and life. It is encyclopedic. It brings to our firesides the ends of the earth. It gives a bird's-eye view of universal affairs. Its table of contents embraces whatever is of human interest. It is our nearest approach to the omnipresence of Him whose eyes 'are in every place, beholding the evil and the good."

And in this larger journalistic veiw, world-wide in its scope and all inclusive in its themes, Religion is of course included. To this part of the field, our present attention is directed, and, in particular, we have to do with that section of it which defines the place of religious views and views in the secular press, or the attitude of the average newspaper toward religious movements.

1. It may be well to state, but it is unnecessary for us here to elaborate upon, the journalistic value of religious items and articles. At least four things we may expect of the live, true journal: First, it will take up matters in which the people are interested; second, it will wish the best people in the community to move up and down its columns, Thirdly, it will undertake to inspire and magnify the highest ideals of its readers. And, fourthly, it will strive to promote good citizenship in its constituency.

Does Religion meet these journalistic requirements? To ask the question in this presence is to answer it. You realize, gentlemen, that everybody, however depraved and deficient, is interested in Religion; that the religious note is the universal human note, and that if you omit it from the arch of your news-service, the very key-stone is out of place. Again, does not Religion bring into your columns people about whom you love to write and your readers love to hear? Moreover, in presenting and exalting the highest ideals, have you not found that Religion hath her quiver full of them? And do you wish to promote good citizenship? There is nothing which has such regenerative, such educative, such transforming power as Religion. As there are studies that have more cultural value than others, so there are newspaper themes and departments which have a greater and better effect than others. And among these, the chief, easily, is Religion.

These are commonplaces; they almost have the ring of pious platitudes; but they are, all the same, everlastingly true, and they are fundamental. They deal with central, vital things; those things which make goodness the citadel of efficiency. And this is the goal of meaningful, worth-while journalism.

2. What, then, is the function of the secular press in dealing with religious matters?

Let us be clear that there is no conflict here between the secular and the religious press. The latter, if of the denominational type, is set for the enlightenment, enlistment, and edification of a particular brotherhood in its teachings and benevolences; if of the denominational type, it aims nevertheless at specific religious instruction and cultivation of the devotional life. Into neither of these fields is the general newspaper to enter fully nor would it be propr to do so. It occupies not a richer but a broader field and cultivates this section of it from the journalistic rather than the religious side.

The attitude of the secular press to religious matters is mainly reportorial. The Laymen's Movement is and admirable case in point. The Greensboro Convention, attended by 1,600 men who stand in the forefront of our State life civic and industrial, but who assembled and sat three days in unbroken session discussing Missions, was widely heralded beforehand and fully reported afterwards in every paper in the State.

The same was true of the great World's Sunday School Convention in Washington last month. From every Christian country on the globe 2,000 delegates assembled representing 27,000,000, (S. S.) scholars, and the gathering was marked by an address from the President of the United States, and the adjournment of Congress. Of course local papers carried full reports, many other great dailies had special reporters there, the Associated Press sent out full dispatches, and thus the newspapers of the world told the world of a great meeting.

And not only interdenominational meetings but denominational meetings, as well; illustrate the same point. All the papers have told us of the Methodist Quadrennial Conference in Asheville, the Presbyterian Assembly in Lewisburg, and the Southern Baptist Convention in Baltimore. Resolutions, speeches, sketches of members, editorial mention, and the like were given ample space, all of which was gratifying to their special constituencies, and informing to the world at large.

But while chiefly reportorial, it is evident that the newspaper can and should promote wholesome religious movements by announcement, a word of encouragement, admitting certain articles, and so on. It should also, within bounds, exercise a formative influence cutting out those that are reprehensible and printing wholesome discussion, clarifying aims and entering upon the best methods. And it should conserve these religious impressions through its reports and editorials so that a permanent deposit for good may be left to enrich the community.

The paper therefore that adequately reports, and thus incidentally promotes, shapes and conserves religious movements, performs a high public duty and at the same time illustrates a sound journalism.

3. So there is certain matter religious which looks well, reads well, and serves well in the secular papers. It is to be freely granted, however, that some things call for the discriminating blue pencil, the sensible scissors, and the capacious waste basket.

The pious advertiser is abroad in the land. He can manufacture more news-items than the most expert penny-a-liner, but strangely enough all these items center in the pronoun of the first person. He reminds us of the English publisher who in ante-linotype days was forced to reject a manuscript because he did not have in his office enough capital I's to print it!

The mercenary brother is masquerading here and there. He may not be a wolf in sheeps' clothes, but he has the lupine bark if not the bite. He contrives to get his name in print, perhaps affixes to it the ministerial prefix or the honorary suffix, and thus gets before the public favorably in order to dispose of his wares. But of his wares, beware!

Nor has the heretic "gone out of business." We hear of him in the churches, in denominational organs, in heresy trials; but most of his goods are put in the show window, if not peddled into circulation and credence by the courtesy of the secular press. Publicity is a sweet morsel under his tongue and his time is spent devising mischief which will be news, earn the flaming head line, and give wings to his name if not his iniquitious opinions. Scissor his copy, gentlemen; salt down his photograph unused; let him unheralded and unsung continue, if he will, his wallowing in the mire!

But, as all editors know, there are some of the very elect who wish to get in the papers but do not have the journalistic instinct. Their hearts are right but their heads are confused and confusing. Their contributions exhibit better penmanship than point. And you are sometimes oppressed with the fact that these saintly souls furnish copy as dry as dust, as light as smoke, as empty as a vacuum—copy which you insert merely to fill space, to empty a pigeon-hole, or to pacify a subscriber.

Even so. But it is remarkable what dynamic force there is in a newspaper paragraph. Some of these dry commonplace items and articles may reach a circle which the studied editorial and the scholarly contributions can never penetrate. They may, after all, serve a useful purpose; and since every paper publishes them, it is well to be resigned and look on the bright side.

It is, however, to be noted and emphasized that religious items need not be dry and uninteresting. Religion does not squeeze the juice and sparkle out of any man nor does it make writing sapless, void, and dull. On the contrary, there are many things in the religious realm that brighten, irradiate, and effectualize our columns. Letters about religious meetings that are transforming individuals and communities, from Christian workers who in our midst are bringing things to pass, from missionaries who have gone out from us to destitute sections or to the "regions beyond"; are not these as readable and newsy and uplifting as a page of weak reprint or surfeiting personals? And the multitude of speeches or revival subjects and sermons and thought-provoking conversation are the highest of all themes. Why not give extracts and comments on sentences to a wider circle?

Is not this better than to merely say a speech was good, a sermon great, a teacher helpful? Think also of the institutions of the great denominations, the colleges and seminaries, the broad and blessed benevolence to our poor, the aged, the fatherless; all of these things should be matters of common intelligence through the medium of the secular press. In fact, the most significant movements of the time are religious, and the journalist fails indeed who fails to mark the great world-tides bearing us upward and onward to the safest haven and the brightest heaven the earth ever knew or can know.

It may be added that good "copying" on this topic means more than clean manuscript and correct English, more even than the insertion of pious paragraphs and commendations of religion. It means that the spirit of the sanctum should be pervaded and interpenetrated by a spirit which at bottom is religious throughout every phase and feature of the paper. The Golden Rule is workable among the ink pots; the Decalogue is not "dead" matter upon our galleys; the Sermon on the Mount is not a folio of discarded manuscripts, a case of outworn ideals; the volume which we lovingly call the Old Book is not out of date, meaningless, and unstimulating, and to be covered with office dust and buried under exchanges. No; these fundamentals be at the base of true journalism, and they work themselves up and out through every issue, column, paragraph, and "em" whatever be the theme and the method of treatment.

But in flavoring with the religious spirt our treatment of secular themes and in editing distinctively religious matters that may be sent for publication there will be need for a few cautions. And if you will not regard me presumptious, I will indulge in a dozen "Donts."

1. Don't advocate distinctive doctrine or lend your columns to any theological propagandist, whether local religionist or metropolitan divine. A case in point: Pastor Russell, of the Brooklyn Tabernacle preaches doctrine which 99-100 of the people of North Carolina regard as deadly heresy. Yet his sermons, every one of which seems to center upon the exposition of his favorite tenet now being called "Russellism", and accepted by press agencies which value pulpit utterances more on account of its salability than its salvability, are being circulated through patent columns among an unwary and undiscerning public. Let us have more good true sermons in our dailies and weeklies, but the place for literature Russellistic and the like is in tract, the book, the special organ, and not in any impartial secular press. Of course on occasion there will be theological discussions in which the press at large should take part, perhaps a leading part, and it should state fairly the beliefs of those whose views are noted in its news service, but the point here is that the newspaper should not be either the victim or the agent of heretics and heretic-hunters. Leave that to the denominational press and at the same time you may cause that wing of the army to spend its strength on better things.

2. Don't "make light" of any religious beliefs, however much they smack of medieval times and tenets, or furnish the point for many a jest rich and rare. Remember that one's faith is interwoven with his heart-strings and that your needle of sarcasm is likely to bring blood. Grant that a man's beliefs are groundless; they are yet his beliefs, he is entitled to them, he is presumably following his conscience if not his Bible, and we should respect him. Let our printers' ink emit light, and let us not bespatter the poor fellow, as Luther threw his ink pot at the devil. And it is worth observing that "making light" of religious beliefs is even more deteriorating to editor and readers than it is to the object of sarcastic or humorous reference. Light remarks about the ordinances, the honest interpretation of Scripture, the peculiar customs of devout churches, the jesting comparison of denominations, these and similar items, are calculated to blur religious perceptions and dull the moral sense.

3. Don't overlook denominational nomenclature in the record of church events. The average reporter of a religious assembly while rendering a much appreciated service, very often falls into confusing blunders from the denominational point of view. For example: We sometimes read of "the Baptist church of (N. C.)" when there is no such institution in existence. Pluralize the word "Church" and the designation is correct; for the only Baptist church on earth is the local congregation.

4. Don't misapply titles, honorary or otherwise. To call a preacher a D. D., when he has never been and will never be within a thousand leagues of the degree, may be a pleasing prevarication, but it is nevertheless a flattery unbecoming and in many cases unappreciated. The newspapers make more D. D.'s than the colleges! And one sometimes reads of "Rev. Jones", not "Rev. Mr. Jones", or "Rev. George Washington Jones" but "Rev. Jones", which, while definite in a way and technically admissible is a grating phrase, a one-legged appellation, an abbreviation vocative. Call him "Wash Jones" insted!

5. Don't indulge in too many superlatives. This degree is rather dangerous anyway when we are putting it down in black and white to stand and stay. Comparisons we hear, are odious; and it is even so in reporting and commending religous work.

6. Don't misquote Scripture. Here where the pulpit itself sometimes errs egregiously it is not to be expected that we of the lettered sanctum can be altogether accurate. Yet it is of the highest importance that we should in quoting Scripture verses or referring to Scripture incidents, be exact for few of our readers will verify or falsify what we print. And let us beware of typographical errors for in more ways than one the devil comes into our offices and in more ways than one "the devil cites Scripture to his purpose.' In the 17th century an edtion of the Bible was printed which omitted the word "not" from the Seventh Commandment; and the printer was fined $1,500 for his blunder! We may not be fined but we will be "found", if we allow these errors. Some years ago a leading Baptist minister on assuming an important pastorate took as his first text: "I seek not yours but you," What was his horror to find that the report of it in a leading daily gave this revised but not improved version of his initial text and pastoral motto, "I seek not you but yours"!

7. Don't lecture the churches on their duty any more than on their doctrines. This does not discourage constructive criticism, the publication of eloquent facts on a given situation, or even the occasional admission of wholesome discussion. But it does mean that the churches themselves know or should know their own business; and if they do not or will not, it will simply be the newspapers' duty to write over them, "Departed this life!"

8. Don't dogmatize. There is a legitimate journalistic dogmation, the very salt and seasoning of the press, the animus and motive of its existence, the one thing that gives it a mission and a bearing; but to be dogmatic on matters of religious faith

(Continued on Page 11.)

The Field Brothers Tired of Their English College

London, June 9.—Marshall Field 2nd and Henry Field, the two principal heirs to the hundred million of dollars left by Marshall Field, the Chicago merchant, want to return to the United States. The two boys have been attending Eton college, but have suddenly taken a dislike to English schools and have declared they are ready to run away to sea. The two boys will visit the United States during June, it is announced. The fortune left by Marshall Field to the boys is said to have doubled itself.

ADDRESS OF M. L. SHIPMAN

Newly Elected President of State Press Association Before North Carolina Good Roads Congress at Wrightsville.

One of the most thoughtful of the addresses delivered during the past week to the North Carolina Good Roads Association in session at Wrightsville Beach, was by Mr. M. L. Shipman, State Commissioner of Labor and Printing and the newly elected president of the North Carolina Press Association. Mr. Shipman said in part:

Among the experts that are gathered here it would be worse than useless for me to attempt to set forth the advantages of good roads over bad ones. It would be idle for me to go into the question of how the roads should be built, when the time comes to do the actual construction. In this respect I know that I am not an expert. I know it not from innate modesty but from sad experience. In common, I take it, with many another who is here today, I have built roads, or assisted in constructing them myself. And I have ridden over my own handiwork afterwards—hub deep—and "cussed" it as I rode. The bitter humor of the old-fashioned method of road building has already sunk deep into the understanding of the people. When the time for the great revival comes, the work will be in able hands, And the people will not regret their sweat.

But let us, in the spirit of confidence that should characterize this meeting, confess that old prejudices are slow in dying among us. In spite of improvement here and there, in spite of healthy and slowly leavening agitation now and then, the work yet almost awaits its start. Among other things, some of us have individually—now and then—"dabbled" in politics. When we haven't gone in swimming ourselves, we have observed others sailing their unstable crafts on the sea of statesmanship. And we have also observed that the easiest way for any ambitious servant of the people to commit legislative hari kari by means of political shipwreck has been to pass a road law for his country. This question of good roads is one calling for the broadest statesmanship rather than any brand of politics, but even measures of statesmanship must be executed by politicians. In any handling of this question, therefore, the politician must be considered and protected—not only for his own good, but for the good of the cause itself. For politicians are not good martyrs unless there is an issue in the role, and we must not expect to have our roads with the political corpses of self-sacrificing legislators. Under such a system, even those roads that we have would speedily fall into a state of sad disrepair—not to say innocuous desuetude.

The matter of roads, therefore, should be, in as large measure as possible, taken out of the hands of county determination. By this I do not mean, of course, to advocate a centralized system under the complete control of either State or Nation. But there should be given an incentive to the counties and townships to declare for, and tax themselves for, good roads in return for and in consideration of assistance from the State at large. To the end of highways that shall be properly constructed, that shall be judiciously planned and that shall be the logical parts of a system destined to net-work the State with pike and by-road, each adequately constructed and maintained, I take it that the greatest measure of success will follow upon the highest uniformity of conception and construction. Once the State is as thoroughly committed to the principle of good roads as the people are to good schools, there will be at once the end of haphazard method and ill-defined plan. The old religious conception of the moral advantage of a rough and "narrow" way has been relegated finally to the realms of allegory. That is where it belongs. "Facilis descenaus averni" may have once been true. Our aim now ought to be to make the way to market equally broad and equally smooth. It is to an industrial and commercial heaven that we must look for the broadest measure of moral expansion. The road that is narrow is now the road that is preferred by vice and shunned by virtue. The church and the school house seek the hghway. Heretofore, the very vital need which every resident of our country districts has felt for improved highways has, in a sense, contributed through jealousy and contention to postpone and hamper the good work. Who of us has not sickened at the spectacle of country wrangles over good routes? Who, if he ever yielded so far to ambition as to sit on a county board, has not prayed fervently to be delivered? Or, if he has been merely a spectator of their troubles and an auditor of the abuse and scandal

(Continued on Page 12.)

THE DES MOINES PLAN OF CITY GOVERNMENT

In the fifth and last of the series of articles the Star is reprinting from the Baltimore News on municipal government, Dr. Horace E. Flack, of the American Bureau of Municipal Research, tells something of what has now become popularly known at the "Des Moines Plan." In the course of his paper Dr. Flack says:

Des Moines was the first city outside of Texas to adopt the commission form of government. Unlike Galveston, there was no crisis which brought about the adoption of commission government, nor was it seemingly the result of a sporadic reform movement. The Commercial Club of Des Moines says that it was rather the direct result of strong conviction on the part of business men who favored the application of business methods to the management of municipal affairs. The same authority asserts that the "Des Moines Plan" for it is a great departure from the "Galveston plan," presents the most important and the most radical experiments in municipal government ever attempted in the United States.

The experiment of Galveston was no doubt directly responsible for the adoption of commission government by Des Moines, but Des Moines incorporated many provisions which are not to be found in the former charter. The Legislature of Iowa in 1907 passed a general law applicable to all cities having a population of 25,000 or more, but leaving it optional with the cities to accept the commission form or to retain their present form. It was necessary to secure a petition signed by electors equal to 25 per cent. of all votes cast for candidates for mayor at the preceding election to have the proposed plan submitted. Des Moines was the first city to avail itself of this opportunity. The law provides for the election of a mayor and four councilmen. They are to be elected at large every two years.

Non-Partisan Primary.

The Iowa law, or the "Des Moines plan," makes provision for a non-partisan primary for the nomination of all candidates for office, and no name may be placed upon the ballot unless so nominated. The primary election must be held on the second Monday preceding the general municipal election, the machinery, judges and clerks being the same for both primary and general election. The method for becoming a candidate in the primary election is quite simple, merely requiring the filing of a statement of such candidacy, with a petition signed by 25 qualified voters. There shall be no party designation or mark whatever on the ballot, the names of all candidates for mayor and councilmen being placed in alphabetical order. The two candidates receiving the highest number of votes for mayor shall be the candidates at the general municipal election for mayor, and the eight candidates receiving the highest vote for councilmen, or all such candidates if fewer than eight, shall be candidates at the general election for councilmen. The ballot at the general election must be in the same general form as that for the primary, without any party designation or marks. A severe penalty is prescribed for attempting to form a political combination or for using, directly or indirectly, political influence in the interest of any person or measure, or for accepting any money or other consideration for services rendered any candidate. Every elective officer must, within 30 days after qualifying, file with the City Clerk and publish in a daiily newspaper a sworn statement of all his election and campaign expenses and by whom such funds were contributed.

The City Council, consisting of the Mayor and four Councilmen, is the governing body of the city. The adoption of any motion, resolution or ordinance or the passage of any measure requires at least three votes. The yeas and nays must be called and recorded on every vote, and no motion, resolution or ordinance can be passed until reduced to wr'ting and read. The Mayor is the presiding officer, but he has no veto. No measure passed by the Council becomes effective until signed by the Mayor or two Councilmen and recorded. The Council exercises all the powers and duues, executive, legislative and judicial, which were formerly exercised by the Mayor, City Council, Board of Public Works, Park Commissioners, Police and Fire Commissioners, Auditor and all other executive and administrative officers of the city.

The executive and administrative powers of the city are distributed among these five departments.

1. Department of Public Affairs.
2. Department of Accounts and Finances.
3. Department of Public Safety.
4. Department of Streets and Public Improvements.
5. Department of Parks and Public Property.

The Mayor is to be the superintendent of the Department of Public Affairs, and the Council by majority vote designates one of its members as superintendent of each of the other departments; but such designation can be changed whenever it appears that the public service would be benefited thereby. The Council has the power to determine the powers and duties of each department, and to prescribe the powers and duties of all officers and employes. It may also require any officer or employe to perform duties in two or more departments and may make such rules and regulations as may be necessary or proper for the efficient and economical conduct of the business of the city.

Elicted by the Council.

The Council elects a City Clerk, Solicitor, Auditor, Assessor, Treasurer, Civil Engineer, City Physician, Marshal, Chief of Fire Department, Market Master, Street Commissioner, Library Trustees and such other officers and assistants as may be provided for by ordinance. Any officer or assistant elected by the Council, except as otherwise provided in the civil service law. Power is also conferred upon the Council to create, fill and abolish offices and employments, except as otherwise provided, according to their judgment of the needs of the city. Many cities have not this power, but must rely upon the good graces of State Legislature either for the creation or abolition of any office. The people, by resorting to the initiative and referendum, can, of course, either create or abolish an office.

Every ordinance or resolution appropriating money or making any street improvement, authorizing any contract or granting any franchise, must be on file with the City Clerk for public inspection at least one week before its final passage. All franchises for street railways, water-works, lighting plants, telephones and other pub-

(Continued on Page Eleven.)

There Is No Use Arguing

The fact remains the same that no store is better equipped for

Summer Business

—than—

PLATT & HAAR

Some Summery Suggestions:

PARASOLS—To match your silk, linen or wash dress.

A BARGAIN—One case flowered organdies to be closed out at 10 cents yard.

FLAXINE—Another supply at 11 cents yard. Long Cloth. A special value at $1.00, worth $1.50. Bathing Caps. The nobbiest line in the city. Lumina Silk Hose. A bargain at $1.00 per pair.

AUTOMOBILE VEILS—The correct thing at $2.50. Taffeta Silk Skirts. A special at $2.98. One piece Gingham Dresses. Good value at $6.00. Middy Blouses. We have the only correct style to be found in the city.

Society Goods

We are agents for the Royal Society Goods. A full line of stamped pieces, and the floss to work them with, always on hand.

Platt & Haar

LaGrecque Agents ✦ *Standard Agents*

THE STATE AND GOOD ROADS

Address of Prof. W. C. Riddick, of the State A. & M. College Before North Carolina Good Roads Association.

Prof. W. C. Riddick, of the char of civil engineering at the A. & M. College, Raleigh, was one of the speakers at the North Carolina Good Roads Association at Wrightsville Beach during the past week. He had for his subject "State Institutions and Good Roads" and his splendid address in part was as follows:

Gentlemen:—It is eminently proper that ths meeting of the North Carolina Good Roads Association should be held under the auspices of the Press Association. The press, I believe, stands for everything that represents and makes for the advancement of our State along material and moral lines. We all know that education and good roads are inseparable allies, each of which is both a cause and an effect of the other, both working together for the upbuilding of our State.

In fact, education, good roads, and improved methods of agriculture have become the trinity of our country's political creed, and no one can be an orthodox citizen unless he advocates them. In my opinion the credit for this state of affairs is due to the press of our State to a greater extent than to any other agency. And now, Mr. Editor, whether you control a metropolitan daily or a country weekly, I salute you as the best road maker on the face of the earth today.

Next in importance, after the press, as factors in our State's advancement, should come its educational institutions, and I have been askd to tell briefly what our State University and the A. & M. College are doing to advance the cause of good roads. Being an alumnus of one and a teacher in the other, I can at least speak for both with an enthusiasm born of love and admiration.

Higher education should and does broaden a young man's views, give him a clearer insight into the problems of life, and a trained mind to grapple with these problems. It should also give him higher aspirations for himself, along with a determination to improve in every way possible the conditions of his fellow man. The University and the A. & M. and the other institutions of higher education in the State have within their walls each year several thousand young men, who are sent out from these institutions after one or more years of training. No matter what particular subjects they may have studied, their minds are strengthened by the study, and their views of life enlarged by reading and by contact with one another and their teachers. Many of these young men become leaders of thought and action in their communities.

They read the papers, and they originate, or at least, keep up with advanced ideas.

Such men cannot fail to be earnest advocates of good roads. Nor can they fail to exert great influence in moulding public opinion in favor of them. I do not wish to be understood as saying that the good roads movement is dependent upon college men, for many of our most enthusiastic and effective advocates of good roads have never had the advantages of a college education.

The University and the A. & M. are also advancing the cause of good roads by increasing the productive efficiency of our young men. We estimate, and our estimate is based on facts, that the earning capacity of the average young man when he enters the A. & M. College, is $1.25 per day, and that after graduation it is from $3.50 to $4.00. In other words, if we take a sordid dollar and cent view of his education, a young man enhances in value 200 per cent. during his four years in college (almost equal to Wilmington real estate), and in this estimate I have not considered the most valuable part of his college course, i. e., the ground work he has laid while at college for future growth.

These young men go out from college prepared to develop rather than exploit our resources. They build railroads, develop water powers, make our towns and cities sanitary and beautiful. They run our farms according to improved methods, manage commercial enterprise and engage in various professional pursuits.

They not only accumulate property themselves, but increase enormously the taxable wealth in our State, without which roads cannot be built.

The State may thus expect of the young men she has educated not only that they have breadth of mind to conceive, enthusiasm to advocate, and power to convince others in the matter of good roads, but also that each one of them shall do a man's part in developing her resources, and increasing her wealth to that point where it will be possible to improve all her roads without burdensome taxation, and so far as the A. & M. is concerned, I pledge you she shall not be disappointed.

And finally, gentlemen, these institutions are giving in every possible way technical information about road building, and this not only to its students, but in every available way to the people of the State at large. The A. & M. is graduating each year about twenty young students in Civil Engineering who have been given a special course in road building, including location, grading, drainage and the various kinds of surfacing materials from sand-clay to asphalt.

They are prepared when they leave college to manage and direct road work under the general supervision of Mr. Spoon, our enthusiastic and efficient State Highway Engineer, and with experience they soon become practical as well as scientific road builders, competent to take complete charge of the road work in any county or community. During the past session, in addition to the regular course of study in road building, we have had special lectures by experts from the United States Department of Public Roads and by Mr. Spoon, State Highway Engineer.

The college is especially indebted to Mr. Spoon for a series of practical talks on the "Building of Country Roads", delivered to the students of our Winter Course in Agriculture.

During the past session one of our students in Civil Engineering spent his Saturdays looking after road work in Franklin county, and in this way made money enough to pay his expenses at the college. Since our commencement four of our recent graduates have gone into road building. There is no question as to whether we can furnish road builders, for in faith we are already doing it. Our college is thoroughly alive to its duty, and is turning out young men by the score, who will furnish the enthusiasm, the money, and the technical knowledge and skill to build the public roads of our State.

WELDON NEWS.

Affairs Personal and Otherwise in Prosperous Community.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Weldon, N. C., June 11.—Miss Jeannette Daniel has returned home from Hollins Institute—Miss Alice Butts, of Halifax, spent the past week with Miss Mary Mabry—Mr. R. H. Shaw has returned home from a visit to Tarboro—Mr. W. F. Coppedge, of Halifax, spent a few days here this week—Mrs. Eva Davis has returned home from a visit to her brother, Mr. J. K. Campbell at Plymouth—Mr. F. C. Topleman, general manager of the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company, was here this week—Misses Eliza and Zelma Mabry, of Henderson, have been visiting Miss Agnes Moseley this week

Mr. Frank Hawks has returned home from the A. & M. College, accompanied by his friend, Mr. W. C. Styron, of Washington, N. C.—Miss Swannanoa Horn, of Clayton, and Miss Ruth Abbott, of Georgia, have been the guests of Miss Jeannette Daniel—Mr. W. T. Parker and son, Master Earle, went over to Sussex county, Va., to attend the burial of Mr. George Mondell.

We are pleased to note that Messrs. Frank Hawks and E. H. Smith, of this town, both graduated with high honors at the A. & M. College this year.

The trial of E. E. Powell for the murder of C. W. Dunn, at Scotland Neck, will begin at the June term of Warren Superior Court. The term begins Monday, June 20th, with Judge G. W. Ward presiding.

Weldon is to have a handsome new brick hotel, modern and up-to-date in every way.

The big concrete pillars for the Coast Line L track at Second and Third streets, have been completed. Work will soon begin on the big pillars in Roanoke river for the Coast Line's $1,000,000 steel bridge.

The many friends of Mr. W. R. Smith, Jr., will be pleased to learn of his promotion from midshipman to ensign in the United States Navy.

Mr. J. L. Pair died at his home here Monday morning after a lingering illness, aged 73 years. Mr. Pair was highly esteemed by all who knew him. In 1861 he entered the Confederate Army, was wounded and captured at Spottsylvania Court House and was put in the Federal prison at Elmira, N. Y., where he was kept a prisoner until the end of the war. He leaves a devoted wife, two children and other relatives to mourn his death.

The convention of the Second Judicial district, will meet here July 6th.

FREE TRIAL OF SAMOSE.

Flesh-Forming Food Given on Approval by Druggist J. Hicks Bunting.

Would you like to be fat and plump and strong and hearty? Here is a chance so do it without risking the loss of a single penny.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., our well known druggists, have a new treatment called Samose, which they are selling on approval, that is said to be a true flesh-forming food. It is in tablet form, retailing at 50c a box.

If it does not increase the weight, fill out the thin, scrawny form and restore health and strength, there will be no charge whatever for Samose. Go to J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. today and get a treatment of Samose with their promise to refund the money if it does not do all that it claims.

Before commencing the use of Samose have yourself correctly weighed and note the gain from week to week.

"The Glow Worm"

by the Lumina orchestra tonight Don't miss it.

AFTER SUFFERING FOR YEARS

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Park Rapids, Minn.—"I was sick for years while passing through the Change of Life and was hardly able to be around. After taking six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I gained 20 pounds, am now able to do my own work and feel well."—Mrs. Ed. La Dou, Park Rapids, Minn.

Brookville, Ohio.—"I was irregular and extremely nervous. A neighbor recommended Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to me and I have become regular and my nerves are much better."—Mrs. R. Kinnison, Brookville Ohio.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from native roots and herbs, contains no narcotic or harmful drugs, and to-day holds the record for the largest number of actual cures of female diseases we know of, and thousands of voluntary testimonials are on file in the Pinkham laboratory at Lynn, Mass., from women who have been cured from almost every form of female complaints, inflammation, ulceration, displacements, fibroid tumors, irregularities, periodic pains, backache, indigestion and nervous prostration. Every suffering woman owes it to herself to give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial.

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

HOW HE CURED BLOOD POISON

I didn't find out I had contracted Contagious Blood Poison until it had made considerable headway. I had heard a great deal of the value of S. S. S. as a blood medicine, in fact had a friend who had cured himself of the same disease through its use, so as soon as I discovered the nature of my trouble I began taking it. I got along splendidly from the very first and my recovery was steady. When I first began the use of S. S. S. my face was so full of sores and eruptions that I could not shave. Other parts of my body were similarly affected, but there is now not a blotch, pimple or any other sign of the disease. I was cured by S. S. S. and I know I am cured to stay cured as this was several years ago. There is nothing that equals S. S. S. for Contagious Blood Poison and I always recommend it in such cases. WALTER WEBER.

No. 430½ Fourth St., Evansville, Ind.

The acknowledged virtue of S. S. S. as a blood remedy induced Mr. Weber to commence its use when he found he had contracted Contagious Blood Poison. The good results he obtained is just another demonstration of its value as a cure for this disease.

Contagious Blood Poison is the most powerful and destructive of all blood disorders. Its virus permeates the entire circulation and this explains why any one afflicted with this malady usually finds its symptoms manifested in every portion of the body. From head to foot the insidious poison breaks forth. The hair and eyebrows come out, the mouth and throat ulcerate, skin eruptions and sores and ulcers break out on the body, the bones ache, glands in the groin swell, and frequently the nails on hands and feet are affected.

The only possible way to cure Contagious Blood Poison is to remove the cause by purifying the blood. This is just what S. S. S. does; and it is the only medicine that absolutely and thoroughly cleanses the circulation of every particle of the germs and virus of the disease. Mercury, Potash, etc., are often used by despairing sufferers in the hope that such strong treatment will kill the poison. But this cannot be done; the disease may be checked temporarily and the symptoms improved, but the old poison is slumbering in the blood, and when the treatment is left off the disease always returns.

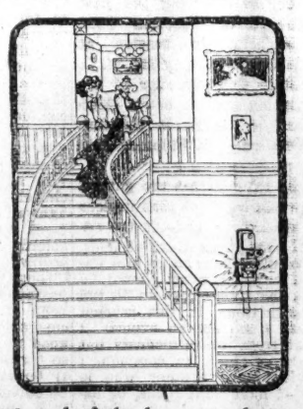
The ability of S. S. S. to cure Contagious Blood Poison comes from its blood purifying properties. It goes into the circulation and removes every trace of the poison, makes the blood pure and healthy, and leaves no dregs of the virus to break out later on. S. S. S. is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, each of which has a direct and specific effect in purifying the blood. S. S. S. does not contain a particle of mineral in any form to upset the stomach, affect the bowels, or inflame any of the delicate membranes of the body. It is Nature's blood purifier, potent and healthful, and so valuable are its tonic effects that when S. S. S. has rid the circulation of the Contagious Blood Poison the entire system is left in fine physical condition.

S.S.S.
PURELY VEGETABLE

We want to help every Contagious Blood Poison sufferer to get well, and for this purpose we have prepared a special book for Home Treatment. We will mail this book with any special medical advice free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

What About the Woman?

The Man's telephone is at his elbow all-day. He doesn't have to move to answer it.



The Woman, perhaps, walks up and down stairs or from one end of the house to the other to answer the telephone.

An Extension Wall Set connected with the Bell Telephone in your residence will save these unnecessary steps.

$1.00 per month.

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Every barrel guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded by

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BELTS of all leathers to fit any waist, 50c. to $1.50.

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It is the customers who come back that make a business grow. Clever advertising may get a customer once, but only honest values—being "square"—make him come again.

Your satisfaction is what we are striving for. That's why we offer such clothing as

Stein-Bloch Summer Suits

for your consideration.

No better clothing is made today—not even by high class custom tailors.

No garments anywhere near so good can be had anywhere else at equally low prices.

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Phone 673. S. W. Corner Front & Princess Sts.

The Real Attraction

Is not the man in the window, but the hundreds of useful articles of Furniture on our floors. Our stock is by far the most complete, the largest, the newest in the city. As usual, our prices are much lower. All are cordially invited to walk through and be convinced.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.
Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.

T-I-Z

THAT'S ALL.

It's for the feet and it is good. 25c.

St. John's Sunday School Gets the Piano.

St. John's Sunday School	32,539
Mrs. Williams	21,346
Miss Bornemann	19,762

Rubberset Tooth Brushes and Lather Brushes. The most complete line ever sent out from the factory. Specially selected for us, from 10 cents to $3.00 each—see display in our window.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.
FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.

Some new Driving Horses

—at—

CITY LIVERY CO.

Phone 15.

White Mountain REFRIGERATORS

are strong, durable and sanitary. Having a removable ice chamber with duplex grate and removable waste pipe makes it easier to keep clean than any refrigerator made.

Several styles to select from.

J. W. MURCHISON & CO.
Hardware.

Spring and Summer Changes of the SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Effective June 5th, 1910.

On the above date the Southern Railway will put in operation their Elegant Summer service of Sleepers and Parlor Cars from all important points. Jacksonville, Atlanta, Macon, New Orleans, Memphis, Chattanooga, Columbia, Charleston, Norfolk, Raleigh, etc., to

Western North Carolina Resorts, "The Land of the Sky."

and all other Summer Resorts. Cheap round trip rates effective May 15th, to September 30th, final return limit October 31st, 1910.

For further information regarding rates, schedules, Pullman reservations, etc., apply to your nearest agent or the undersigned.

W. H. PARNELL,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.
H. F. CARY,
General Passenger Agent,
Washington, D. C.

ma 26-thu-fr-sa-su tf.

Atlantic Coast Line

Very Low

EXCURSION

Rates to the

EAST

From Wilmington

To Washington	$16.00
To Baltimore	$18.00
To New York	$26.00
To Philadelphia	$22.80

Final Return Limit
OCTOBER 31, 1910.
Liberal Stop-Overs.

W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
Phone 160.

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HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS.

Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks

WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 148 Broadway.

Chesapeake and Ohio Railway

SCENIC ROUTE TO THE WEST

Two Fast Vestibule Trains With Dining Car Service.

Through Pullman Sleepers to Louisville, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis.

Lv Rich	2:00 p m	6:45 p m	11:00 p m
Ar. Louis	10:00 a m		7:30 p m
Ar. Cin	7:30 a m	10:00 a m	5:00 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:25 n m	6:00 p m	7:10 a m
Ar. St. Louis	5:51 p m	6:10 p m	7:17 p m

Leave Richmond 12:00 N. Week days "Mountain" Special Parlor cars to Hinton, W. Va.

Direct connections for all points West and Northwest.

Quickest and Best Route.

The line to the celebrated mountain resorts of Virginia.

For descriptive matter, schedules and Pullman reservations address

W. O. WARTHEN, D. P. A.,
C. & O. Ry. Co., Richmond, Va.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and itching of the private parts. Sold by druggists, mail 50c and $1.00. Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

THE DES MOINES PLAN OF CITY GOVERNMENT

(Continued from Page 9.)

lic service utilities must be submitted to the voters and receive a majority of those voting thereon before becoming effective.

No officer or employe of the city is permitted to accept or receive, directly or indirectly, any frank, free ticket or free service, or more favorable terms than are granted to the public generally, from any person or corporation holding a public franchise. This provision does not apply to the transportation of policemen and firemen in uniform.

Civil Service Commission.

The charter provides for a civil-service commission of three to be appointed by the Council, one being appointed every two years for a term of six years. Four Councilmen voting in the affirmative may remove for cause any member of the commission. A somewhat unusual oath is administered to each commissioner, this oath being that he will aim to secure and maintain an honest and efficient force, free from partisan distinction or control. Examinations, under such rules and regulations as the Council may prescribe, must be held in April and October, and oftener if deemed necessary, for the purpose of determining the qualifications of the several applicants. These examinations must be practical in order to test the fitness of the persons examined to perform the duties of the position to which they seek appointment. The commission must certify to the Cohncil double the number of persons necessary to fill vacancies, who have the highest standing for the position they seek to fill, and all vacancies coming under civil service must be filled from this certified list. If, however, the list be reduced to less than three for any division, then the Council or the head of the proper department may temporarily fill a vacancy, but not to exceed 30 days.

All officers and employes under civil service are subject to removal by the Council for misconduct or failure to perform their duties; and the chief of police, chief of fire department or the superintendent or foreman in charge of any municipal work may suspend or discharge any subordinate for neglect of duty or disobedience of orders, but shall within 24 hours report such suspension or discharge, with the reason therefor, to the superintendent of his department. The superintendent shall affirm or revoke such discharge or suspension, according to the facts. Either party may within five days after the ruling of the superintendent appeal to the Council for final determination. The Council is given full power to enforce the attendance of witnesses and the production of books and papers. The civil service regulations apply to all appointive officers and employes except those elected by the Council, laborers whose occupation requires no special skill or fitness, election officers, Mayor's secretary and assistant solicitor.

Statement of Receipts.

There is a provision requiring the Council to publish each month in pamphlet form a detailed itemized statement of all receipts and expenditures of the city and a summary of its proceedings duirng the preceding month. A copy of this report must be furnished to the State Library, City Library, the daily newspapers and to all persons who apply at the office of the City Clerk. At the end of each year the Council must cause a full and complete examination of all books and accounts to be made by competent accountants, the result of such examination to be published in the same manner as the monthly statements.

To the people, instead of the Mayor, is given the veto, since the recall, initiative and referendum are to be found in the Des Moines plan. Des Moines, though not the first city to incorporate these provisions, is the first city under the commission form to include them, and her example has been followed by several other cities. Any elective officer is subject to recall when a petition signed by qualified voters equal to 25 per cent. of the entire vote at the preceding general municipal election is filed with the City Clerk. The candidate sought to be removed is to be regarded as a candidate at such recall election, unless he requests otherwise in writing. The Council must order a recall election not less than 30 nor more than 40 days after the City Clerk has submitted the petition. The people can also compel or prevent the passage of any ordinance by means of the initiative and referendum, thus placing officials under the control of the people. If a petition accompanying any ordinance is signed by electors equal to 25 per cent. of the voters for Mayor at the preceding election, the Council must either pass it without alteration within 20 days or call a special election (unless general municipal election occurs within 90 days) for its submission to the people. A petition signed by 10 per cent. of the voters as above will have the same effect except that no special election need be called, but the ordinance must be submitted at the next general municipal election if not passed by the Council.

Method of Repeal.

Ordinances proposed by petition or adopted by a vote of the people cannot be repealed or amended except by a vote of the people. No provision is made in case two contradictory propositions are ratified at the same election, as is done in the Colorado Springs and Berkeley charters. No ordinance, except in case of emergency, passed by the Council can go into effect before the expiration of 10 days, and such ordinance is suspended and must be submitted to a vote of the people if a petition signed by 25 per cent. of the voters, as in case of the initiative, is presented to the Council.

Provision is also made that any city may after a six-year trial return to the old form of government. The Commercial Club says it is the most representative system yet devised, since it places the entire power of government in the hands of the people. It also declares that responsibility is definitely located by placing one member of the Council at the head of each of the departments, thereby doing away with the confusion and irresponsibility which existed under the old system. Furthermore, that the Council will consider the needs of the whole city, rather than the needs of a particular section, since they are elected by the people at large. It may be mentioned that Memphis has incorporated almost bodily the Des Moines provision in regard to civil service and the recall.

JOURNALISM—RELIGION

BY HIGHT C. MOORE

(Continued From Page 9.)

and practice is a transgression of

9. Don't fail to set items religious journalistic propriety.

in their due perspective. Right-of-way will and should be accorded to matter especially germane to the mission and purpose of any journal, as, for example, the building up of a political party; but in the realm of its news and general thought, religion should be accorded its proper place. Why should ten columns be given the story of a harrowing murder and ten lines to the sending of a missionary? A thousand like comparisons might be instituted. The finest achievement of the fine art of journalism is to squeeze out and suppress the vicious and harmful, however thrilling, attractive, newsy, and remunerative, and publish only what is elevating and wholesome. Those who attain unto it will observe the sense of proportion if they do not actually accord supremacy to the spiritual.

10. Don't "cover" all your religious news and views. A special department serves a useful purpose of course; but it is better, certainly in handling news, to let these items and articles appear in the midst of other matter, stand on their own merits as winners of attention impart their flavor to the entire paper, and give a full, symmetrical outlook upon life.

11. Don't ignore and suppress religious matters. Apply, if you will, the test which flies at the mast head of a well known journal, "All the news that's fit to print," that is, "fit" in the sense here intended, and fit as related to the scope of your paper. But he would be on a very Crusoe Island who in our land of churches, Christian institutions and godly homes would close his columns against those things which are nearest and dearest to our people.

12. Finally, don't over-do it. The secular press is to remain secular, and this in the interest of religion. Having a true religious spirit and giving fair treatment to the religious phase of our complex life does not imply the carrying of even a good thing to an extreme. Prospective, not preponderance, is the ideal; efficiency, not effervescence, is desired; intelligence, not ignorance, is to be disseminated. Be true to the secular, but in so doing, be true to the sacred, and you will happily illustrate the ideal truth that there is no line of demarcation between them.

And now, in conclusion, let me say that in these rambling counsels, I feel that I have been simply "carrying coals to Newcastle" and "discussing war in the presence of Hannibal."

For the best illustration I know of, the message I have tried to give is to be found in the secular press of this beloved State, and I am glad, as the editor of a religious paper, to make this statement and bear this tribute.

In this Brotherhood, there is not an atheist, not a skeptic, not a scoffer, not a heretic, not even a higher critic. Your columns are locked against the morally stunted and blunted who would scatter fire-brands and death.

The average North Carolinia editor does not condescendingly patronize church people. He is himself a church member, attending regularly, gives liberally, and not infrequently sings in the choir; teaches a Sunday School class and leads in prayer. What is even better and more difficult, he carries down into his daily tasks, with all their swirl and worry, some of the ozone and outlooks of "Pisgah's Lofty Height" of Sabbath in the sanctuary of services divine. He exhibits a vital, manly, approachable godliness, showing maturity and masculinity in his moral make-up, a unique breadth of view and keenness of perception, a fine discrimination in moral values. He is not an angel nor a saint. He has his Mount of Temptation and his Valley of Humiliation. Not infrequently, he blunders and errs and does mischief, but his errors are eddies in the stream of progress and his candle burns, though it smokes and flickers now and then, it is nevertheless our guide in dark hours, and it is the herald and prophecy of a new, unclouded, endless day.

There at his desk, passing through the daily grind, often wearied and worried, he is living wiser than he thinks, and building better than he knows. Not in vain does he labor, and not unwept shall he die. And so the God-fearing people of our great State, may well say of our editors who have celebrated the nuptials of the sacred and secular, the men of our dailies and weeklies, they of the stifling streets, and they of the far deep country—"Thank God for our editors, and blessings upon them forever more."

FIGHT FOR TWO MILLIONS

For Estate Left By Wealthy Virginian. Details.

New York, June 10.—The legal battle for the $2,000,000 estate left by Benjamin Hart, the self expatriated Virginian, who died in Paris two years ago, began today before Justice Greenbaum in the Supreme Court. The action is one brought by the executor and trustee under the will to have the will declared valid. Opposed to them are Mme Josephine Lucchesi Isabel Hart Guillemin, Hart's adopted daughter and the wife of Jean Guillemin, French minister to Peru and Mrs. Estelle Kitty Hart, divorced wife of the old Virginian.

When the will left by Hart was opened it was found that Mme Guillemin had been left out entirely and that the testator had bequeathed his estate to Mme Antoinette de Bie, of Paris, and his son, Michael Hart. Mme DeBie, it is alleged by the adopted daughter came into Hart's life after he was well along in years and obtained such a control over the old man that she practically dominated his every act.

The divorced wife figures in the case through her contention that the divorce Hart obtained from her was not legal.

Marvelous Discoveries.

mark the wonderful progress of the age. Air flights on heavy machines, telegrams without wires, terrible war inventions to kill men, and that wonder of wonders—Dr. King's New Discovery—to save life when threatened by coughs, colds, lagrippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis, hemorrhage, hay fever and whooping cough or lung trouble. For all bronchial affections it has no equal. It relieves instantly. Its the surest cure. James M. Black, of Asheville, N. C., R. R. No. 4, writes it cured him of an obstinate cough after all other remedies failed. 50c. and $1.00. A trial bottle free. Guaranteed by Robt R. Bellamy.

When You Think

Of the pain which many women experience with every month it makes the gentleness and kindness always associated with womanhood seem to be almost a miracle. While in general no woman rebels against what she regards as a natural necessity there is no woman who would not gladly be free from this recurring period of pain.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription makes weak women strong and sick women well, and gives them freedom from pain. It establishes regularity, subdues inflammation, heals ulceration and cures female weakness.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, *free*. All correspondence strictly private and sacredly confidential. Write without fear and without fee to World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.

If you want a book that tells all about woman's diseases, and how to cure them at home, send 21 one-cent stamps to Dr. Pierce to pay cost of mailing *only*, and he will send you a *free* copy of his great thousand-page illustrated Common Sense Medical Adviser—revised, up-to-date edition, in paper covers. In handsome cloth-binding, 31 stamps.

The BELLE of CAROLINA

Is the Finest Product of the Vine.

It's a rich, dark red wine, light in alcohol, and made from the largest and choicest Flowers Grapes. Its flavor is delightful. Connoiseurs all over the country unite in praising this product of Carolinas' sunny vineyards.

Bear's "Belle of Carolina," served with any informal dinner, adds much to the pleasure of the occasion.

One case containing 12 bottles (5s) will be shipped express prepaid for $7.00. Write for booklet containing Price List and many helpful hints on the selection and serving of wine. All of our goods are guaranteed under the National and State Pure Food Laws.

SOL. BEAR & COMPANY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE

"Atlantic Inn"

Opposite Union Depot.

European Plan.

Most convenient to traveling men. Elegant rooms, good service, personal attention. Our restaurant service satisfies a large number daily. Why not you?

GIESCHEN BROS., Props

Free Sample Aids Old Men

The sudden change from years of activity of both body and mind to the quiet of later years causes the human system to undergo many changes, chief of which is in the digestive organs.

It becomes harder and harder to get the bowels to move promptly and regularly and in consequence many elderly men suffer not only from the basic touble, constipation, but from indigestion, headache, belching, sour stomach, drowsiness after eating and similar annoyances. It is first of all necessary to keep the bowels open and then to tone the digestive muscles so as to get them to again do their work naturally. A violent cathartic or purgative is not only unnecessary but harmful, and something mild will do the work just as well.

After you have got through experimenting with salts and pills and waters of various kinds, and have become convinced that they do only temporary good at best, then try Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, a mild, gentle, pleasant-tasting laxative tonic that is especially adapted to the requirements of old people, women and children, and yet is effective enough for anybody. Your druggist, who has handled it successfully for a quarter of a century, will sell you a bottle for fifty cents or one dollar, but if you want to make a test of it before spending any money send your name and address to Dr. Caldwell and he will gladly send you a sample bottle free of charge.

This remedy is rapidly displacing all other forms of medication for the cure of stomach, liver and bowel trouble, and families like Mr. O. F. Wisher's of Sycamore, Ill., and Mrs. Carrie Culler's of 325 N. Notre Dame street, South Bend, Ind., are now never without it in the house. They have tested it and know its grand value to every member of the family.

Dr. Caldwell personally will be pleased to give you any medical advice you may desire for yourself or family pertaining to the stomach, liver or bowels absolutely free of charge. Explain your case in a letter and he will reply to you in detail. For the free sample simply send your name and address on a postal card or otherwise. For either request the doctor's address is Dr. W. B. Caldwell, R.525 Caldwell building, Monticello, Ill.

WARM SULPHUR SPRINGS

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information. Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

98° TEMPERATURE OF BATH

SMOKE

Cuban Blossom

CIGARS!

WHY ?

Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. Vollers

Wholesale Grocer.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.

Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

SALE OF LAND FOR PARTITION.

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover county, made and entered on the 17th day of May, A. D., in a cause pending in said Court before the clerk of said Court, wherein M. J. Corbett is plaintiff and Julia Gore, Bessie Gore, Milton Gore, W. I. Gore, C. E. Dickinson and wife, Thurber Dickinson and Cuthbert Martin and wife, Bessie Martin, are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner duly appointed by said decree, will expose for sale by public auction, at the Court House door, of New Hanover County, in the City of Wilmington, for cash, to the highest bidder, on Monday the 20th day of June, A. D., 1910 at 12 o'clock M. the following described tract, piece, lot or parcel of land, situate lying and being in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the southwest corner of south Water street and Quince's Alley, and runs thence eastwardly along the southern line of said alley 92 feet, thence southwardly parallel with Front street 26 feet, to the line of a lot (now or formerly) belonging to the estate of N. Nixon, thence westwardly with the line of said lot 27 feet, thence southwardly with the line of said lot 21 feet to Henderson's alley, thence westwardly with said alley 45 feet to south Water street, thence northwardly 47 feet to the beginning, the same being part of lot 2 in Block 151 according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, N. C. The said lot being sold for division. Terms of sale cash.

E. K. BRYAN,
Commissioner.

ma 22 law 4w.

SALE OF LAND FOR PARTITION

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County made and entered at the April term, A. D., 1910 in a cause therein pending wherein Wm. H. Graffin, Wm. H. Graffin, Executor of Richard B. Buck, and Wm. H. Graffin, Trustee, are plaintiffs, and Emma C. Graffin, Frank D. Graffin, Edith B. Graffin, Fred'k L. Graffin and wife, Mary S. Graffin, Laura Ella Buck; Jas. S. Woodside; Safe Deposit & Trust Co., of Baltimore; Executor of Thos. M. Lanahan, Wm. H. Crawford, Administrator of John C. Graffin, Margaret Lanahan, Josephine Reeder, Kate Renshaw and Mary Matilda Carter are defendants, the undersigned Commissioner duly appointed by said Decree, will expose for sale by public auction for cash to the highest bidder at the Court House door in the City of Wilmington, County of New Hanover, on Monday, the 20th day of June, A. D. 1910, at 12 o'clock M. on said day, the following described tracts, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being in the county of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, and some within and some without the corporate limits of the City of Wilmington, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

FIRST TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street one hundred and thirty-two feet (132 ft.) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Taylor streets and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to Brown street, thence southwardly along the line of Brown street six feet (6 ft.) and thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to the western line of Sixth street thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street six (6 ft.) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot three in Block 336.

SECOND TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Love street thirty feet (30 ft.) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Love and Taylor streets, and runs thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft.), and thence southwardly, parallel with the eastern line of Love street, thirty feet (30 ft.) thence westwardly, parallel with Taylor street, seventy-five (75 ft.) to the eastern line of Love street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of Love street thirty feet (30 ft.) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot one in Block 337.

THIRD TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Seventh street thirty feet (30 ft.) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Seventh and Taylor street, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft.) thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft.) thence northwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft.), and thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft.) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots one and two in Block 358.

FOURTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Eighth street ninety feet (90 ft.) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Eighth and Taylor streets, and runs thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street sixty feet (60 ft.), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to McRee street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of McRee street sixty feet (60 ft) and thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft.) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots two and three in Block 338.

FIFTH TRACT: Beginning in the western line of McRee street at a point sixty-six feet (66 ft.) northwardly from the northwest intersection of Nixon and McRee streets, and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Nixon street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northwardly and parallel with McRee street fifty-eight feet (58 ft) thence eastwardly and parallel with Nixon street seventy-five feet (75 ft), and thence southwardly along the western line of McRee street fifty-eight feet (58 ft) to the beginning, same being part of Lot four in Block 338.

SIXTH TRACT: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Taylor and Ninth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the western line of Ninth street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the eastern line of Brooklyn street, thence along the eastern line of Brooklyn street northwardly one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the southern line of Taylor street, and thence along the southern line of Taylor street eastwardly one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 339.

SEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Ninth and Taylor streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Ninth street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street fifty seven feet and five inches (57 ft 5 in.), more or less, to the Hilton line, thence northeastwardly along the Hilton line one hundred and eighty-six feet (186 ft), more or less, to the southern line of Taylor street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Taylor street one hundred and five feet (105 ft), more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 340.

EIGHTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street thirty feet (30 ft) southwestwardly from the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Howard streets, and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to Brown street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Brown street sixty feet (60 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Sixth street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one and two in Block 348.

NINTH TRACT: Beginning in the western line of Sixth street at a point one hundred and twenty feet (120 ft.) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Sixth and Howard streets, and runs thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the eastern line of Brown street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Sixth street, and thence along the western line of Sixth street northwardly thirty feet (30 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots two and three in Block 348.

TENTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft.) northwardly from the northwest intersection of Taylor and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the western line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots four and five in Block 348.

ELEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence along the eastern line of Sixth street southwardly fifty-seven feet (57 ft) thence eastwardly and parallel with the southern line of Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Love street, thence along the western line of Love street northwardly fifty-seven feet (57 ft) to the southern line of Howard street, and thence westwardly along the southern line of Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot one in Block 349.

TWELFTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet northwardly from the northeastern intersection of Taylor and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Sixth street sixty feet (60 ft) and thence westwardly parallel with Taylor street, seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots four and five in Block 349.

THIRTEENTH TRACT: Beginning in the eastern line of Love street thirty feet (30 ft) northwardly from the northeastern intersection of Taylor and Love streets, and runs thence along the eastern line of Love street northwardly ninety feet (90 ft.), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Love street ninety feet (90 ft), and thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, th same being part of Lots four and five in Block 349.

FOURTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Howard and Seventh streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Seventh street thirty feet (60 ft.), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of McRee street, thence along the western line of McRee street northwardly thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots one, two and three in Block 350.

FIFTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the western line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft) southwardly from the southwestern intersection of Eighth and Howard streets, and run thence southwardly along the western line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft), to the eastern line of McRee street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of McRee street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot four in Block 350.

SIXTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of McRee and Taylor streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of McRee street sixty feet (60 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the western line of McRee street sixty feet (60 ft), to the northern line of Taylor street eastwardly seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lot five in Block 350.

SEVENTEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the southwestern intersection of Howard and Ninth streets, and runs thence westwardly along the southern line of Howard street three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence along the eastern line of Eighth street southwardly sixty-six feet (66 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with the southern line of Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the eastern line of Eighth street, thence northwardly along the eastern line of Eighth street one hundred and twenty-nine feet (129 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Eighth street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with the northern line of Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) to the western line of Brooklyn street, thence northeastwardly, crossing Brooklyn street, to the eastern line of Brooklyn street at a point ninety feet (90 ft) northwardly from the northern line of Taylor street, thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Brooklyn street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Taylor street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northwardly and parallel with the western line of Brooklyn street one hundred and seventy feet (270 ft) to the beginning, the same being all of Lots one and three, and part of Lots two, four and five in Block 351.

EIGHTEENTH TRACT: Beginning in the eastern line of Ninth street thirty-three feet (33 ft) southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Howard and Ninth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Ninth street one hundred and sixty-two feet (162 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty-seven feet (157 ft) more or less, to the Hilton line, thence northeastwardly along the Hilton line two hundred and one feet and five inches (201 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the southern line of Howard street, thence westwardly along Howard street to a point one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) east of Ninth street, thence southwardly and parallel with Ninth street thirty-three feet (33 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two and three in Block 352.

NINETEENTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Fifth and Howard streets, and runs thence northwardly along Fifth street about thirty-two feet (32 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad Company, thence southwardly along the line of the said right of way about sixty-five feet (65 ft) more or less, to where the line of the said right of way intersects with the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street fifty-nine feet (50 ft.) more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lot five in Block 358.

TWENTIETH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Smith and Fifth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street one hundred and one feet (101 ft), more or less, to the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad, thence northeastwardly along the line of the said right of way one hundred and seventy-one feet (171 ft), more or less, to where the line of the said right of way intersects with the southern line of Smith street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Smith street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft), more or less, to the beginning, the same being part of Lots one and two in Block 359.

TWENTY-FIRST TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Sixth street two hundred and forty-five feet (245 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Carolina Central Railroad, thence southwestwardly along the line of the said right of way to the eastern line of Fifth street, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Fifth street fifty-two feet (52 ft), more or less, to a point which is thirty feet (30 ft) north of the northeastern intersection of Howard and Fifth streets, thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the western line of Brown street, thence northwardly along the western line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence westwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northwardly and parallel with the western line of Brown street thirty feet (30 ft), thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence northeastwardly to the eastern line of Brown street at a point one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) north of the northeastern intersection of Brown and Howard streets, thence eastwardly and parallel with Howard street sixty feet (60 ft) thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Brown street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft) to the southern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the southn line of Howard street ninety feet (90 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots three, four and five in Block 359.

TWENTY-SECOND TRACT: Beginning at the northeastern intersection of Howard and Sixth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street two hundred and fifty-eight feet (258 ft) and five inches (5 in), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northeastwardly along the line of the said right of way three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft), more or less, to the western line of Seventh street, thence southwardly along the western line of Seventh street two hundred and sixty-one feet and five inches (261 ft. 5 in), more or less, to a point thirty feet (30 ft) north of the northwestern intersection of Seventh and Howard streets, thence westwardly and parallel with the northern line of Howard street seventy-five feet (75 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the western line of Seventh street thirty feet (30 ft) to the northern line of Howard street, thence westwardly along the northern line of Howard street two hundred and fifty-five feet (255 ft) to the beginning, same being part of Lots one, two, three, four and five in Block 360.

TWENTY-THIRD TRACT: Beginning at the northwest intersection of Howard and Eighth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Eighth street two hundred and forty feet (240 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northwestwardly along the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company three hundred and forty feet (340 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Seventh street at a point about thirty-nine feet (39 ft) south from the southeastern intersection of Smith and Seventh streets, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Seventh street about two hundred and thirty-one feet (231 ft) to a point sixty feet (60 ft) north of the northeastern intersection of Howard and Seventh streets, thence eastwardly and parallel with the northern line of Howard street one hundred and fifty feet (150 ft), thence southwardly and parallel with the eastern line of Seventh street sixty feet (60 ft) to the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street one hundred and eighty feet (180 ft), more or less, to the beginning, the same being parts of Lots one and two in Block 348.

TWENTY-FOURTH TRACT: Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Howard and Ninth streets, and runs thence northwardly along the western line of Ninth street one hundred and ninety-two feet and five inches (192 ft. 5 in), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northwestwardly along the line of the said right of way three hundred and forty feet (340 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Eighth street at a point where the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company crosses the eastern line of Eighth street, which is about ninety-three feet and five inches (93 ft. 5 in), more or less, southwardly from the southeastern intersection of Eighth and Smith streets, thence southwardly along the eastern line of Eighth street two hundred and thirty-six feet and five inches (236 ft. 5 in.), more or less, to the northern line of Howard street, thence eastwardly along the northern line of Howard street three hundred and thirty (330 ft) to the beginning, the same being part of Lots two and three and all of four and five in Block 362.

TWENTY-FIFTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Fifth and Ashe streets, and runs thence eastwardly along the southern line of Ashe street three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to the western line of Sixth street, thence southwardly along the western line of Sixth street two hundred and seventy-six feet (276 ft), more or less, to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence southwestwardly along the line of the said right of way to where it intersects with the northern line of Smith street, which is at a point about seventy feet (70 ft) west of the western line of Sixth street, thence westwardly along the northern line of Smith street two hundred and sixty feet (260 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Fifth street, thence orthwardly along the eastern line of Fift street three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to the beginning, the same being all of Lots one, two, three and four and part of Lot five in Block 368.

TWENTY-SIXTH TRACT: Beginning at the southeastern intersection of Ashe and Sixth streets, and runs thence southwardly along the eastern line of Sixth street about two hundred and twelve feet (212 ft) to the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company, thence northeastwardly along the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company to the southern line of Ashe street at a point about one hundred and sixty feet (160 ft) east of Sixth street, thence westwardly along the southern line of Ashe street one hundred and sixty feet (160 ft), more or less, to the eastern line of Sixth street, the beginning, the same being part of Lots one, two, three and four in Block 369.

TWENTY-SEVENTH TRACT: Beginning at low water mark on the eastern branch of the northeast Cape Fear river at a point which is two hundred and ten feet (210 ft) in a direct line southwardly from where the line of the right of way of the Railroad Company intersects said river, which beginning point is at the third corner of the tract of land sold by Graffin to Edward Kidder by deed duly recorded in Book Q. Q. Q. at pg. 579, and runs thence southwardly along low water mark of the Cape Fear river to a point where the northern line of Cape Fear street, were the same continued to the river, would intersect said river at low water mark, thence eastwardly and along the line of Cape Fear street, were the same continued to the river, to the southwest corner of a tract of land sold by Graffin to Chas. A. Lieb and Bernard F. O'Connor, thence northwardly along the western line of the said tract to the line of the tract of land sold by Graffin to Kidder, now known as the Water Works line, thence westwardly along the Water Works line to the beginning, part of said land being in the corporate limits and part being without the corporate limits of the City of Wilmington.

TWENTY-EIGHTH TRACT: Beginning at low water mark on the Cape Fear river at a point where the northern line of Cape Fear street would intersect the said river, were the same laid out according to the plan of the City of Wilmington, runs thence southwardly along low water mark of the Cape Fear river to the line of a tract of land known as the Parsley tract, same being a part of the Hilton tract, and being the northern line of the said Parsley tract as excented from the deed from Jas. F. McRee to Geo. W. Graffin, and runs thence eastwardly and a little southwardly to the northeast corner of said tract, thence southeastwardly along the line of the said tract with its various courses to the southern line of Ashe street, thence along the southern line of Ashe street eastwardly to the western line of the right of way of the Railroad Companies, as described in a deed from Graffin to the Railroads, which point is about one hundred and sixty-five feet (165 ft) westwardly from the western line of Seventh street, thence northeastwardly, and thence northwestwardly along the said right of way to what would be the southern line of Hilton street, were the same laid out and established according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, and which said point is the beginning corner of a tract of land sold by Graffin to Chas. A. Lieb and Bernard F. O'Connor, thence westwardly along the line of the said tract of land to what would be the western line of Sixth street, were the same continued according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, to the southern line of Hilton street, thence along what would be the southern line of Sixth street southwardly three hundred and thirty feet (330 ft) to what would be the northern line of Cape Fear street, were the same laid out and established according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, and thence westwardly along what would be the southern line of Cape Fear street, were the same laid out and established according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington, to low water mark of the Cape Fear river, the same being part of what would be Blocks 405, 403, all of 402, part of 412, 413, 423, all of 414, 424 and part of 415 and 425, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

TWENTY-NINTH TRACT: Beginning at a point in the line of the right of way of the said Railroads, as described in a deed from Graffin to the Railroad Companies, where the southeastern line of the oil mill property intersects said line of right of way, said land being described in a deed from Graffin to Moses Frank recorded in Book B. B. B. at pg 633, and runs thence northwardly thirteen degrees, twenty-five minutes (13d 24') east to the northeastern corner of said tract of land, thence northwestwardly along the northern line of the said tract to the edge of Smith's Creek, thence southwestwardly along the edge of said Creek, and thence northwestwardly along the edge of said creek, and thence northeastwardly along the edge of said creek to a point on the western bank of said Smith's creek opposite what is known as the center of the Cut-off in Smith's creek, thence northeastwardly through the center of said Cut-off to the eastern bank of said Crek opposite the Cut-off, thence northeastwardly along low water mark to the eastern bank of Smith's creek to a point where the said creek turns and begins to run southeastwardly, and thence southeastwardly along what is the western bank of Smith's creek at said point with its various courses to the bridge crossing Smith's creek on the

ADDRESS OF M. L. SHIPMAN

(Continued from Page Nine.)

heaped upon their defenseless heads, has not taken satisfaction on the thought that his troubles, at least, were not complicated by the laudable desire to shoulder those of his friends and neighbors? From the very nature of the case, the county unit is too small an one to permit of the proper mapping of even its own roads. However well the work may be done in the individual county—and there are brilliant examples—it must inevitably, if performed with sole regard for such a unit, not only result in discord and lamentable dissension, but it must also fail of its best opportunity, in scope, in purpose and in progressive economy. What we need, therefore, in these comparatively smaller counties of the West, is a system of road building, declared upon and endorsed by the State, which will aid the county in its work, while at the same time leaving full scope for the exercise of county enterprise and the enlistment of county pride.

Already there is in the State policy towards schools a feature that it seems to me is a direct precedent and justification of the general plan that I have in mind on this road matter. I refer to the fund from which are established the rural school libraries. I have not the figures at hand, nor am I proposing to deal in figures (even a statistician must now and then take a day off in the interest of truth), but we all know the gratifying success and extension which has followed the execution of the policy. In short, the State sets aside a fund, raised by taxation out of the whole people, and says to every school district in the State: "See here, do you want a library in your school? Then go to work and get one. Raise a certain amount and the State will supplement the fund in your district, of the fund collected from the whole people, whether they qualify for libraries or not." We know the result and it took but a superficial knowledge of human nature to forecast it.

The State is dotted with rural libraries, selected by the far-sighted and cultured heads of the educational department, which were purchased by the people with voluntary donation of their means, because they wanted to get the benefit of the State fund. As a result, there have been placed in the hands of the poor the magic means whereby their souls are stirred to rise. Thus have been placed before the wondering eyes of those repining in darkness the radiant visions of the fields of light which they hope to win; there has been held forth to a groping ambition and fettered genius the golden wand or gauge of opportunity and inspiration. Who can measure the volume or gauge the current of the swelling flood of influence for good set in motion by this one simple device, the beauty of which is its utter democracy of operation, its absolute fairness and freedom from centralized charity or patronage. And have we not in the library method and the kindred policy of the State towards the special school tax districts the lesson and the inspration that shall, on a large scale, make feasible practicable and enduring the great and universal system of roads which is to bless our country?

Suppose the State were first to commit itself to a great mountain-to-the-sea turnpike, beginning, say, at Asheville and terminatng at Wilmington? Suppose that to encourage the construction of feeders to this great arterial highway it were to issue its bonds in adequate amount, and deposit them with the State Treasurer to be delivered in proportion to bonds issued by the several counties for roads within their borders, planned and surveyed in accordance with the comprehensive suggestion and advice of an expert and far-seeing highway commission? Would there not be a rush on the part of the people to obtain their proportional benefit of that for whch they would all be proportionately taxed? Would the counties and the people not catch the fever of doing the right thing, as well as seeing the right thing to do while neglecting to do it? It would be "up" to the people. It would be intelligent self-help. It would mark the end of bickering and usher in the era of concerted action. Each county would have its vote, each township would have its say, each citizen would have his voice. The result would be the results of the majority—Vox Populi—making a sober, instead of its too often drunken choice.

No policy such as has been hinted, could, of course, escape two classes of critics who are always with us. We might safely count, I am sure, on the objection of some constitutional lawyers and an objection, on the same ground, from some legal laymen fond of referring to Magna Charta and the Bill of Rights as the "greatest documents ever written." We might also count, to a surety, on the vociferous objections of certain partes at home and elsewhere who, at the mention of bonds for any purpose, are apt to froth at the mouth between loud cries of "Pay as you go," and gasps of "Putting a burden on posterity."

In answer to the constitutional students it might be suggested that State aid to roads is founded on precedents running into and behind the "Dark Ages", and so good that some of the roads that resulted stand today as models after the passage of time so vast that not even hieroglyphics can record its beginning. Also that the Constitution of the United States would be a better working document did the present government do more towards exacting the usefulness out of the "Post Road Clause"; and that of the State certainly contains nothing prohibitory and much out of which the power could be logically construed. While to our friends of the "pay as you go" morality for the people (they without exception are willing to take credit for themselves) might be answered their gasping solicitude for "posterity" in the phrase of that gifted Senator, whose name I do not now recall, who once replied to a similar plaint: "Posterity, Mr. President, what in Hell has posterity ever done for us?" For my part, as to posterity, I believe we can best serve our progeny by serving ourselves; that we can best assure them the opportunity of happiness and prosperity by leaving them a land developed and fit for their hands, and by leaving them, through much development, the means and the culture to appreciate and promote it.

"Posterity"! We are posterity. In charge of it, responsible for it and to it. In the words of the German proverb, "Das Ewig Uns Hinaus"—"the eternal springs from us!" Teach this to our mountain folk, simply, plainly, honestly. Woo them away from their prejudices, fire them against the doctrine of "Let well enough alone" in this campaign for improved highways. Teach them by example, in patience and in charity for faults that are as superficial as the storm soars on their hills, and the good roads movement—the next in order of our progress towards wealth and learning, morality and peace, will find at their hands a response the stronger for its delay and a courage the surer for reflection before battle.

The intimate relationship sustained by the press to all agencies of progress is a sufficient guarantee that it may be relied upon to supply its full quota of the ammunition needed in this educational warfare against ignorance in road construction. The press is always ready to sacrifice any needed proportion of its service on the altar of public good, and is ever ready to encourage measures looking to the development of the country along the lines of morality, education and industrial progress.

HISTORICAL PENDER COUNTY

Mr. E. D. Pearsall Writes Something of Favored North Carolina County—Rich in Tradition and Legend—Possibilities.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Rocky Point, N. C., June 8.—Progressive Pender and historical Rocky Point coming to the front—connected soon with New Hanover county by steel bridge. With a turnpike from Fort Fisher to Greensboro over which during February and March, 1865, General Johnson, with his brave army took their last march to Durham, where they gave up all save honor to conquering General Sherman.

The writer makes no apology for pardonable pride in saying his home is in historical Rocky Point that was first discovered A. D. 1663, by Capt. Hilton (by permission of Sir John Yeamans, Lord proprietor, was on an expedition of exploration up the Northeast river to "see wnat he could see" and spy out) the land. Capt. Hilton landed about dinner time at Lane's Ferry, spread his guns, beads, little brown jug and dinner on a large rock this being on a bend in the river, thus he dubbed the place "Rocky Point"—this is the only original one, for the rock is there yet.

There was a large Indian village near the place inhabited by a small tribe of the Cherokees, known as the "Bur-gaws". Goboni was the chief—he came with the braves and beautiful maidens to dicker with the captain for beads, etc.—and brought Cymblings, cushams, succotash, venison, fish and the dainties of the season, placed them before the captain who in return tickled the palate of old Gobe with the contents of the said jug and got him hilarious. Capt. Hilton like the white man generally does offer beads hatchets and red calico for all the land a skein of silk would reach around. Old Gobe thought that was a wonderful trick and forthwith closed the deal, but was much chagrined when the skein of silk was unwound and took in broad acres of his hunting domains, even including the traditional "Garden of Eden." Old Gobe grinned and bore it with true Indian stoicism. But poor old fellow that little brown jug was his undoing as subsequent events proved.

Forthwith Capt. Hilton hiked himself back and told what a goodly heritage he'd struck. Soon the Ashes, Burgwins, Bloodworths, Claytons, Cowans, (Editor Jas. M's forbears) Colters, deRossets, Davis, Lillington, Merricks, Moores, Meares, Hoopers, Hearnes, McRees, Moseleys, Rutherfords, Swains Walkers, Waddells and many others bought land on the Northeast river built elegant homes—dispensed lavish hospitality—lived like Lords. On these plantations were grown besides the proverbial "Tar, pitch and turpentine", rice, indigo, cotton for export and for home consumption; corn, wheat, "hog and hominy", and all manner of fruits and vegetables. Numbers of these elegant mansions were built near the banks of the river. The one I was most interested with was "Swan's Point", home of John Baptist Ash, which has stone steps from the river to the dwelling, a large ball room, a couple of mounted cannons and avenues of magnolia. The principal amusement according to Dr. Hooper was the dance-fox and hounds with hired boatmen to row visitors up and down the river. The men were gallant in those days, didn't smoke in ladies' faces, nor use slang as now-a-days. Each plantation had its own name of which the slaves were as proud as their masters.

The boundaries of these plantations show to this day with hedges or embankments thrown up surmounted by fences in old English style. The planters didn't raise any "cain" those days. They had much purer food and drank more corn then than now. "Stuff was stuff" then and no "pizen" nor headache in it.

There was no such tommy-rot then as baseball. Neither were "Progressive Euchre, Bridge, Whist nor Set-back" known then. Plenty of rational amusements without those things. There are numerous descendants of the owners of those old plantations that might be mentioned. Prominent among them are Capt. J. Alvis Walker, son of Major John Walker, nephew of Major "Jack" Walker of Revolutionary fame. An officer of First Continental line, who owned Green Hill, Moorefields, and other large landed estates on Rocky Point. Major Walker was a member of Washington's staff and was also colonel of New Hanover militia.

The old Geo. Moore road to Masonboro yet shows in New Hanover, east of A. C. L. and is a model for road builders to copy.

Tradition has it that Capt. Moore was an excise officer, a sort of tax collector under the Britsh crown. After collecting a lot of pounds shillings and pence he "grafted" on to it, built him a fort (that shows to this day) erected cannons and defied the British authorities. I can't say that it was true but he was an immense pater familias, 28 children only, of course that is enough to make a man grow desperate. Especially if they are as bad as now-a-days.

Between "Moorefields" and the Northeast river on lands that can't be worn out and for fertility are not surpassed, lie "The Vats", Clayton Hall, the home of Col. Sam Ashe, (forbear of Capt. Sam A.) Green Hall, home of Gen. John Ashe of Stamp Act fame; Moseley Hall, owned by Col. Sampson Moseley; "The Nick" home of Gov. Sam Ashe, who is buried there; "Bow Lands" owned by Col. John Rutherford, a Scotchman, who afterwards became a Loyalist and left America. His home was on Clayton Creek, and from the dining room window fish could be caught on the rise of the tide for supper. Mr. Wm. G. Rutherford (a Scotch Laird) formerly of Bowlands, Scotland, but now of New Zealand, recently paid a visit to the scene of his forbears' home. Your scribe was with him and he was looking for the ancestral vaults and found them. He has since written me "I was guided by superhuman effort to the grave of my great-grandparents and found the heaps of stone with trees growing on them. I wish a photo made. That will be most pathetic, I will call it "Sic Gloria Transit Mundi," thus pass the glorious things of this world. What a story is wrapped up in those two heaps of stones? I must thank you for one of the interesting trips of my life. I can never forget it; a strong dose of concentrated history and also one of the most beautiful bits of scenery imaginable. The Northeast river and those old plantations, what a pity those old liveried boatmen (slaves) were not there to row us down the beautiful historic river." Faithfully,

E. D. PEARSALL.

P. S.—I am indebted to Capt. Sam Ashe and Col. A. M. Waddell for their historical information. Of course with a little of the "figurative" thrown in.

UP TO OLD TRICKS.

Carlisle Crowd Would Have Sent Legislative Lobby.

The following advertisement appearing in a New York newspaper of recent date will be read with interest in view of recent deevlopments in the North Carolina bond matter:

NORTH CAROLINA STATE BONDS.
Consolidated and Special Tax Issues.

The Governor of North Carolina has called an extra session of the Legislature for June 14th inst., for the purpose of considering the emergency resulting from the inability of the Treasurer to sell the recent proposed issue of State bonds.

This Committee, and the Corporation of Foreign Bondholders of London, are favorable to the adjustment of the entire North Carolina debt, including all issues of her securities that were executed by the officials of the State, were sold in the public markets and are listed on the New York Stock Exchange.

With the co-operation of all her bondholders and the subsequent restoration of her credit, North Carolina should be enabled to raise the funds needed for the adjustment of her indebtedness and for the other financial requirements indicated by her public officials.

Therefore, it is desirable that the holders should be represented during the coming session of the General Assembly. Holders of Consolidated bonds are requested to send their names and addresses to the office of this Committee, Room 718, 25 Broad St. Deposits of Special Tax Bonds should be made with the United States Trust Company, 45 Wall St., on or before June 15th, inst.

JOHN G. CARLISLE,
HENRY H. MELVILLE,
L. E. WHICHER,
Committee.

EDWARD L. ANDREWS, Counsel.

Foley's Kidney Remedy may be given to children with admirable results. It does away with bed wetting, and is also recommended for use after measles and scarlet fever.—Robert R. Bellamy.

We Treat You 30 Days FREE

Blood Poison can never be cured with mercury or potash. You might as well know this first as last. Medical authorities say so. The most these drugs can do is to drive the blood poison back into the system and smother it for several years. Then when you think you are cured, pitiful mercury symptoms will break out, and you find that your bones have been rotting all the while. Your teeth will begin to loosen and your tissues, glands, brain and vital organs will show the terrible destructive power of the mercury and potash. Locomotor Ataxia, Paralysis, Imbecility and Premature Death are then almost inevitable. Any medical authority will corroborate these statements. The remarkable vegetable Obbac Treatment does not drive in the

Blood Poison

but drives it **out.** It positively contains no mineral poisons whatever, so that once cured by the Obbac Treatment you never run the terrible risk of having your bones soften, your nerves collapse, your teeth fall out, your kidneys degenerate or your brain weaken. The Obbac Treatment is a marvel, producing remarkable changes in only 30 days. This is why we offer to any blood poison victim living, no matter how bad a case, a

30-Day Treatment FREE

You want to be cured and cured quick—not poisoned with mercury and potash for years. A 30-Day Treatment is yours for the asking. You will open your eyes at what it will do for you in a month. We treat you free for a month. Just write to us and get the treatment free. Then if you are satisfied it is the most remarkable treatment you ever took, you can continue if you wish. Never in your life will you ever again have such an opportunity for a complete cure, as is given you by this

Great Obbac Treatment

This is a square deal. You sign nothing, no notes, make us no promises, except to take the treatment.

The wonderful Wasserman Test, the only blood poison test known to scientists, proves that the body is completely purified by the Obbac Treatment, and that mercury and potash do not cure blood poison. Sit down and write to us, giving a full history of your case in detail. We will treat your letter as a sacred confidence. Consultation and advice free. We will send you also the remarkable book, "Driving Out Blood Poison" free.

THE OBBAC CO.
2771 Rector Bldg., Chicago, Illinois.

Hard Work—"Spring Fever" Weather

Weariness and thirst follow. "Bracers" won't do—there's a come back. Water doesn't satisfy—it's not "wet" enough.

Drink Coca-Cola

It refreshes mentally and physically—relieves fatigue and quenches the thirst. Wholesome as the purest water and lots nicer to drink.

DELICIOUS — REFRESHING
THIRST-QUENCHING

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THE COCA-COLA CO.
Atlanta, Ga.

Send for our interesting booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola" 2-B

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

LINCOLN LITHIA WATER LINCOLN LITHIA WATER

"Bottled at the Spring."

Lincoln Lithia Inn open to guests May 15th to October 1st. Literature upon request.

Its Action on Uric Acid Calculi--Stone in the Bladder.

DR. WM. J. LOVE, of Wilmington, N. C., says: "About seven years ago a young gentleman of this city consulted me in consequence of the passage of Lithic Acid Calculi. I ordered **LINCOLN LITHIA WATER.** Since his last attack, some three years since, he has used the water freely and continuously without a recurrence of the disease. It seems to have acted beneficially in several instances in my practice, and I am in the habit of recommending it in suitable cases."

Case of Mr. Wm. Marshall, Supt. Edge Moore Iron Co., Wilmington, Del.:

MR. MARSHALL says: "Several years ago I suffered exceedingly from the passage of Lithic Acid Calculi. A friend recommended the use of **LINCOLN LITHIA WATER** and, acting upon his suggestion, I gave the water a trial. The result obtained was eminently satisfactory, and I have been using it freely ever since, and thus far have not experienced a recurrence of the disease."

Mr. Wm. W. Lobdell, President Lobdell Car Wheel Co., Says:

"When I recommended the water to Mr. Marshall he had but partially recovered from a severe attack of the trouble he refers to and was quite reduced in flesh. His appearance indicated he had suffered severely. He is now stout and hearty, and informs me has not had a day's sickness since he commenced taking the water.

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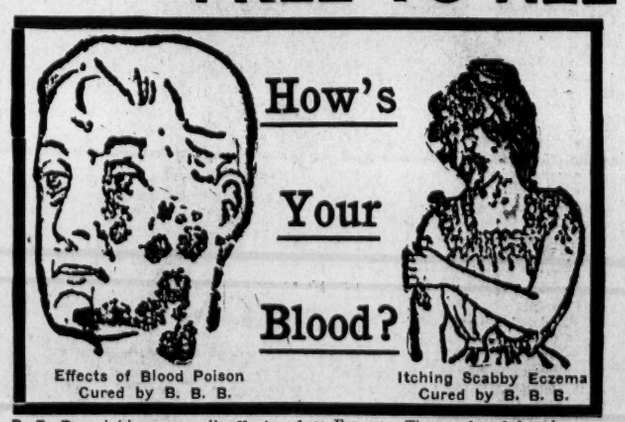

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